UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
MAY 21 1945
LIBRARY

**The Weather**
Today—Showers and cooler Wednesday.
Yesterday—High, 85; low, 62.
Fuel-oil consumption to date, 92 per cent of yearly allotment.

# The Washington Post

Single Copy Price 5c

NO. 25,171 — Entered as Second Class Matter, Postoffice, Washington, D. C. — Copyright, 1945, by The Washington Post. — WASHINGTON: WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1945 — CITY ZONE Daily and Sunday CARRIER DELIVERY $1.10 Per Month Daily Only .85 per Mo.—Sun. Only .45 per Mo. SINGLE COPY PRICE Daily 5c Sunday 10c

# Loser at Jimmy's Gets $30,000 Verdict

## Yanks Cross Asato, Drive Almost to Naha's Center

### Western Anchor of Tough Okinawa Line Cracks; Shuri Under 2-Fold Attack

Guam, (Wednesday), May 15 (U.P.).—United States Sixth Division Marines, cracking the western anchor of the Okinawa line, swept across the Asato River yesterday and smashed to within half a mile of the center of the rubbled capital city of Naha in fierce hand to hand fighting.

Maj. Gen. Lemuel C. Shepherd, jr.'s Leathernecks shattered the river line despite heavy mortar and machinegun fire and battled about 500 yards beyond into the main section of Naha and within a little less than 2 miles of the last Japanese airfield on Okinawa.

The elaborate defense line stretched across the 5-mile southern waist of the island—similar to the Germans' Gustav Line before Cassino in Italy—was crumbling under the onslaughts of four Marine and Army divisions backed by the guns of battleships and cruisers and the bombs and bullets of warplanes.

**Struggle Nearing End**

Front dispatches indicated the bloody struggle which began Easter Sunday and built up to a pitch of ferocity equal to that of Iwo was nearing an end, although it was certain the remaining 30,000 to 40,000 Japanese of a garrison once estimated at 80,000 would fight to the death.

On the eastern end of the front, Maj. Gen. James L. Bradley's Ninety-sixth Army Division veterans of

See OKINAWA, Page 2, Column 5

### *25 Battleship Hits Bounce Off 'Castle'*

London, May 15 (U.P.).—Inside Shuri on Okinawa, battleship guns were marking a huge gray-stone barracks building which dispatches said today resembled the Cassino Abbey of the Italian campaign. The doughboys nicknamed the building "Shuri Castle."

Twenty-five direct hits were scored on the building by the battlewagons, but dispatches said the shots bounced off the massive structure like rubber balls. It was believed that the Japanese headquarters were in the castle and that the whole Japanese defense line was centered on it.

## *200 B-29s Join Force of 2000 Every Month*

**BULLETIN**

Guam, (Wednesday), May 16 (U.P.).—Airfield installations at Kokobu, Kanoya, Thiran and Kagoshima on Kyushu Island were bombed by carrier aircraft of the Pacific Fleet Saturday night, it was officially confirmed today.

The strikes were continued Sunday and Monday by the carrier planes which battered other areas of Kyushu and Shikoku Islands.

The planes destroyed 71 enemy aircraft during the two days in air combat, destroyed 93 and damaged 108 on the ground. An additional 73 planes were hit with unobserved results. Four locomotives, a chemical plant, and rail stations were destroyed in the heavy attack.

America has produced more than 2000 B-29 Superfortresses and the huge bombers are now coming off the assembly line at a rate in excess of 200 a month, Production Chief J. A. Krug revealed yesterday.

He said Japan can expect even greater raids in the future than the 500-plane attack this week.

**U. S. Pacific Chiefs Confer**

Guam, May 15 (U.P.).—Lieut. Gen. Barney M. Giles, new commander of Army Air Forces in the Pacific areas, has returned from a conference with Gen. Douglas MacArthur and Gen. George C. Kenney, commander of the southwest Pacific air forces, it was disclosed today as air experts studied photographs of the damage wrought in Nagoya by the heaviest Superfortress raid of the war.

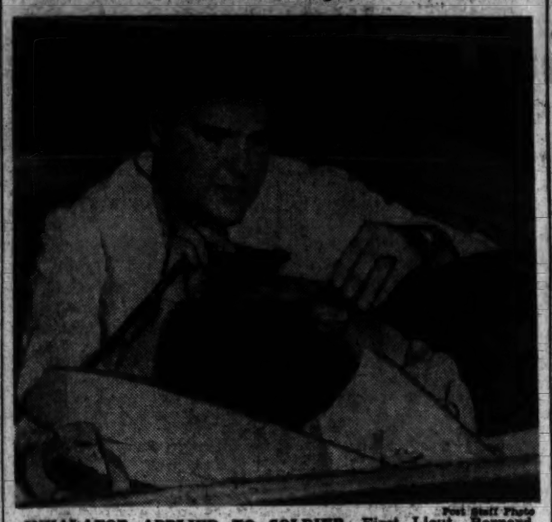
The meeting was held in Manila. There was no indication of what what was discussed but the meeting came as the tempo of the Pacific war was stepped up.

Bomber command headquarters here said that damage estimates of Monday's 500-plane raid on Na-

See FORTS, Page 2, Column 2

**Party's End**

## *Leaking Gas Kills One Officer, Overcomes Second, 2 Women*



Post Staff Photo

INHALATOR APPLIED TO SOLDIER—First Lieut. Bernard Tromblay, 25, of the airborne infantry stationed at Camp Mackall, N. C., one of four found overcome by gas in an apartment at 2500 Q st. nw., is treated with an inhalator in an ambulance in front of the apartment house. One of the four, another officer, was killed by asphyxiation

## U. S. Proposes Bill of Rights For World

### Stettinius Would Draft Model for All Nations to Consider

San Francisco, May 15 (A.P.).—Secretary of State Stettinius proposed today that drafting of an international bill of rights based on the four freedoms become the first task of a new world organization of United Nations.

At a news conference, the leader of the American delegation declared that the issue of human rights may well be the most important raised in the San Francisco Conference.

It was the first pronouncement since Soviet Foreign Commissar Molotov spoke of this question more than a week ago. Stettinius voiced the opinion that the economic and social council of the new league should act to establish standards for freedom of speech, freedom of religion, freedom from want and freedom from fear.

Explaining that the Big Four had agreed that the enumeration of individual and collective human rights could not be attempted at this Conference, Stettinius said a "commission on human rights" under a social and economic council should draft a code which could be accepted by member nations and made "an integral part of their own systems of law."

Stettinius simultaneously reaffirmed the American position in favor of giving dependent peoples self-government when they are ready for it.

The Secretary of State met the press as the Big Five powers—Russia, Britain, China, France and the United States—tried offstage for agreements that would cross the trusteeship and regional security issues off the list of conference problems. But they had to wait for guidance from London and Moscow for the British and Soviet delegations.

Stettinius used the interval for another consultation with Latin American foreign ministers on the question of blending a Pan-American security plan into a world peace-keeping organization.

Conference committees, clogged with scores of proposed amendments to a world charter for peace,

See SECURITY, Page 2, Column 1

### Stove Flame Believed Extinguished When Coffee Boiled Over

An Army lieutenant was found dead and two women and another Army lieutenant were in critical condition yesterday after they were overcome by gas from a kitchen stove during a party in an apartment at 2500 Q st. nw. late Monday night.

Members of the fire rescue squad were unable to revive Second Lieut. Justice N. Worthington, 32, who was found about 10 a. m. yesterday crumpled on the bathroom floor of the tiny apartment. He was pronounced dead at the scene by an Emergency Hospital staff doctor.

Still unconscious last night were First Lieut. Bernard J. Tromblay, 32; Mrs. Frances J. Hagans, 33, in whose apartment the accident occurred, and Mrs. Lois B. Guerry, 47, of 2615 4th st. ne.

**Taken to Walter Reed**

Lieutenant Tromblay was sprawled on a sofa in the living room. Fire rescue squad members applied artificial respiration for more than an hour before he was removed to Emergency Hospital. He was later transferred to Walter Reed Hospital, where his condition was described as "extremely serious."

Both Mrs. Hagans and Mrs. Guerry, one of whom had collapsed on the studio couch and the other on the living room floor, were admitted to Emergency Hospital.

The quartet was found by Mrs. Harriett Benson, manager of the apartment house, who entered the apartment with a pass key after a maid, Flossie Logan, Negro, reported the odor of gas in the hallway.

Police said a pot of coffee apparently had boiled over, extinguishing the gas flame and that the fumes were not heavy enough to be detected before they took effect. Two whiskey bottles, one empty and the other about one-third full, were found in the kitchenette.

Both officers were on furlough from the Regional Hospital at Fort Bragg, N. C., according to Army officials. At one time they were stationed as paratroopers at Camp McKall, N. C. Lieut. Tromblay was wearing a heavy brace for a back injury, police said.

Lieutenant Worthington's wife, Mrs. Dorothy Worthington, lives in St. Louis, Mo., and Lieutenant Tromblay's mother, Mrs. Olive Tromblay, lives in Saginaw, Mich., Army records show.

**4 Billions in Nation**

## 'E' Bond Sales in Washington Hit $12,000,000, 25% of Goal

Washington joined the Nation yesterday with a simultaneous announcement that 25 per cent of the Series E quota, 48 million dollars locally, four billions nationally, had been reached in the Mighty Seventh War Loan Drive.

Ted R. Gamble, overall chairman of the War Finance Committee, and Wilmer J. Waller, D. C. chairman, both reported "complete satisfaction" at the first few days of the drive with the small Series E bond sales.

The Series E bonds sold, however, $12,300,000 locally, and 991 million nationally, include payroll savings that have been cumulative since that phase of the Mighty Seventh began April 9, they said. Corporation purchases have not yet been announced.

Meanwhile, two statements were received from European military commanders asking Americans at home to "uphold the fighting men on the battlefield."

Gen. Mark W. Clark, commanding general, Fifteenth Army Group in Italy, declared:

"American soldiers in the Fifteenth Army Group embody the might of our country on the battlefield. It is up to Americans at home to uphold them by putting the Nation's full dollar might behind the Seventh War Loan. Every American citizen is in honor bound to assure that this loan goes over the top."

From Gen. Courtney H. Hodges, commanding general of the First Army, came this statement:

"We can no more win this war without the help of war bonds than without bullets. The bond buyer

See FUND, Page 4, Column 6

## Truman Ties Tax Cut to Jap Defeat

### Bonds of 85,000,000 Citizens Require U.S. To Keep Rates Until Then, President Says

President Truman warned the Nation yesterday there can be no reduction in taxes until Japan is crushed.

In a voice harsh with emphasis he pointed out that the United States must make its obligations good—to 85 million of individual holders of war bonds—and that the only way to do it is through taxes.

The President gave his views on the t ax situation at a press conference when he was asked to comment on a five-year plan of gradual reductions suggested by Chairman Walter F. George (D., Ga.) of the Senate Finance Committee.

While Mr. Truman did not elaborate, Government financial experts already have asserted that with the national debt at 236 billion dollars and the Japanese war still to finance, tax cuts would jeopardize the Nation's fiscal structure and internal economy.

Senator George said he did not share the President's views. It is his opinion that some reduction in rates should be made effective in 1946 to stimulate reconversion of war industries to non-war production.

"Of course," he declared, "there can be no drastic reduction until we get out of the war, but we can make some adjustments which would aid reconversion."

After the press conference Mr. Truman outlined his views to Chairman Robert L. Doughton (D., N. C.) of the House Ways and Means Committee. He declined to comment on the President's statement to reporters, but said he personally favored the five point program agreed upon last week by the Joint Congressional Committee on Taxation and Treasury officials. This does not call for any cut in tax rates, but otherwise provides for easing some burdens of business.

Doughton declared he did not personally subscribe as yet to the five year graduated reduction program outlined by Senator George.

## *U. S. Subs Sink 9 More Jap Ships; War Total 1128*

Nine more enemy ships, including five combatant vessels, have been sunk by U. S. submarines in Far Eastern waters, the Navy announced yesterday.

Combatant craft claimed in the latest toll included a destroyer, two small escort vessels, and two patrol vessels.

Noncombatant vessels included a large tanker, a medium cargo vessel and two small cargo vessels.

The announcement raised to 1128 the total Japanese vessels of all types sunk by United States submarines since the start of the war, including 131 combatant ships and 997 noncombatants.

## Occupation Pact With Tito Cited

### Marshal Agreed to Allied Control of Italy in February; Troops Are Ready

London, May 15 (U.P.).—American and British officials, anticipating future disputes over control of Trieste and the Istrian Peninsula, concluded an agreement with Yugoslav Marshal Tito in February providing for the Western powers to occupy all Italian territory, A British Foreign Office spokesman said today.

The spokesman also confirmed that the U. S. and Britain had dispatched firm notes to Tito setting forth the Allied view that "the whole of Italy must be under Alexander" (Field Marshal Sir Harold Alexander, Mediterranean commander in chief.

**Ready to Move In**

Rome dispatches said that Allied Military Government officials of the Eighth Army were ready to move into Trieste as soon as Tito complies with terms of the notes.

A Mediterranean communique on May 2 announced that New Zealand units of the Eighth Army had captured Trieste. At that time, Tito's Partisans occupied a portion of the important port city and they have continued to hold all administrative buildings since then. The Eighth has controlled only the port area.

A civil government unit, which will take over administration of the area following the period of military occupation, has been established in Venice under British Brig. D. K. Dunlop. This phase of government, which will function under the Allied Control Commission in Italy, will have jurisdiction over the 12-province region which includes the disputed Provinces of Pola, Trieste and Gorizia.

**"Liberated" on May 1**

The Italian Committee of National Liberation for Trieste contends that Italian Partisans obtained a cease-fire order from 600 Germans remaining in the city on April 30. On the same night the Partisans were negotiating with the Germans for surrender of the city.

The Italians said they were unable to announce that they were in control of the city because the Trieste radio had been knocked out in the fighting.

The next day, they say, 200 of Tito's Partisans marched into Trieste and immediately sent a courier back saying Trieste had been liberated. Other Yugoslav Partisans arrived in large numbers and took over administrative buildings and arrested the Italian Partisans.

### *Annexation Plan Denied*

Paris, May 15 (U.P.).—The French Foreign Office denied today that France planned to annex Italian territory in the border areas of Piedmont and the Riviera.

A foreign office spokesman pointed out that at the time of the resumption of Franco-Italian relations several months ago, France

See TRIESTE, Page 2, Column 1

**Last Saw Him in Berlin**

## *Hitler Gave Up Hope April 22, Confidential Secretary Says*

Obersalzburg, Germany, May 15 (INS).—Adolf Hitler's will to resist broke down completely in Berlin on April 22, his confidential secretary said today, and the Fuehrer kept repeating "All is lost" as he insisted melodramatically he would remain in the capital to the last.

The secretary, Gerhardt Herrgesell, related that he and some others of Hitler's entourage had left the Fuehrer and his mistress, Eva Braun, in a two-story-deep bunker beneath the Berlin chancellery late that evening and flew to Berchtesgaden.

Herrgesell, now a prisoner in American hands, could not shed light on the mystery of whether Hitler actually died in his underground quarters after that last Sunday he had seen the Fuehrer. But the German stenographer, who holds a law degree and the title of judge, expressed the belief Hitler and Fraulein Braun either died or disappeared days before May 1.

The fuehrer's death had been announced by Grand Admiral Karl Doenitz as having occurred May 1 as Russian troops closed in on the chancellery. The bodies of Hitler and his mistress, Herrgesell conjectured, may have been sealed up in subterranean vaults or blown to pieces, possibly after the fuehrer killed Eva and then himself, if they were not done to death by other Nazis.

During the last days of Berlin, the secretary said, Hitler reiterated a vow that the Russians would never find his body.

Herrgesell, one of the two confidential secretaries who took notes on Hitler's most intimate conferences, pictured the once-domineering fuehrer as a ranting maniac suffering from a persecution complex and professing the role of a Wagnerian martyr forsaken by all.

He said Hitler "quit stone cold" on that April 22, rejecting the pleas of his aides that he go with them to the Bavarian "national redoubt" for continued resistance. He quoted Hitler as abjectly muttering that further opposition to the Allies would be "senseless."

The Fuehrer's aides, Herrgesell continued, played their final card by having Propaganda Minister Joseph Goebbels come to the underground bunker and try to shake Hitler out of his deranged mood.

Goebbels, the secretary said, proposed that the German Twelfth Army group be ordered to turn its back on the U. S. Ninth Army and come to Berlin to fight the Russians, but Hitler said he "didn't care" what happened.

Up until April 22, Herrgesell recounted, Hitler had forbidden any of his entourage even to hint at Germany's loss of the war. But suddenly on that day the Fuehrer

See HITLER, Page 2, Column 4

**Not at San Francisco**

## *Churchill, Truman Hope Stalin Will Meet With Them Soon*

### President Reveals That He Discussed Plans With Eden

By James E. Chinn

Hope was expressed by President Truman yesterday that he soon would be sitting at a conference table with Prime Minister Churchill and Marshal Stalin, discussing the coming peace program.

The President said he did not know when or where the Big Three might get together, but he was certain it would not be where rumor has placed such a meeting—in San Francisco before the windup of the United Nations Conference.

Mr. Truman revealed he had discussed plans for a Big Three conference Monday with Anthony Eden, British foreign secretary.

The President disclosed his hope for a meeting with Churchill and Stalin at a press conference, and he made it clear if the conference taes place, only the Big Three would be there. He did this in answering a question whether an invitation would be extended to Gen. Charles de Gaulle, head of the pro-

See TRUMAN, Page 14, Column 1

### Prime Minister Tells Commons Europe Is In 'Frightful' Chaos

London, May 15 (A.P.).—Prime Minister Churchill told Commons today he hoped to have a meeting soon with President Truman and Premier Stalin and sidestepped a direct answer on whether he believes Hitler is dead.

Asked if a Big Three meeting was planned in the near future, Churchill replied, amid laughter:

"I devoutly hope so. It would be very odd if such a long, fierce war ended without any settlement even among the victors."

An effort by members to pin the Prime Minister down on the question of Hitler's reported death brought the cautious observation:

"I really do not feel that any particular duty lies upon me to make guesses. When we have anything particular, I shall be quite ready to announce it. In the meantime, I must say I incline to the general opinion."

The Germans announced that the Fuehrer died in the ruins of Berlin, and, though the victorious Russians have not identified his body,

See CHURCHILL, Page 14, Col. 3

## Republicans Cite Scripture In Tariff Fight

### Agree to Extending Pact Year Without Right to Cut Duties

By the Associated Press

On the eve of the first congressional showdown on postwar tariff policy, Republicans yesterday quoted Scripture in their drive against the Administration's proposal for new duty-cutting authority.

The 10 GOP members of the House Ways and Means Committee issued a joint statement solidly opposing a three-year extension and broadening of the Reciprocal Trade Act.

They agreed to support a one-year extension without new tariff cutting powers, on the condition that "in the interim the Congress, upon whom rests the constitutional authority to oppose tariffs and regulate foreign commerce, should work out a system for bi-lateral trade agreements that are genuinely reciprocal."

**Now Ready for Vote**

After long public hearings the committee is ready to vote. Indications now are that two Democrats will join the Republicans and the bill may squeeze through by a one-vote margin.

"The time has come to be realistic, to be forthright, to be American," the Republican statement said. "We say with the Apostle Paul in his Epistle to Timothy, 'but if any one provide not for his own, and especially for those of his own house, he has denied the faith, and is no better than an infidel."

**Outstanding "Isolationists"**

The President, under the Reciprocal Trade Act, which expires June 12, has authority to cut duties 50 per cent under the Hawley-Smoot Act of 1930. The pending legislation would extend the Reciprocal Act for three years and let the President reduce duties up to 50 per cent of the January 1, 1945, rates, in reciprocal pacts with other nations.

## OWI Reversed On German Press Curbs

### Truman Says They'll Apply Only to Nazi Propaganda Efforts

Freedom of the press should be permitted in Germany within limitations consistent with military security, President Truman declared yesterday in support of a program advocated by Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower.

The President's position was interpreted as a reversal of Elmer Davis, director of the Office of War Information.

In a statement read to reporters at a press conference, Mr. Truman said he had been advised that Eisenhower had issued no order barring importation of publications into Germany, and that the general had expressed the opinion that "a free press and a free flow of information and ideas should prevail in Germany in a manner consistent with military security."

"General Eisenhower has emphasized, however," the President declared, "that there can be no restoration of a free German press in Germany until the elimination of Nazi and militarist influence has been completed. We are not going to lose the peace by giving license to racialist pan-Germans, Nazis and militarists so they can misuse democratic rights in order to attack democracy as Hitler did.

"I agree with General Eisenhower."

Davis announced last week that United States and other Allied newspapers and magazines would not be permitted to circulate in Germany. He said the Germans would be given special censored publications.

The President stressed that Davis had acted in good faith when he made the announcement because he believed that such a policy had been agreed upon by military authorities during his meetings with them overseas.

## New Peruvian Consul To U. S. Proud of Past

New Orleans, May 15 (A.P.).—Humberto Fernandez, new consular of the Peruvian Embassy in Washington, declared here today that he was proud of his new post in "the first capital of the world."

**Change of Theaters**

## Eisenhower Hailed as Hero On His London Victory Party

London, May 15 (A.P.).—General Eisenhower came back to London today for a personal belated victory celebration and was given a hero's welcome by cheering throngs.

The surprise visit of the supreme comander and Gen. Omar N. Bradley was not officially announced and no official reason was given.

"This is the general's own private VE-Day celebration," a member of the party told a reporter at a night club where the general went after seeing a musical comedy, "Strike It Again," at the Prince of Wales Theater.

"It's his first night out since before the war," the aide said.

Eisenhower, Bradley and several aides flew here this morning and were joined by a few friends for an evening of relaxation which his official duties kept him from enjoying on the day when most people did their celebrating. With the group was the general's son, Lieut. John Eisenhower.

The general was quickly recognized by the theater audience. At the end of the performance, Sid Field, star of the show, led the audience in thunderous applause for the general.

Eisenhower rose in his box to thank his audience and the cast for "a most wonderful evening."

"I wonder if you people realize what it means to me to be back here among friends," he said, and then drew laughter by adding, "among people whose language I can almost speak."

Dozens of soldiers and civilians shook hands with the beaming general on the way outside the theater where he found thousands

See IKE, Page 14, Column 5

## La Fontaine Held Liable For Losses Of Embezzler

### Loser's Employers Say They'll Drop Their Own Action Against 'Jimmy's'

A Montgomery County jury yesterday afternoon returned a verdict of $30,000 for Harry W. Dilson, 53, Hyattsville, Md., in his suit against James La Fontaine, alleged operator of "Jimmy's Place" in Prince George County, to recover gambling losses of $43,886.52.

Under Maryland law a person can file suit to recover funds lost through gambling without further allegation mentioned in the suit.

The jury made up of 12 farmers and businessmen, deliberated one hour and 10 minutes after a two-day trial in the Circuit Court, Rockville, before Judges Charles Woodward and Stedman Prescott.

Owners of the Capital Service Station, 1765 New York ave. ne., who formerly employed Wilson as their bookkeeper, last night stated they would withdraw a combination suit to recover $44,000, the amount Wilson testified he had embezzled from the firm.

**Faces Sentence**

Wilson, out on a $3500 bond, is now awaiting a District Court sentence on an indictment for embezzlement to which he pleaded guilty two weeks ago in Washington.

Stipulations introduced during the morning session of the trial by counsel for the defense and plaintiff stated that if La Fontaine were asked in court if he owned and operated a gambling establishment, he would refuse to answer. Such a statement is an admission of the fact under Maryland law.

The court granted a motion of F. Barnard Welsh and Robert Peter, defense attorneys, to strike out the testimony of James K. Hughes, lawyer whom Wilson consulted, as a witness in the trial Monday afternoon. Wilson's testimony regarding Joe Bovella, an employe at "Jimmy's Place," were also ordered to be stricken from the court record. The suit originally named Charles Price alleged partner of La Fontaine, but he was exempted from the suit in another motion entered by the defense attorneys.

In his closing remarks to the jury James W. Gill, one of Wilson's attorneys, asked why La Fontaine did not attend the trial.

**Nothing to Gain**

Welsh answered that La Fontaine would gain nothing by his appearance in court. "Your verdict is governed by evidence that Wilson lost $43,000 at 'Jimmy's Place' and there has been nothing in this case but Wilson's word that he lost the money there," Welsh said.

Calling Wilson a "hardened, brazened gambler who knew what he was doing," Welsh told the jury it was dealing with a "smooth, polished crook."

"The people in Prince Georges County, including the sheriff and the State's attorney, think Jimmy's Place is all right—they don't close it up," Welsh declared. At this point, T. Howard Duckett, attorney for Wilson objected. Welsh then said "Some people of Prince Georges County, don't think Jimmy is so bad."

Later Duckett declared "Jimmy's Place is an unfortunate situation. We have no way of getting rid of him." He asserted that whenever the State or County police go there the alleged gambling place is

See GAME, Page 4, Column 4

## Ruthenians Form Regim Seek Union With Reds

London, May 15 (A.P.).—The Czechoslovak press bureau announced tonight that an autonomous government had been formed in the Carpatho-Ukraine (Ruthenia) and was seeking union with Russia.

For the present, the bureau said, this group still is recognizing the authority of the Czechoslovak government, whose leaders already have expressed an amicable agreement could be reached with Moscow in line wit hthe wishes of the population. About 500,000 persons live in the mountainous area.

## Today's Index


| | Pages | | Pages |
|---|---|---|---|
| Crossword | 4 | Leonard Lyons | 7 |
| Death Notices | 8 | Mary Haworth | 12 |
| Drew Pearson | 5 | Marquis Childs | 7 |
| Editorials | 6 | Nelson Bell | 7 |
| Ernest Lindley | 7 | Radio | 13 |
| Federal Diary | 3 | Sports | 10 |
| Financial | 8 | Town Talk | 13 |
| Gallup Poll | 5 | Veterans Guide | 5 |
| Malvina Lindsay | 6 | Women's | 12 |

# Area Man Died Day Reported Missing

**Half Are Wrecks**

## *Allies Find 480 Ships in Nazi Ports*

Paris, May 15 (AP).—Supreme Allied headquarters in a preliminary report today said at least 480 German ships, including the passenger liners Europa and Bremen and two cruisers, had been found in ports surrendered to the Allies and that perhaps half of them were sunk, scuttled or damaged.

The report said 110 warships, ranging from destroyers to gunboats and minesweepers were found in fairly good shape, along with 65 merchant ships of various sizes.

The 49,746-ton Europa was in relatively good shape except for silt but the 51,731-ton Bremen was a total loss.

**Kiel Destruction Heavy**

The 8-inch-gun cruiser Admiral Hipper was found sabotaged at Kiel and the 6-inch-gun cruiser Emden was stranded and burned out. A dozen submarines were found scuttled at Kiel where devastation to dock facilities by Allied bombs was found to be greater than expected.

Thirty-one U-boats were taken intact by the Allies and in addition 16 prefabricated submarines were found on the ways. Nine had been completed but sabotaged. Twenty-one other U-boats were found scuttled or damaged.

In addition to the cruisers, passenger liners and U-boats, the Allies found merchantmen, minesweepers, escort vessels, ferries, landing craft, flak-ships, R-boats, and depot ships—some usable and some not.

The Royal Navy's white ensign or American colors were hoisted over all vessels found in the surrendered harbors.

**Other Paris Usable**

While damage to port installations were found extensive at Kiel, destruction to dock facilities at Bremerhaven, Wesermude, Brunsbuettelkoog, Wilhelmshaven, Luebeck and Cuxhaven was found to be far less than had been expected.

The damage at heavily bombed Hamburg was not as severe as expected although 50 large and medium merchantmen, 19 floating docks and many small vessels were reported sunk. However, a number of deep-water berths were clear.

Harbor works at Bremen were badly damaged but berths for eight Liberty ships were immediately available.

The last previous report on the liner Bremen which made a spectacular dash to Germany at the start of the war was on March 18, 1941, when the Germans said the big liner had been heavily damaged by fire the previous day.

The Berlin report then said "an investigation of the conflagration has not yet been concluded."

### Ship's Torpedoing Costs Life of Arlington Man

*District of Columbia men reported killed through May 15 include: Army, 755; Navy, 140; Marines, 90; Coast Guard, 5. Total, 990. United States casualties reported officially since Pearl Harbor, 972,654.*

S1/c Robert E. Thompson missing since May 3, 1944, when he was lost in a convoy off North Africa, was killed on that day, his parents have been notified. He was on the USS Menges which was torpedoed by a submarine. Seaman Thompson is one of three area men reported killed yesterday by the War and Navy Departments and the next of kin.

Other casualties reported yesterday include one missing in the European area and eight wounded.

KILLED:

..S1/c Robert E. Thompson, 18, son of Mr. and Mrs. Van E. Thompson, 4502 Wilson blvd., Arlington, Va.

..Pfc. Elwood R. Putnam, husband of Mrs. Ellis G. Putnam, Upper Marlboro.

**Pvt. Roland Gilbert White, jr.**, 25, husband of Mrs. Dorothy Brust White, 415 Emerson st. nw.

MISSING:

**Pfc. Abraham Sohn**, husband of Mrs. Sara A. Sohn, formerly of 1650 Harvard st. nw.

WOUNDED:

**Sergt. Lawrence H. Sage**, 22, son of Mr. and Mrs. Blodgett Sage, 3924 2d st. sw.

**Sergt. Geffrard Saxon**, 20, son of Mrs. Mary Saxon, 1710 U st. nw.

**Sergt. Conrad P. Wildensteiner**, 30, son of Mrs. Margaret Wildensteiner, 1712 25th st. se.

**Pfc. James Baker**, nephew of Mrs. Thelma H. Waddy, formerly of 614 Trumbull st. nw.

**Pfc. Philip C. Boyd**, 23, son of Mr. and Mrs. James R. Byrd, 2700 Chain Bridge rd.

**Pfc. Donald E. Finnell**, 19, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Finnell, 38 Longfellow st. nw.

**Pvt. Robert C. Dormitzer**, 20, son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Dormitzer, 400 Evarts st. ne.

**Pvt. Walter S. Pratt**, son of Mrs. Lillie V. Pratt, 624 57th ave., Capitol Heights, Md.

## *Ex-Navy Man Found Guilty Of Espionage*

New York, May 15 (AP).—Laurent H. J. Brackx, 51, former U. S. Navy Reserve lieutenant, was convicte din Federal Court today on charges of engaging in wartime espionage and violation of the censorship code.

The jury of seven women and five men was out just two hours.

Former U. S. Attorney John J. Dowling, defense counsel, after hearing the verdict, moved to set it aside as contrary to "the evidence and to the law." It was denied by Judge Mortimer W. Byers.

Brackx, who will be sentenced May 25, faces a possible death penalty.

Brackx was accused of conspiring with Axis agents in Italy. The government contended that he had told Commander Max Ponzo, chief of Italian naval intelligence, that he would try to get information about radar and airplane construction when he returned to this country in 1941.

Brackx maintained throughout the trial that he only pretended to cooperate with the Axis agents so that he could get his Italian fiancee, Luisetta Gherardi, out of Italy. He testified that he had cooperated with the U. S. Navy on several occasions by furnishing information on foreign shipping while he was employed as harbormaster for the Iraq Petroleum Co. in Tripoli, Syria, in 1938 and 1939.

The defendant was arrested last fall largely, it was said, as the result of information turned over to the FBI by Sergeant Mario Wax, a shipmate of Brackx on a voyage to the United States in June, 1940. Wax and Commander Ponzo were the government's principal witnesses at the two-week trial.

Assistant U. S. Attorney Richard J. Burke also brought out at the trial that the Holland-born naturalized citizen had given a map of the Tripoli port installations to Conrad Dold, second steward of the S. S. Excambion, and who now is serving 10 years for espionage.

## SECURITY

From Page 1

continued a fast pace of day and night sessions. Some were debating issues on which they had argued for days. Some were near votes on important segments of a charter.

In discussing ultimate self-government for dependent countries, Stettinius said:

"There can be no misunderstanding where the United States stands on this issue. As a nation which has been devoted throughout its history to the cause of liberty, the United States will continue to exert its full influence in behalf of the right of all peoples to govern themselves according to their own desires whenever they are prepared and able to assume the responsibility of freedom as well as to enjoy its rights."

Stettinius said the American Government is proud of its record in the Philippines in that respect. He added that a special obligation rests on the large powers to respect the right of self-governments not only in relationships with dependent peoples, but in dealings with small nations.

Listing the four freedoms, Stettinius said they should form the basis for any international code of human rights, adding:

"Freedom of speech, for example, encompasses freedom of the press, freedom of information and freedom of communications.

"Freedom from want encompasses the right to work, the right of social security and the right to opportunity for advancement.

"Freedom from fear encompasses the protection from persecution or discrimination of all men and women, regardless of race, language, religon or sex, and the protection of their equal right to enjoy all other fundamental rights and freedoms."

Stettinius predicted the "charter and structure and procedures of the world organization will provode the means for full consideration of the views and interests of all branches of organized labor and of agriculture and business."

## TRIESTE

From Page 1

publicly stated that she had no territorial designs on Italy.

French troops, a few weeks before the Nazi capitulation, penetrated to a depth of 12 miles into Italy, and Italian-speaking administrators, with all machinery for local government, followed the troops into the territory, indicating that the French planned a long-term stay.

A responsible French source, admitting this, said: "Perhaps there is only a hair-splitting difference between that and annexation but we don't like to use the word 'annexation.'"

## FORTS

From Page 1

goya would not be made until photographic evidence of all destruction is available. It was believed that one-fourth of Nagoya, Japan's great aircraft center has been destroyed.

(Tokyo, heard by the FCC, said the raiders destroyed the 300-year-old Nagoya castle which Emperor Hirohito had given to the city in 1940.

(The enemy also reported that American task forces, which had sent carrier planes against Kyushw, Shikoku and Honshu on Sunday and Monday, had steamed away southward. The raids have not been confirmed by American sources.

(Japan claimed that 15 carrier planes were shot down and more than 10 others damaged, while Japanese suicide planes sank or damaged two aircraft carriers, one battleship and two "unknown type" warships)."

A copy of The Saturday Evening Post serving in its second world war helped while away a few idle moments for Pvt. Harold Poole. Rummaging through a deserted house in France he unearthed a copy of the Post dated Aug. 4, 1917.

## *Yanks Advance on Okinawa*

Associated Press MAP

**HILL AND AIRFIELD SEIZED BY AMERICANS**—United States Marine and Army troops slicing into Japanese-held territory (shaded) on Okinawa, have captured Yonabaru airfield and Conical Hill in the east and are fighting in Naha's suburbs

## D. C. Man Ends Nazi Hangover In Bolzano

By Sid Feder

Bolzano, Italy, May 13 (Delayed) (AP).—The Nazis in this wartime nest of the S. S. have finally learned that the war is over and that Germany has been whipped.

For the last 10 days they have been swaggering around doing about as they pleased, granting the U. S. Eighty-sixth Division "permission" to set up a command post, driving through the streets in powerful cars, fraternizing with civilians or eating in restaurants catering almost exclusively to German soldiers.

But now the honeymoon is over.

**D. C. Colonel Takes Over**

Col. James C. Fry of 4801 Connecticut ave. nw., Washington, D. C., assistant division commander of the Eighty-eighth, took over yesterday as commandant of the town and told the Nazis bluntly they were a defeated army and from now on would be treated as such.

I had written a story last week about what was going on in Bolzanc—headquarters of both SS troopers and the German army—after spending two days looking over the town and listening to our soldiers by the dozen asking: "What the hell's cooking—who won this war?" but the story was stopped.

There has been no official explanation of why the situation was permitted to exist for 10 days after the German surrender in Italy on May 2.

**Retained Headquarters**

Until today Gen. Karl Wolff, head of the SS in Italy and in charge of Gestapo Chieftain Heinrich Himmler's personal staff, and Gen. Heinrich Von Vietinghoff-Scheel, German commander in northern Italy, retained elaborate headquarters here.

The officers and men in their outfits paraded around the streets and had everything just about their own way. The Eighty-eighth was told to keep its hands off.

For at least three nights groups of 15 or 20 local youngsters—obviously holdovers from Hitler's Youth Organization—goosestepped down the main streets in the early evening singing "Hitler Is My Fuehrer" and the "Horst Wessel." It amused the sidewalk watching German soldiers and shocked the GI's.

**Even Printed Paper**

What is more a German paper was printed here for several days after the surrender and our occupation.

Colonel Fry has cleaned up most of the situation now but his broom is still busy.

Wolff has been placed in confinement and was evacuated today, along with most of his staff. The Germans still around have been ordered to keep off the streets unless they have passes signed by Fry's headquarters. The Germans also have been told bluntly they will be thrown in jail for any violations and tried by an American court.

### Tests Show Cows Like Phosphorous in Graze

East Lansing, Mich. (U.P.).—Soil chemists at Michigan State College have discovered that phosphorus in alfalfa is the cream in the coffee for Elsie, the cow.

Four and a half years of tests on 750 Michigan farms showed that cows, almost without exception, chose to graze on phosphorus-treated clover and alfalfa fields, to the neglect of the same roughage grown on untreated areas.

In most instances, researchers found, addition of phosphorus to the soil, increased grain yields and enriched clover meadows to such an extent that from 10 to 30 per cent more livestock could be supported on the same acreage.

### Dog Jumped With Flier

Fort Wayne, Ind. (U.P.).—Two-year-old cocker spaniel, Ace, is back in this country with his master, F/O George Arnold, after both were reported missing in action. The dog and his master had to parachute out of their plane over Germany, when it was shot down. Although Ace's parachute dropped him many yards away from Arnold, the dog found his master and both have been reassigned together again.

## HITLER

From Page 1

himself startled all around him by making that acknowledgment.

That morning, the secretary said, 500 clerks, guards, cooks and minor officials of Hitler's chancellery had been mobilized into "Fuehrer's special escort bodyguard" and sent to the Alexanderplatz. This group was ordere dto block a Soviet breakthrough to the chancellery.

The first of a series of conferences in the underground bunker the nbegan at 12:15 p. m. and lasted until 1:55, according to Herrgesell, who continued:

"From then on to 7:30 p. m. it seeme dthe conferences were endless. During the afternoon I heard Hitler make a vague remark, saying: 'It doesn't make sense to continue any longer. I shall remain here.'

"But since Hitler did not elaborate, his entourage let it pass. . . . By 5 p. m., with the shells pretty audible through the open bunker door, we still hoped we could get packed as it was obvious our last chance to escape was in sight, unless Hitler had a secret means of escape prepared.

"I was plenty scared, but I couldn't do anything but sit tight and take notes."

At 5:30, the secretary related, Hitler told Field Marshal Wilhelm Keitel, chief of the German supreme command; Martin Bormann, deputy Nazi Party chief, and Gen. Alfred Jodl, Hitler's aide-de-camp, that he wished to see them alone.

"He told Bormann to lock the steel door," Herrgesell said. "We two stenographers sat in dead silence . . . and we knew the fatal moment was at hand . . .

"Hitler's left arm, slightly crooked, was trembling. He talked slowly as he sat himself in front of a small map table. He said:

" 'Mein herren: I see that all is lost. I will remain in Berlin. I shall fall here in the Reichschancellery—I can serve the German people best in that way. There is no sense in continuing any longer.' "

Keitel and Borman exploded, Herrgesell said, and tried to outshout each other as they reminded Hitler he had sworn he would fight for the "last scrap of German ground." But Hitler, according to the secretary, waved them aside, declaring:

"That's my decision. I shall stay here. All is lost."

As Keitel and Borman kept sputtering their indignation, Herrgesell said, Hitler banged on the table and shouted:

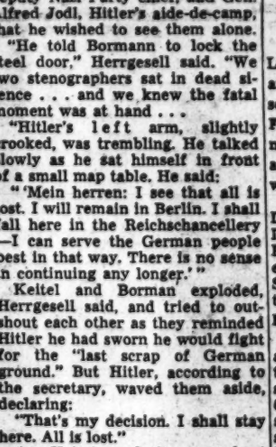
"Be quiet! I do the talking here. . . . You've got to get out. . . . Go to south Germany . . . I stay here. . . . It's all over, anyhow."

Borman, according to the stenographer, refused to depart, telling Hitler that "this would be the first time I have ever disobeyed you."

Jodyl, who had been standing by quietly, suddenly spoke up, Herrgesell said, and told Hitler: "I shall not stay in this mousehole."

"Do what you wish," Hitler was said to have snorted. "It doesn't mean anything to me any more. I don't care what happens. I shall stay here and die."

## *Will Command Eighth Air Force*



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM E. KEPNER,

new commander of the United States Eighth Air Force, succeeding Lieut. Gen. James H. Doolittle, who has been ordered back "for a new assignment"

## HanneganAsks Businessmen's Aid for Party

Robert E. Hannegan, national Democratic chairman, made a straight party bid for the good will of businessmen yesterday and declaired that industry's support of the Administration will help forestall economic depression and cut short Government controls.

The crisis that followed World War I "does not hang over us" now, he said at a meeting of the Advertising Club of Washington. "We don't believe there is anything preordained about such a disastrous postwar pattern—inflation, collapse and unemployment."

The Postmaster General-designate predicted that with passing of the postwar inflation threat, Government policy will "shift . . . toward cooperation and away from control" of industry.

**Says Control Now Necessary**

However, "for our own safety," he added, "as long as war or the critical conditions brought on by war hang over us, we shall have to submit to those controls."

Hannegan explained that he was not speaking as a member of President Truman's Cabinet—not yet having been sworn in as the new Postmaster General. He was introduced by Representative Robert Ramspeck (D., Ga.).

He emphasized, however, that "I know that, second only to victory and lasting peace, the objective closest to President Truman's heart is to see American business make good in its endeavor to keep our people employed and prosperous."

**Cites Truman Overtures**

The President's own good will toward business has already been evidenced, Hannegan said, by his appointment of two business leaders—John M. Snyder as Federal Loan Administrator and Edwin Pauley as his personal representative in handling reparations.

When "new encouragement to risk capital and to business management is needed," he continued, "the Democratic Party can be depended on to meet this need, too."

He added a hope that the Government also will be able to aid business by revising tax schedules to a peacetime basis.

**Sees Gains Retained**

All such changes beneficial to business can be achieved, he thought, "in such a way that the social gains made under a Democratic Administration through the past dozen years will be enhanced and better secured for the American people."

The Ad Club's annual election yesterday reinstated for another term its block of officers including Matt Meyer, president; W. Frank Gatewood, first vice president; Donald M. Bernard, second vice president, and Ernest S. Johnston, treasurer. Directors elected were Edgar Bayol, Carl Burkland, Louis Butler, Tom Griffin, James Rotto, William F. Sigmund and Henry Voss.

## OKINAWA

From Page 1

Leyte, Attu and Kwajalein wheeled around captured Conical Hill, consolidated positions at Yonabaru Field and battled through the northern defenses of the eastern anchor of Yonabaru town, which was under artillery siege.

In the center, Maj. Gen. Andrew D. Bruce's Seventy-seventh Army Division teamed with Maj. Gen. Pedro del Valle's First Marine veterans in a two-pronged attack on Shuri, believed to be the site of the main Japanese headquarters.

**Pinned Down Since Saturday**

The Marines crossed the Asato after having been pinned down on the north bank in the northern outskirts of Naha, once a city of 60,000, since Saturday. Dispatches said the ruined city was alive with snipers and machine-gun nests built in the rubbled buildings but that the Marines were clearing out the enemy in house to house fighting.

The crossing was made at the Takamotoji district and the Devildogs were under almost constant fire. It was not immediately disclosed whether engineers had constructed bridges across the river and its muddy tital flats or whether the Marines went over in assault boats.

The Americans hold four airfields and the Naha field—biggest on the island—has been out of action for weeks because of heavy gunfire and aerial bombings which cratered it. The Devildogs in Naha were now only 8 miles from the extreme southern tip of the island and the Japanese were backed into an area of about 40 square miles with their backs to the sea.

**Gain Near Dakeshi**

The Marines gained 150 yards in the vicinity of Dakeshi, 1000 yards northwest of Shuri, in a drive to seize Japanese-held high ground. Dispatches said reports that Dakeshi had been cleaned out were incorrect and that there were still some Japanese in the by-passed stronghold. The fighting in this area was so fierce that supply trucks could not get through and the Marines were being dropped food and ammunition from Piper Cub planes.

The planes were unable to get through to the Seventy-seventh Division coming in on the northeast, so tanks carried supplies through fire which would have cut down human bearer. The Seventy-seventh was at the foot of Chocolate Drop Hill, about 1500 yards northeast of Shuri, but was meeting heavy enemy fire.

### Remembers the Boys

Louisville, Ky. (U.P.).—Miss Elma Robbert, Louisville, is blind. But she has spent nearly 500 hours knitting for the Red Cross, devoting most of her evenings to making such articles as gloves, sweaters, socks and hemlets for men in the armed forces.

A horse and buggy were parts of the equipment first purchased by the Oklahoma Geological Survey after its establishment in 1899.

**FRESH AIR BATHING**—Flying Officer Gordon Johnston of Surrey pours water over Flying Officer Bernard Weaver of Cheshire in an open-air bath made from an oil drum. The RAF fliers are on duty in Burma.

## *Fists, Knives Pace Battle On Mindanao*

Manila, (Wednesday) May 16 (AP). Fighting so savage that Americans attacked Japanese with bayonets, knives and their fists, with at least two Yanks drowning enemy troops by holding their heads below waters on a river, raged west of Davao city on Mindanao Island today.

The Japanese had fled westward from Davao toward rugged mountains inland but their retreat was slowed by two rivers, the Talamo and Davao, between which the Twenty-fourth Division trapped them.

Meantime, Gen. Douglas MacArthur announced in today's communique that Mindanao was 90 per cent liberated. Mindanao, with 36,906 square miles, is the second largest island in the Philippines.

**Roaring Battle**

The general also said Mindanao's population was 95 per cent liberated. The island probably exceeded 400,000 in population before the war.

On the Davao Gulf Front the Twenty-fourth Division Infantry was locked in a roaring battle with the Japanese.

There were reports that some combatants rolled into the river, where at least two Yanks killed their adversaries by holding their heads under water. The Twenty-fourth's veterans slowly were squeezing the enemy back but the Nipponese were going all out in the savagery of their battling.

So determined are their infiltrations that land mines which the Yanks had unearthed and disarmed were recaptured by the Japanese, rearmed and replanted.

**"Two-Gun" Arlingtonian**

Fighting is raging mostly at the base of hills in the fields of cogon grass, which stands 12 feet high. Pvt. Robert A. Tatton, Stanton, Ky., harrowly missed death when a suicidal Japanese ran beneath his cub plane and blew up himself and the plane in the center of an American position. Corpl. John W. Kelly, Arlington, Va., won the nickname "two-gun" when he used both his carbine and a pistol to explode another suicider strapped with dynamite.

MacArthur said Japanese remaining on Mindanoo have "been largely reduced to the hill masses along the central interior." That would place them chiefly in Bukidnon province, east and south of the 40th Division's recent landing in Macalajar Bay and pincered between the 40th and 31st Infantry Divisions.

The 40th Division, driving south from the Del Monte airdrome center along the nine-foot wide graveled Sayre Highway toward a junction with the 31st Infantry Division about 60 miles away, was meeting stiffer resistance.

Another pocket is west and north of Davado city, pursued into the hill country by the Twenty-fourth Division.

Latest available reports estimated there still were 50,000 Japanese troops on Mindanao.

### Snake Won't Go 'Way

Weldon, Ill. (U.P.).—John Folowell, a railroad section laborer, swears he found a "homing snake" here recently. While at work he came across a 6-foot bull snake and took it home with him. For a few days it was displayed at the grade school and then removed to E. P. Wene's home. The next morning, the reptile was found basking in Folowell's back yard. Taking the snake far down the tracks, he released it, hoping for the best, but in a few days was greeted by a hissing sound near his house—the same snake. Folowell says this time he's going to try the timberland for the home-loving wriggler.

### Sad Parting

Kansas City, Mo. (U.P.).—Mrs. Letha Edwards and Mrs. Myrtle Ochs telephoned the OPA when they discovered a case of catsup on their doorstep recently. The OPA could not explain the found article, but offered to take it off the women's hands. The women replied they didn't see any need to part with the rationed catsup—they just wanted to report it. The matter finally was cleared up when a salesman for a wholesale supply firm appeared and explained he had delivered it to the wrong door—the catsup rightfully belonged to a cafeteria owner, who lived nearby.

The Army service forces shipped 2,600,000 passengers—largely troops—overseas last year.

## U.S. Seizes Nazi In Gas Slaying Of 4,000,000

London, May 15 (U.P.).—The man blamed for the slaughter by gas of four million Europeans—Police Lieut. Gen. Ernst Kaltenbrunner—has been seized by United States troops in Austria, it was reported tonight as London circles seethed over the reported pampering of war criminals and the toleration of the Doenitz "government."

Kaltenbrunner, a shadowy figure known as "a fat man with a singularly unpleasant face," stands under multiple indictments for mass murder by both the United Nations War Crimes Commission and the Soviet counterpart.

As the Allies intensified their search for other prospective war criminals such as Foreign Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop and Labor Minister Robert Ley, the Luxembourg radio reported that the Allies had closed Germany's entire western frontier to prevent their escape.

**Originated Idea**

Seeking a cheap and effective method for the mass execution of Jews and other alleged undesirables, Adolf Hitler, Heinrich Himmler and Kaltenbrunner were said to have agreed on the gas chamber program at a Berlin conference in 1942. Kaltenbrunner, as innovator of the idea, was charged with carrying it out.

British military commentators meanwhile sparred cagily with the question of Adm. Karl Doenitz' government while admitting that British occupation troops had reached Eldensburg, its seat.

In mass surrender, it is necessary to deal with someone who has authority over the surrendering troops, one said, adding that in this case it need not necessarily be Doenitz. Something like six million Germans are milling around and the best method of controlling them is to make use of existing authority until their future is settled.

Amid the storm over press interviews with Hermann Goering and reported coddling of the German air chief, Lord Addison urged in the House of Lords that Goering be placed at once in ordinary prisoners' detention and brought to judgment at the earliest moment.

**Goering High on Crimes List**

London, May 15 (AP).—Reichsmarshal Hermann Goering has had a top priority since last November on the United Nations No. 1 list of war criminals, the War Crimes Commission disclosed today.

The U. S. Seventh Army issued a formal statement today asserting that there "were no handshakes or chicken dinners at headquarters of the Seventh Army" for Goering. Field dispatches at the time of Goering's surrender to the Thirty-sixth Division of the Seventh Army said there were handshakes and that Goering ate the regulation army food for that day, which included chicken. No dispatches referred to such incidents at Seventh Army headquarters.

## *Surrender Of Foe Ended, Russians Say*

London, May 15 (AP).—Moscow announced tonight in a 14-word communique that "the reception of surrendered German officers and men on all fronts has been concluded."

There was no mention of Field Marshal Ferdinand von Schoerner and Col. Gen. Otto Woehler, who commanded the German forces which held out in Czechoslovakia after the official surrender.

## Stigmatized Burmese Army Aided Allies

By Harold Guard

London, May 15 (U.P.).—Authoritative sources disclosed today that the Burmese national army which for three years was under Japanese domination and for three years bore the stigma of "traitor army" actually was working with the Allies in underground cooperation which fooled the enemy completely.

The Japanese counted so heavily on support of the Burmese national army that the enemy trained them shortly after the 1942 invasion of Burma and equipped the army with Japanese weapons. All of this time in deadly secret, the Burmese were actively supporting the Allied cause.

**Story Began in 1942**

The long story—which could not be told until the Burma campaign had ended—began in 1942 when two youthful Burmese approached the British army. These two men explained that when the Japanese invaded their country on January 2, 1942, there was a split between Burma nationalists and leftwing circles. The nationalists believed the Japanese promises of freedom and independence. The leftwingers were convinced that Burma would not benefit from Fascist leanings.

(The Burmese national army worked independently of the traitor Indian army of Subhas Chandra Bose, former Indian political leader who fled to Bangkok with the Japanese when British troops threatened Rangoon.)

The two Burmese claimed to be emissaries of the anti-Japanese circles. They convinced the British of their integrity and on a dark night early in 1944 one of the emissaries landed on the Arakan coast behind Japanese lines and contacted his party leaders.

The major underground planning actually started then, and gained momentum.

**Had to Await Build-up**

Until that time the British military position in Burma had not permitted a large and active underground movement. The loyal Burmese had to bide their time until the British built up forces which launched the successful Burma campaign, culminating with the capture of Rangoon.

The Burma national army carried out its part perfectly, always hoodwinking the Japanese, but always waging a secret war against the enemy.

The movement spread and even influenced the pro-Fascist groups who were further inspired by reports of the role played by the Filipinos in the liberation of the Philippines. In north Burma the hill people—the Kachins and the Chins—were cooperating wholeheartedly with the British.

**Saved Allied Fliers**

The Kachins' and Chins' friendly cooperation saved the lives of hundreds of Allied fliers who parachuted into Japanese-held territory.

The national army was advised by British officers who parachuted into Burma and lived with them in Japanese territory.

The Burmese carried out their deception until the last minute and even held a farewell parade to the Japanese before "departing to defend Burma against the Allies." The Japanese bade them farewell and wished them luck and the Burmese marched out and took up positions against the Japanese along the Irrawaddy.

## *Wac Wins Discharge*

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

T/5 MARGARET A. HAJDUK,

26, of Cadillac, Mich., who was discharged from the Army yesterday at Fort Sheridan, Ill., under the point system. With 27 months of service, 24 overseas, the Wac had 56 points, twelve more than the 44 needed for discharge

**OPENING BOAT TRIP**
**Tonight, May 16th**

MOONLIGHT TRIP TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.
No Moonlight tomorrow night because of special charter. Nightly sailings thereafter at 8:30 P. M. Round Trip, 90c, inc. tax. Children, 45c. Sundays, Holidays, $1, inc. tax. Children, 50c. FREE DANCING.

MOUNT VERNON
First trip, Thurs., May 17, 10 A.M. & 2 P.M.; thereafter, daily sailings at 10 A.M. & 2 P.M. Round trip, 70c plus 30c admission to Mount Vernon. Children, 40c. Children admitted free to Mt. Vernon grounds.

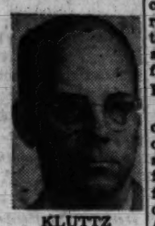
WILSON LINE
7TH STREET WHARVES | NATIONAL 2400

# The Federal Diary

By Jerry Kluttz

### Engineer Corps Orders Survey of Overtime

OVERTIME: War Department employes in the Corps of Engineers have been ordered to keep an accurate account of overtime worked during May, in either the office or at home. Military as well as civilian personnel are covered by the order. Behind the issuance of the memo, it seems, is a belief that the record of paid overtime over the past several months isn't representative of all the excess hours worked. In going over the reports, manpower officials of the Army Service Forces said they "indicate the existence of overstaffing and excessive personnel." This was followed up by a memo to bureau chiefs by Lieut. Col. H. C. Kilpatrick, executive officer of the Corps of Engineers, which said in part: "In order to avoid unwarranted personnel reductions, each director and chief of division must assure that overtime reports are accurate and complete."



KLUTTZ

STORY: The other evening a testimonial dinner was given by Democratic members of Congress for Robert Hannegan, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, who will become Postmaster General on July 1. Senator Kenneth McKellar, president of the Senate, was among those who heaped praise on the guest of honor. In response, Hennegan observed that McKellar was also chairman of the Senate Postoffice Committee, the committee that would be checking up on his work as Postmaster General. And then he added: "From now on I'm a McKellar man."

DIARY NOTES: Herschel F. Johnson has been appointed director of personnel at Treasury's Procurement Division. . . . The Senate Appropriations Committee struck out of the Navy Appropriation bill the House rider which would abolish its labor division. The House took the view that this division duplicated the work of the Labor Department's Conciliation Service. . . . More than 200 Agriculture employes here who have come of age during the past year or who have become citizens will be honored Friday afternoon at a ceremony in the auditorium. . . . Robert Amis, former Labor Department official, is the new director of compliance for the Surplus Property Board. . . . Dr. Luther H. Gulick, an advisor on Government reorganization problems, is a staff member of the Reparations Commission that will leave soon for Moscow.

Five years ago G. R. Dooley was given three months leave from his industrial job to become director of War Manpower's training within industry service. He's still on the job today.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION: Doubtless will be overhauled. President Truman removed all doubts about it yesterday at his press conference. His only qualification was that he had no plans for an immediate shake-up. But he was equally positive that the Veterans' Administration must be modernized, which must be regarded as a slap at the present administrators for their failure to streamline the agency. He recalled that the agency was created after the last war to meet the problems of veterans. This war, he said, had presented different problems, and the agency must be modernized to meet them. The President said flatly that he did not intend to appoint former Senator Bennett Clark of Missouri to head the agency. However, it's reported an excellent authority that several others are under consideration.

PAY BILL: Edgar B. Young of the Budget Bureau, yesterday told the House Civil Service Committee that turnover among Federal workers would drop and the cost of operating the Government would decrease if Congress approves the pay raise bill. The cost of replacing workers who resign, he said, was one of the highest on record. It's estimated that last year the Government had to recruit 1,800,000 people to maintain a staff of 1 million. The cost ran into the billions. Young cited the three major causes of turnover as (1) the draft of male employes by the military; (2) low salaries, and (3) housing conditions. Representative George Miller of California, said the Federal service should be made attractive to hold its employes. Young agreed. In answer to a question by Representative Charles Vursell of Illinois, the budget representative said his agency didn't have the staff to check on charges of overstaffing in Government offices. Vursell said he would like to see a congressional committee set up to make a constant check on it.

Young also revealed that the budget has just about reached the goal set by Senator Byrd of decreasing the Federal service of 200,000 employes. He revealed the Federal service had been reduced by 295,000 white-collar employes since the budget was given the authority to fix ceilings on that type of employe. However, there has been just about a corresponding increase of so-called blue-collar employes over which the budget has no jurisdiction. The Senate pay bill would extend to the budget the authority to fix ceilings over all types of employes. The pay bill was indorsed by both Rear Admiral Frederick Crisp of the Navy Department, and William Kushnick, civilian personnel director of the War Department. The committee plans to close hearings Friday and report out a bill next week.

# Carney Case Argued Before Va. Assembly

Richmond, Va., May 15 (AP).—Arguments of attorneys covering virtually every phase of testimony received in two separate investigations of moral and law enforcement conditions in Norfolk County were presented to the General Assembly, sitting as a committee of the whole today, as it considered seven causes alleged for removal of Judge A. B. Carney of the Norfolk County Circuit Court.

Judge Carney sat at his counsel's table throughout the day-long proceedings, broken only by three recesses and a few questions asked the attorneys by members of the assembly. He smoked cigarettes frequently.

**Evidence Reviewed**

John C. Parker, of Franklin, counsel for the courts of justice committees, reviewed the evidence supporting the charges of misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance in office in a two and one-half hour address, and told the Assembly it was its duty to decide whether Judge Carney should be removed to preserve the integrity of the judiciary.

"This is not a criminal procedure to punish an offender," he said. "It is the people of Virginia met to consider the integrity of the courts. The courts are in your hands."

James C. Martin and W. R. Ashburn, attorneys for the judge, were equally thorough in their review of the investigation and contended there was no cause shown for removal of the judge who, they contended, is shown by the testimony of numerous witnesses to be a man of high character, courage and integrity.

**Wants Retirement**

Martin, discussing a seventh charge of physical inability to perform the duties of his office, which was added yesterday with Judge Carney waiving the required 20 days notice, said Judge Carney was glad to waive the notice because he wanted to be retired as long as he was protected on his retirement salary. He has suffered two strokes of paralysis.

The length of time granted to the attorneys—six hours—drew the hearing out so long today that it appeared improbable that the assembly would adjourn before a late hour tomorrow. There are a number of bills to be considered in addition to a decision on the Carney case.

# WMC Eases Employment Ceilings in Va.

Richmond, Va., May 15 (AP).—Easing of restrictions on the Statewide employment ceiling program as it applies to employers hiring veterans of this war, vacationing students and teachers and workers engaged in part-time or supplemental employment has been announced by the War Manpower Commission of Virginia.

In announcing the amended program, Frank A. Cavedo, State manpower director, said that previously veterans of this war constituted a part of an employer's ceiling when employment in the establishment was at, or below, the maximum number of workers permitted. Now veterans will be totally disregarded in maintaining employment ceilings.

Both teachers and students, he added, will be excluded from an employer's ceiling if it can be determined that htey plan to return to the classrooms this fall and will not become a permanent part of the labor force in the community.

Caveda said that the program, as revised, will apply uniformly to all parts of the State, except in the area served by the Alexandria and Arlington offices of the United States Employment Service, which will continue to apply the program in force in the District of Columbia.

## State GOP Distributes Policy Questionnaires

Baltimore, May 15.—Party policy questionnaires, sent out by the Maryland Federation of Republicans and designed to determine majority opinion on various issues, were in the hands of some 1500 Free State GOP members today.

Questions ranged from participation in world organization and Federal regulation of business to reasons for the loss of the last presidential election.

The current questionnaire is the second to be distributed by the federation recently. The first had to do with the 1946 gubernatorial election and likely candidates for the Republican nomination.

## Md. Wac Wins Legion of Merit

Rome, May 15 (AP).—Corpl. Blanche E. Kerner, 26, Baltimore, WAC, was awarded the Legion of Merit today for exceptional services as a clerk in the escape and evasion section of the U. S. Twelfth Air Force headquarters in Italy.

Corporal Kerner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Weisburg, Baltimore, was the fourth enlisted WAC in the Mediterranean theater to receive this fourth highest military award.

The citation said she initiated a complex filing system relating airmen's escape items, and skillfully conducted the interrogation of returning crew members.

## Lieut. Comdr. Shepherd Is Missing in Action

Charlottesville, Va., May 15 (Spl.).—Lieut. Comdr. John E. Shepherd 3d was reported missing in action in a telegram received yesterday by his mother, Mrs. Lewis Shepherd of this city.

The commander, 27, is a graduate of Lane High School and attended the University of Virginia before entering the Naval Academy at Annapolis, from which he was graduated in 1940.

# Prospective West Point Graduates From Virginia

L. K. TRUSCOTT, *Charlottesville*; J. D. INGHAM, *Bristol*; W. A. JONES, *University*; W. A. JAGIELLO, *Quantico*; W. R. PUGH, *Hampton*; R. E. DINGEMAN, *Fort Monroe*; W. B. TAYLOR, *Norfolk*

N. B. CHASE, *Norfolk*; W. W. COBB, *Suffolk*; R. C. HEARD, *Danville*; R. L. HILLMAN, *Clinchco*; H. M. FINDLAY, *Richmond*; E. S. SAXBY, *Richmond*; R. F. TRIMBLE, *Hot Springs*

All Photos From White Studio, New York.

THE VIRGINIANS pictured above are among 853 cadets at the United States Military Academy who are scheduled to receive commissions and diplomas on June 5

# Freed Md. Chaplain Returns, Tells of Nazi Mistreatment

Cumberland, Md., May 15 (AP).—An Army chaplain who suffered mistreatment and undernourishment at the hands of the Nazis, and his sister, back home from a USO at Recife, Brazil, were reunited with their family today in Cumberland.

Lieut. Samuel R. Neel, jr., freed on Easter Monday by General Patton's Third Army—about whom, incidentally, Lieutenant Neel wrote a song, "Come and Get Us, George E. Patton"—was captured by the Germans last December 19 during the "Battle of the Belgian Bulge."

His sister, Virginia P. Neel, was associate director of the USO Center at Recife. She was working on a cultural relations project in Brazil when she was recruited for USO duty.

Chaplain Neel was with the 422d Regiment, "trying to do whatever I could to help out," when he was captured near Schonberg. The regiment was attempting to make contact with the 106th Division at the time.

Chaplain Donald R. Stonesifer of Hagerstown and Corpl. Lester Sherman of Cresaptown, Chaplain Stonesifer's assistant, were captured at the same time. Sherman now is home on furlough but Lieutenant Neel said he had heard nothing more of the Hagerstown minister.

On December 21, after spending two days burying the dead, Chaplain Neel and some other prisoners were taken to Gerolestein and there given a can of meat to each four men, and a bag of hardtack—their first food since the time of capture.

"That night we were put in a boxcar, 60 of us in a car about two-thirds the size of the average boxcar in this country," Lieutenant Neel related. "It was overcrowded and impossible for all of us to lie down. The men in most cars slept by shifts. We were in those cars for five days and some of the men as long as even 10 days.

"We got nothing to eat until the evening of December 23, after going for two days without food and water, even without getting out of the boxcars. Then we got a spoonful of molasses and a sixth of a loaf of black bread."

They arrived at Bad Orb, Germany, on Christmas Day, and were taken to Stalag IX-B. "We were not treated very respectfully at first," Lieutenant Neel said. "The Germans just didn't give us any facilities and a few of them showed open disdain of religion in front of us, but after about a month they began to appreciate our worth and sort of accepted us."

**Dr. Ferris T. Cassiday**

Fredericksburg, Va., May 15.—Funeral services will be conducted at the Presbyterian Church here tomorrow at 3 p. m. for Dr. Ferris T. Cassiday, 65, who died at his home Sunday following a heart attack. The physician and pharmacist, a native of Atlanta, Ga., came here in 1907 after receiving his medical degree from the Medical College of Virginia. Surviving are his wife, the former Miss Gabriele Griffin of Fredericksburg; two daughters, Mrs. Jesse Gregory of Alexandria, and Mrs. Jack Gouldman of Newton, N. J., and a son, Corpl. Charles Cassiday.

**Mrs. Flora J. Sealock**

Front Royal, Va., May 15 (Spl.). Funeral services for Mrs. Flora Jane Sealock, 73, who died Saturday night, in her home here, were held this afternoon. Mrs. Sealock is survived by her husband, N. B. Sealock, two sons and two daughters, W. E. Sealock, James T. Sealock and Mrs. George W. Corron of Bennett's Chapel and Mrs. Joseph Derfinger of Front Royal. Two brothers and three sisters also survive.

# Parley Slated On New State Medical Setup

Baltimore, May 15 (AP).—The plan for the medical care program in Maryland, authorized by the 1945 General Assembly, will be outlined Friday by Dr. Dean Roberts at the opening session of the twenty-fifth annual conference of the State Department of Health.

Dr. Roberts is chief of the State bureau of medical services and has been named dircetor of the medical care program.

Dr. Robert H. Riley, State health director, announced today the complete conference program, which will include an address by Governor O'Conor Friday. The two-day meeting is being held at the Johns Hopkins school of hygiene and public health.

Included on the May 18 program will be discussion of the Maryland tuberculosis control program by Dr. C. H. Halliday, chief of the State bureau of communicable diseases; the importance of hospital licensing day by Dr. Edwin L. Crosby, assistant director of the American Red Cross by Dr. G. Foard McGinnes, national medical director, American Red Cross, and indices of nutrition by Dr. Myron Wegman, director research and training division, City of New York Department of Health.

Saturday's sessions will be devoted principally to sanitation. Morning meetings will feature discussions of restaurant sanitation, county sanitary problems and food storage facilities.

Charles L. Wood, sanitary inspector for Prince Georges County, will preside over the afternoon session and discuss permissive regulations for Grade A milk in Maryland counties.

The conference will also feature a separate session Saturday morning on public health nursing.

# John T. Lloyd Buried; Kin of Early Settlers

Martinsburg, W. Va., May 15 (Spl.).—Grandsons and great-grandsons were bearers at rites for John Thomas Lloyd, 95, a retired merchant and descendant of colonial stock. He died in a local hospital yesterday after an extended illness.

He was born in Clarke County, Va., moving with his father later to Jefferson County, W. Va., before coming to this county.

He was a lineal descendant of Edward Lloyd who, with a brother, Cornelius Lloyd, came to America from Wales in 1932. Both of these brothers were in the Virginia House of Burgesses during its sessions from 1642 to 1648. Edward Lloyd, first of that name to come to America, moved to Maryland in 1650 and was commissioned by Governor Stone as commander of Anne Arundel County. While so serving he acquired from Cecil Calvert title to land on the east side of Chesapeake Bay and built his home there, naming it Wye House, after the home he left in Wales.

**Lieut. Cecil Clem**

Winchester, Va., May 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Clem of the county have been advised that their son, Lieut. Cecil Clem, was killed in action in Germany on April 22. He entered the service in November, 1943, and was with the Third Army. In addition to his parents, nine brothers and sisters survive.

**Lieut. Norman Marean**

Fredericksburg, Va., May 15.—Lieut. Norman Marean, formerly of Fredericksburg, was killed in action April 22 in Italy, his aunt, Mrs. C. B. Reynolds, here has been informed. The 25-year-old infantry officer spent most of his life here. His father, Harold S. Marean, lives in Culpeper.

**Mrs. Mary R. Hibbert**

Charlottesville, Va., May 15.—Mrs. Mary Ruth Hibbert, widow of Maj. Robert Hibbert of Hyde, England, and Charlottesville, died Sunday at the home of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Victor L. Denny, jr., in Waynesboro, at the age of 90. Surviving are three daughters and two sons.

# Army-Navy Casualties

*All casualty reports are based on prior notification to next of kin. In case of divergence between this list and information sent to the next of kin, the last War Department or Navy Department telegram or letter to the next of kin is always the appropriate final authority.*

## Maryland

**ARMY DEAD—EUROPEAN REGIONS**

CUNNINGHAM, Jarrett E., Pfc., son of Mrs. Evelyn M. Cunningham, Baltimore.
NICHOLSON, Joseph B., T/5, son of Mrs. Isabelle Nicholson, Olney.
PUTNAM, Elwood R., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Ella G. Putnam, Upper Marlboro.
SIMMONS, Robert F., II, Sergt., son of Richard F. Simmon, jr., Frederick.
SPERSCHNEIDER, Mylius H. W., Corpl., son of Mrs. Emmy Sperschneider, Baltimore.
WILLIAMS, Walter S., jr., Second Lieut., husband of Mrs. Anna M. Williams, Baltimore.

**ARMY WOUNDED—EUROPEAN REGIONS**

CLARK, George W., Pfc., son of Mrs. Hattie Clark, Gambrills.
DILL, William E., T/Sergt., son of Mrs. Della Dill, Centerville.
EMERICK, Sherman W., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Evelyn R. Emerick, Catonsville.
GARBER, Herbert E., First Sergt., husband of Mrs. Edna Garber, Baltimore.
MAYNARD, Michael A., Pfc., son of Mrs. Theodore Maynard, Westminster.
McALLISTER, Roland B., Pfc., nephew of Mrs. Dora Tennett, Rasgeburg.
PHIPPS, James D., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Evelyn M. Phipps, Eastport.
POSNER, Marvin D., T/4, son of Mrs. Jennie Posner, Baltimore.
PRATT, Walter S., Pvt., son of Mrs. Lillie V. Pratt, Capitol Heights.
PRUITT, James E., Pvt., son of Mrs. Margaret Pruitt, Baltimore.
REAMS, Gerald R., Pfc., son of Bliss Reams, Route 1, Oakland.
SCHOBERLEIN, John C., Pfc., son of Mrs. Alice Schoeberlein, Baltimore.
SCHADRICK, Arnold A., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Janet Shadrick, Pasadena.
SHER, Emil, Pfc., friend of Miss Barabara M. Kersch, Baltimore.
SOMMERS, Gilmore L., Sergt., son of Mrs. Lena Somers, Baltimore.
WALKE, Frank H., Pfc., son of Mrs. Helen L. Ratcliff, Cambridge.
WARE, Ernest N., Pvt., son of Mrs. Elsie Mable Webb, Baltimore.

**ARMY WOUNDED—PACIFIC REGIONS**

EFFORD, Roland R., Pfc., nephew of Mrs. Katherine Tracy, Pasadena.
REESE, Albert S., Pfc., son of Mrs. Elizabeth Kretz, Rossmont.
SHAW, Lester E., Pfc., son of Mrs. Mary A. Shaw, Baltimore.
WHITE, William H., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Catherine E. White, Blythedale.

**ARMY MISSING—EUROPEAN REGIONS**

BERESH, Walter G., Pfc., son of Mrs. Julia Beresh, Baltimore.
BROWN, Richard E., First Lieut., husband of Mrs. Ada W. Brown, Baltimore.
HARMON, Earl M., Pfc., son of Mrs. Katherine Hamilton, Baltimore.
LAMKE, James G., Pvt., son of Mrs. Sophie Lamke, Baltimore.
RETTIG, Kenneth R., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Ethel M. Rettig, Baltimore.
SULLIVAN, Joseph F., Pvt., son of Mrs. Marie A. Sullivan, Baltimore.
WALKE, Frank H., Pfc., son of Mrs. Helen L. Ratliff, Cambridge.
WIATROWSKI, Francis J., Pfc., son of Mrs. Frances Wiatrowski, Baltimore.

**FREED PRISONERS OF WAR—GERMANY**

DOBRY, Charles J., Sergt., son of Mrs. Mary F. Dobry, Baltimore.
FURLETTI, Frank J., T/4, son of Mrs. Laura Furletti, Baltimore.
KORNEK, William T., Pvt., son of Mrs. Marjorie M. Kornke, Baltimore.
MAIN, Charles L., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Bessie A. Main, Frederick.
RAEMER, Henry, jr., S/Sergt., son of Henry Raemer, Rosedale.
SNYDER, Albert, Pfc., husband of Mrs. Ada Snyder, Baltimore.
STERLING, Paul H., Corpl., son of Mrs. Minnie F. Sterling, Point of Rocks.
STYLES, Albert W., Second Lieut., husband of Mrs. Thelma J. Styles, Baltimore.
TOWNS, George N., Pfc., son of Mrs. Martha Towns, Catonsville.

## Virginia

**ARMY DEAD—EUROPEAN REGIONS**

LEARY, Lewis R., S/Sergt., son of Mrs. Pearlie M. Leary, Hot Springs.
MAREAN, Norman H., First Lieut., son of Harold S. Marean, Culpeper.
SEAY, Cary W., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Edna V. Seay, Buchanan P. O.
SMITH, Albert N., Pvt., son of J. N. Smith, Craddockville.
TERRELL, Lester W., Pfc., son of Mrs. Pearl Terrell, Danville.
TOMKO, John H., Second Lieut. son of Joseph Tomko, Disputanta.
TURNER, Robert T., Pfc., son of Mrs. Sally F. Turner, Norfolk.
WRIGHT, Alexander Thomas, Pfc., husband of Mrs. Doris Lee Wright, Richmond.
YOUNG, Joseph H., 1, Pvt., nephew of Miss Eunice Neale, Swethall.

**ARMY DEAD—PACIFIC REGIONS**

HOSTETTER, Oscar J., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Ester A. Hostetter, Buena Vista.
VOLEK, Martin J., S/Sergt., son of Mrs. Teresa Volek, Hopewell.

**ARMY WOUNDED—EUROPEAN REGIONS**

ARCHIE, Johnny, Pfc., son of Mrs. Rose L. Archie, Glinchco.
ARRINGTON, Claude E., Pvt., son of Mrs. Lucindia K. Arrington, Rockymount.
BANDY, George W., T/Sgt., husband of Mrs. Lonnie Bandy, Roanoke.
BARDEN, Frank E., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Frances S. Barden, Richmond.
BARKER, Loyde C., Pfc., son of Mrs. Mattie F. Rhodes, Danville.
BROWN, Edward E., Pfc., son of Mrs. Thelma Brown, Richlands.
BURK, Marvin K., Pfc., son of Mrs. Mary E. Burk, Hoiston.
CAVE, Robert D., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Margaret V. Cave, Clayville.
COMPTON, Norman, T/5, son of Mrs. Lydia M. Hess, Gen. Del., Honaker.
CURPMAN, John L., Pvt., son of Mrs. Julia B. Curtman, Norfolk.
DUNN, Harry L., Pfc., son of Mrs. Evelyn Dunn, Ridgeway.
ELLETT, Roy O., Sergt., son of Mrs. M. C. Ellet, Richmond.
McCREADY, Garland S., Pfc., son of Mrs. Allie McCready, McCready.
PARRY, Edgar J., jr., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Elizabeth J. Parry, Norfolk.
PUFFINBERGER, Lester B., Pfc., son of Mrs. Virginia Puffinberger, Winchester.
RAMSEY, Charlie G., Sergt., son of Charlie Ramsey, Brookneal.
SAWYERS, James M., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Glenna Sawyers, Ivanhoe.
SCOTT, Gilbert W., Pfc., son of Mrs. Audrey A. Scott, Eggleston.
SLATER, Richard, Pfc., son of Mrs. Gertrude B. Slater, Lanexas.
TUCKER, Daniel M., Pfc., son of Mrs. Carolyn M. Tucker, Chase City.
WARD, Floyd C., Pfc., son of Mrs. Grace H. Ward, Urbanna.
WESTMORELAND, Obery C., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Katherine M. Westmoreland, Hopewell.
WHITAKER, Joseph B., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Helen F. Whitaker, Cedar Bluff.
WILKERSON, James E., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Nellie Grey Wilkerson, Waynesboro.
WILLIAMS, Randolph D., Pvt., husband of Corine S. Williams, Withams.
WORRELL, Morris C., Pfc., grandson of Mrs. Mary Miller, Westmoreland.

**ARMY WOUNDED—PACIFIC REGIONS**

BOGGS, Hershell E., Pfc., son of Mrs. Liddy Boggs, Honey Camp.
MUTERSPAW, Clarence L., Pfc., son of Mrs. Ivy S. Muterspaw, Lexington.
POWERS, Aubrey L., S/Sergt., son of Mrs. Victoria Powers, Coeburn.
UNDERWOOD, Herbert M., Pvt., son of Joe W. Underwood, Suffolk.

**ARMY MISSING—EUROPEAN REGIONS**

ABBOTT, James T., Pfc., son of Mrs. Alice H. Abbott, Republican Grove.
CRAIG, Wilbur C., jr., Pfc., son of Mrs. Cora Chapman, Winchester.
SURBER, Haller C., Pfc., brother of Mrs. Edith Lee, Saltville.
UNDERWOOD, Calvin C., Pfc., son of Mrs. Myrtle L. Underwood, Pilot.
WILLARD, James C., Pfc., son of Mrs. Pearly Willard, Meadows of Dan.
WRIGHT, Frank A., Corpl., son of John M. Wright, Richmond.

**FREED PRISONERS OF WAR—GERMANY**

CRIGGER, Robert L., Pfc., son of Krenning R. Crigger, Wytheville.
EARLY, John W., jr., Pfc., son of Mrs. Lula A. Early, New Hope.
EVE, Philip H., jr., Sergt., son of Mrs. Martha F. Eve, Virginia Beach.
FRETWELL, Curtis D., Pfc., son of Mrs. Bessie B. Fretwell, Bassett.
GOSNELL, William H., Pvt., son of Mrs. Margaret M. Gosnell, Staunton.
GUNTER, George W., Pvt., son of Mrs. Pearl Gunter, Madison Heights.
HALE, Raymond O., Pvt., son of Mrs. Maggie A. Hale, Farrum.
HARTH, Everette C., Sergt., husband of Mrs. Beulah L. Barth, Roanoke.
HOLT, Floyd M., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Annie J. Holt, Richmond.
HORN, Boyd F., Pfc., husband of Mrs. Florence B. Horn, Lexington.
JOHNSON, Dennis T., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Mary O. Johnson, Vinton.
JOYCE, Ralph L., jr., Pvt., son of Mrs. Ruth M. Joyce, Richmond.
PATRICK, Zeddie L., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Lena J. Patrick, Marion.
PRICE, William H., Staff Sergt., son of Mrs. Mae L. McCreary, Hilton Village.
RIDDLEBERGER, William I., Second Lieut., son of Mrs. Daisy F. Riddleberger, Staunton.
SMITH, Nalo S., Staff Sergt., son of Mrs. Earle M. Smith, Benhams.
SUTHERLAND, John M., jr., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Shirley A. Sutherland, Wytheville.
UNDERWOOD, Herman L., Pfc., son of Hershey E. Underwood, Franklin.
WHITE, Clyde D., Second Lieut., son of William H. White, Richmond.
WHITE, James T., Pvt., son of Robert A. Hubbard, Suffolk.
WRIGHT, Josiah F., Pvt., husband of Mrs. Minnie Wright, Patrick Springs.

# Livestock and Produce

### Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, May 15 (AP) (WFA Office of Market Services).—CATTLE—Receipts, 25; nominally steady; medium beef cows quotable 12.00@13.00; nothing offered early to sell above 12.00; cutter and common, 9.00@11.50; canners, 7.00@8.50, mostly 7.50 up; good weighty sausage bulls, 13.50; bulk cutter common to medium, 10.00@13.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 50; nominally steady; good and choice vealers quotable 17.00@18.00; common and medium, 11.00@16.00; culls down to 9.00, extreme lightweights down to 6.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 200; active; steady with Monday; good and choice 130-400-lb. barrows and gilts, 15.30, the ceiling; good sows, 14.55, ceiling for this class. Above prices are based on sale-fed hogs.

SHEEP—Receipts, 25; nominally steady; good choice spring lambs quotable 17.00@18.00; choice lightweight slaughter ewes 8.00 down.

### Richmond Market

Richmond, Va., May 15 (AP) (USDA).—(Prices represent sales on wholesale market.)—WHITE POTATOES—Receipts moderate, market strong; 100-lb. sacks, New York and Maine, 4.00@4.20; Florida, new potatoes, 4.75@5.00, 100 pounds.

SWEET POTATOES—Receipts heavy, market stronger, 2.50@3.00; some poor quality lower.

LETTUCE—Receipts light, market slightly weaker; 4 and 5 doz. crates, California, 3.00@3.50; some poor quality less.

CABBAGE—Receipts fairly heavy, market slightly stronger; 50-lb. sacks, Florida and South Carolina, 1.25@1.65; some poor quality lower.

APPLES—Market dull; various varieties, small and 1¾-in. sizes, no demand; U. S. grade No. 1, 2¼ to 2½ in., 1.50@2.00; U. S. grade No. 1, 2½ in. up, 2.75@3.50.

TOMATOES—Receipts moderate, market stronger; Florida, 3.00@5.00; some higher. Texas, 3.50@5.00.

EGGS—(Prices paid net to producers, f.o.b. Richmond.) Receipts moderate, market firm; Federal-State grading stations, whites, browns, U. S. grade A, large, 29@40, premium for extra large and AA quality; U. S. grade A, medium, 34@37; U. S. grade A small, 33; U. S. grade B, large, 34; U. S. grade B, medium, 32; U. S. grade C, large, 32; nearby ungraded current receipts, whites and mixed colors, 33@35.9.

LIVE POULTRY—(Prices paid net to producers, f.o.b. Richmond.) No receipts; market at a standstill; all poultry very much in demand at ceiling prices. Roasters, fryers and broilers, 30.40; fowl, 27; old roosters, 20.

HOGS—Receipts, 400; market at ceiling, 14.85 (flat) on good and choice barrows and gilts, 120 to 330 lbs. up; 100 to 120 lbs., 13.35; good sows under 350 lbs., 14.10; 350 to 500 lbs., 14.10; weights over 500 lbs., 13.35; good stags, 11.50.

CATTLE—Choice steers, 15.50@16.00; good, 14.50@15.00; medium, 12.00@13.50; common, 9.00@10.00; good beef type cows, 10.50@11.50; good dairy type, 9.50@10.00; medium, 7.50@8.00; common, 5.50@6.50; shelly kinds lower; good beef type heifers, 13.50@14.00; medium, 9.00@10.00; common, 6.00@7.00; good butcher bulls, 9.50@10.00; medium, 8.00@8.50; light common kinds, 6.50@7.50; choice calves, 16.00; good, 14.50@15.50; medium, 12.50@13.50; common, 8.00@10.00; good to choice lambs, 15.00@17.00; good sheep, 5.00@6.00.

### Chicago Livestock

Chicago, May 15 (AP) (WFA).—SALABLE HOGS—Receipts, 5000; total 8500; active, fully steady; good and choice barrows and gilts at 140 lbs. up, at 14.75 ceiling; good and choice sows at 14.00; complete clearance.

SALABLE CATTLE—Receipts, 6500; total 6500; salable calves, 500; total 500; fed steers and yearlings steady to strong; medium grades very slow, led heifers firm; cows very scarce, strong; bulls strong to 25 higher; vealers steady at 16.00 down; very scarce; largely steer run, bulk 14.50@17.00, top 17.50 on weighty steers and 17.30 on yearlings; best heifer, 16.70; cutter cows, 8.50 down; most best cows, 9.75@12.00; good offerings to 13.00; weighty sausage bulls to 13.50 and heavy fat bulls to 14.50.

SALABLE SHEEP—Receipts, 3000; total 7000; scattered early sales steady; two loads good to choice-fed wooled Western lambs carrying a small medium end, 15.75 straight; load medium and good 90-lb. wooled kinds, 15.00; but lambs lacking in finish slow with some bids ranging on down to 14.00; sheep again very scarce, nominally steady; most common to good shorn native ewes, 6.50@7.75; choice quoted 8.00@9.25.

BARNABY

By Crockett Johnson




# Old Dominion Real Estate in Active Demand

Charlottesville, Va., May 15 (Spl.).—Demand for real estate continues active in this section. Properties sold at group auction sales conducted last week by the Roy Wheeler Realty Co. of this city brought a total of more than $150,000.

Sunnyfields, colonial estate of 422 acres, lying between Monticello and Ash Lawn, was sold to E. L. Bailey of this city for $50,600. The brick residence, built in 1775, had been remodeled and modernized. Personal property and livestock, including 58 milch cows, 41 heifers, 3 bulls, work horses and pigs brought $13,000.

Huntley Hall, located south of the university, formerly conducted as an inn but later as a school for boys, brought $16,000. The 15-room rock residence, with 11¼ acres of land and 15 extra lots adjoining, was purchased for $10,000 by Mrs. Alice J. Thompson, who for years has conducted a home for children at Free Union, this county. Twenty-four other lots were sold to various individuals for a total of $6000.

The Madison Inn, owned by Miss Norma Cave of Madison and 9 acres, located on Route 29, was purchased for $10,000 by Mrs. Margaret Poss, the former Miss Margaret Webb of this city who more recently had made her home in Washington. The inn was built in 1833 and was used as a stage coach junction for many years.

The Culpeper Foundry & Machine Co. plant at Culpeper, which had been running full time on war contracts until the recent death of its manager, Charles Walker of this city, was sold to G. M. Burgess of Alexandria for $12,375. The two-story brick residence and outbuildings were purchased separately by Lester Butler of Culpeper.

The Madison-Duncan farm of 602 acres, 10 miles west of Culpeper, was purchased by E. E. Duncan, one of the heirs, for $28,000.

A business property on West Main st., this city, consisting of two storerooms, with apartments above, was sold to George B. Marshall of this city for $16,100.

**Md. Farm Land Values Up**

Baltimore, May 15 (AP).—Farm land values in Maryland were estimated today by the Farm Credit Administration for the Middle Atlantic District at about 60 per cent in excess of normal with little prospect for any decrease in speculation in the next few months.

The national level of land values on March 1 had been placed by the FCA at 52 per cent above the 1935-40 average.

Although speculation in Maryland, as well as the rest of the country, was not as great as in 1920, Boughton reported, there is "still far too much."

## Va. Educators To Open Parley

Richmond, Va., May 15 (AP).—State Department of Education members and school superintendents from 47 eastern Virginia school divisions will meet here Friday and Saturday to discuss problems confronting education in Virginia. The meeting will be the first of three regional conferences planned and will replace the annual meting of the school heads this year.

The second of the series of meetings will be held May 21 and 22 at Staunton when superintendents from 30 northern and valley divisions will assemble and the third at Roanoke May 23 and 24 for southwest and western superintendents.

# H. C. Turner Dies; Head of Masonic Children's Home

Richmond, Va., May 15 (AP).—Holmes Conrad Turner, who befriended hundreds of children throughout the State in his role as superintendent of the Masonic Home in Virginia for 21 years, died at the institute last night.

Eager for an education, the Fauguier County man worked his way through preparatory school and college and then, with the hope of becoming a doctor enrolled in the Medical College of Virginia. After two years, he gave up the work because of his weakened eyes and turned to teaching school at Fredericksburg College and at summer sessions at the University of Richmond. He subsequently served as principal of Westhampton and Highland Springs high schools.

During his 21 years' service at the home, there was not recorded a case of juvenile delinquency or divorce among its graduates.

Funeral services will be held at 2:30 p. m. Thursday at a Richmond funeral home. Burial will be in Hollywood Cemetery.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Virginia Lee Crump Turner, two daughters, Virginia Crump Turner, a student at William and Mary College, and Nancy Holmer Crump Turner of Richmond.

## Labor Camp Dropped

Martinsburg, W. Va., May 15.—A camp established here April 7 for imported Jamaican labor for orchard work has been discontinued because of reduced fruit yields this year as a result of frosts, it was disclosed today.

**G. M. Marsh**

Charlottesville, Va., May 15.—The funeral of Gallitan McMullen Marsh, 87, a native of Greene County, who died at a hospital in Alexandria, was held this afternoon from Laurel Hill Baptist Church, near Proffit. Besides his wife, Mrs. Mary Leake Marsh, he is survived by the following children: Vernon H. Marsh, Alexandria; Harold C. Marsh, Arlington; Charles Stanley Marsh, Allentown, Pa.; Mrs. E. J. Hicks and Miss Gertrude Marsh, Washington, and Mrs. Frank Bridgewater, Charlottesville.

Wildwood, N. J.
BE SURE TO RENT EARLY
Plan Now to REST AND PLAY
For free booklet write Bureau of Publicity
WILDWOOD
By-the-Sea • NEW JERSEY
World's Finest Beach

Pocono Mts., Pa.
LUTHERLAND
POCONO PINES, PA. Enjoy a perfect vacation "Atop the Poconos". Excellent R. R. service. Car unnecessary. 3 modern hotels. Private lake. Sand beach. Tennis. Riding. Golf. Movies. Social activities. Protestant and Catholic churches nearby. Spring Rates. Booklet "W.P." LUTHERLAND, POCONO PINES, PA.

Ocean City, Md.
HASTINGS Ocean Front AMERICAN PLAN
Open All Year. Modern. Homelike.
Make Reservations Now. Mrs. C. Lofflin
NEW RIDEAU Ocean City's Newest Boardwalk H & L.
Private baths; telephone to rooms. Homelike meals. Phone 72. J. D. JARMAN.
THE ROOSEVELT ON THE OCEAN
Modern, Reasonable, Well Furnished
We Feature Southern Cooking
Free Bathing Mrs. C. Bassett, Phone 62

Basye, Va.
RELAX AT BRYCE'S COTTAGES
. . . and return to work refreshed!
You owe it to yourself, and to your job to "take it easy" for a weekend or, a week or two! Visit Bryce's, in Virginia's green hills. American plan; all sports; Greyhound bus. Now open! Write for descriptive booklet and rates.
BRYCE'S COTTAGES, BASYE, VA.

Virginia Beach, Va.
Welcome to the Greenwood
20th & Ocean Front
American Plan, Delightful Meals
Phone 623 for Reservations
HELEN P. TRIFTON, Owner-Mgr.
THE F

# Congress Shocked by Report On German Horror Camps

By the Associated Press

In shocked silence, Congress heard from its own eyewitnesses yesterday the gruesome story of Germany's torture camps where thousands of slaves lived like cattle and died like beasts.

The report of six Senators and six Representatives who visited three notorious concentration camps was read simultaneously in the two chambers by Senator Barkley (D., Ky.) and Representative Thomason (D., Tex.).

It was a bitter denunciation of the German government—an indictment on the high charge of mass murder. It did not spare the German public.

Senator Barkley did not spare the German army either. He said it was inconceivable that the general staff would not have known about the savage practices of the SS and Gestapo.

"It is the opinion of your committee that these practices constituted no less than organized crime against civilization and humanity," the report said, "and those who were responsible for them should have meted out to them swift, certain and adequate punishment."

The investigations conferred with War Crimes Commission in London and the French Commission, praising the steps already taken for prosecution of war criminals in Germany. This work is well under way, the report said, and thus there is no need for the committee to recommend any action.

The 12 legislators visited Buchenwald, Nordenhausen and Dachau, the most notorious camps for political prisoners. They saw the dead, they saw the dying. Barkley said some helpless captives died while the merican investigators were there.

Dachau was overrun so fast by the American troops, the report said, that none of the evidence of the atrocities could be destroyed. This was largely true of Buchenwald, too. At Nordhausen, U. S. forces had had three weeks to put things in shape but the story was the same, traced back through witnesses.

It was a story of planned starvation, of use of German criminals to destroy the mentality "of all those who opposed the master race," of huge ovens for cremating victims, and of torture devices.

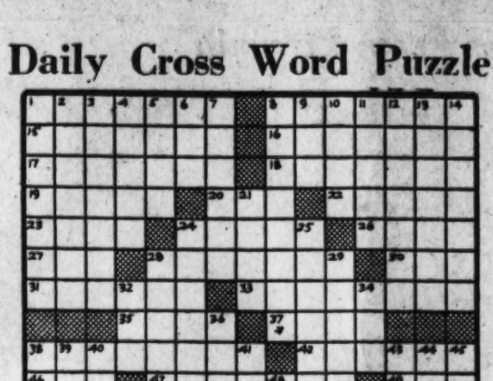
Barkley said the magnitude of the horror could be understood only "by the stench" of the places, and "smell of death."

The report said everywhere there was evidence that the German civilian was fat and well clothed.

The twelve concluded that the contrast pointed to "a calculated and diabolical program of planned torture and extermination on the part of those who were in control of the German government."

Joining in the report with Barkley and Thomason were Senators George (D., Ga.), Thomas (D., Utah), Brooks (R., Ill.), Wherry (R., Nebr.) and Saltonstall (R., Mass.); Representatives Richards (D., S. C.), Izac (D., Calif.), Vorys R., Ohio), Mott (R., Ore.) and Short R., Mo.).

## Daily Cross Word Puzzle



YESTERDAY'S ANSWER

ACROSS

1 Armored vessel
8 Revere
15 Salt of acetic acid
16 Phosphate of lime
17 Reproaches
18 Lays bare
19 Rajas
20 Bushy clump
22 Lifeless
23 Listen
24 Apportions
26 Aim
27 Corroded
28 Bits
30 Shoshonean
31 Intermediate
33 Gads about aimlessly
35 Void
37 Nimble
38 Chinks
42 Examine
45 Color
47 Arbitrates
49 Masculine name
50 Theories
52 Sober
53 Tow rope
54 Narrow points of land extending into the sea
56 Asiatic apricot
57 Ludicrous error; colloq.
58 One who steals the writings of another
60 Pilchard
62 Whalebone
63 Conceives
64 Blots out
65 Dejection

DOWN

1 City in Massachusetts
2 Sharply pointed
3 Venerated
4 Adhere
5 Hesitate
6 One of a party
7 Annoy
8 Those who walk like ducks
9 Discloses: poet
10 Hindu queen
11 Nettled
12 Ugly
13 Repeat
14 Instruments used in mortars
29 Hop kiln
31 Logging cars
35 Hit by the hand
38 Varying weight of India
39 Fathers
32 Tavern
34 Unit of light intensity
36 Formal discourses
38 Formed little curls
39 Faun
40 Naval officer
41 Country in Asia
43 Micaceous mineral
44 Calms
45 Declare
48 Double dagger
51 Platform
53 Odin
55 Let it stand
57 Trained
59 Before
61 City in Oklahoma

# OPA Suspends 2 Va. Dealers In Food, Gas

Suspensions from dealing in rationed commodities were ordered for a Front Royal service station and a Fairfax market on charges of violating Office of Price Administration regulations at hearings yesterday in the Alexandria Federal Building before Daniel L. Bell, chief hearing commissioner for Region IV of the OPA, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga.

Following charges by J. Ray Larcombe, enforcement attorney for the Warrenton field office of the Roanoke District OPA, Aubrey M. Smith, owner of Smith's Amoco Service Station at 506 East Main st., Front Royal, was suspended from selling gasoline, for the duration with the first 60 days active, effective June 11, and the remainder of the suspension stayed on condition that he comply with all rationing regulations.

Smith was accused of "running a ration credit business," possessing counterfeit gasoline coupons and indorsing fictitious license numbers on coupons.

A six month suspension from selling rationed foods effective June 11 with the first 10 days active and the remainder stayed on condition of compliance was ordered for Mrs. Lawrence Risner, owner of the Fairfax Circle Market at Fairfax, who also was directed to register immediately with her War Price and Rationing Board as a dealer in rationed commodities.

She was charged with failure to post point values on meats and processed foods, overdraft of her ration bank account in red point commodities, possession of invalid points, including some which had expired and a few which were not yet valid, and failure to register with her board.

Commissioner Bell in hearing the case was informed by Larcombe that Mrs. Risner with only one part-time helper, has done $28,500 worth of business in the last year "by working from day until night and often far into the night." Bell in commending Mrs. Risner, a native of France, said "It is possible for one to work too much. I do not think you have done anything intentionally to violate the regulations, but I am going to suspend you for 10 days because I feel you should have a rest."

### Won Both Titles

Penn State's gymnasts won the Eastern Intercollegiate and National AAU team titles in 1943.

In Alexandria

# *Va. Masons Will Confer High Degrees*

The first week of sessions for the annual spring reunion of the Scottish Rite Masonic bodies of northern Virginia at the George Washington Masonic National Memorial in Alexandria will close this evening with the presentation of the eighteenth and twentieth degrees to candidates.

Activities will be resumed Sunday at 2:30 p. m. when the Masons assemble at the grave of Charles H. Callahan, past grand master of the Masons in Virginia, for whom the present large class of candidates is named. Author of "George Washington, the Man and the Mason," which he wrote to raise funds for the present national temple in Alexandria, Callahan conceived the idea of the temple and laid the cornerstone in 1923 in ceremonies attended by President Calvin Coolidge.

From 1895 until his death last August at the age of 85, Callahan was commissioner of revenue for Alexandria. His bust, which was carved shortly before his death by the English sculptor, Bryan Baker, was placed in the memorial temple in a ceremony which Callahan attended.

As announced by City Treasurer of Alexandria Roger C. Sullivan, chairman of the reunion committee, sessions of the reunion next week will begin Monday night at 8 o'clock when candidates will receive the twenty-first degree by the degree staff of Albert Pike Consistory of Washington. On Tuesday the thirtieth degree will be conferred, and on Wednesday the thirty-second degree will be conferred.

The final event will be a reception and entertainment Wednesday, June 6, at 8:15 p. m., also at the temple, when members of the Callahan Class will be guests of honor. The reception is open to all Masons and their friends.

Assisting Sullivan with the arrangements are A. M. Sherwood, Erdman T. Stultz, Harry H. Newton and Riley W. Nixon, in charge of the degree work. Henry W. Casey, venerable master of Washington Memorial Lodge of Perfection, is the presiding officer at the meetings.

### Coaches Lacrosse

Head man of lacrosse at Penn State is Nick Thiel, former Syracuse all-American.

# Arlington AnimalRescueGroup Will Meet Tomorrow Night

The Animal Welfare League of Arlington will hold its first annual meeting tomorrow night at 8:30 at the Lyon Park Community House.

Frederick P. Stieff, vice president of Chas. M. Stieff, Inc., of Baltimore, and author of the recently published book "Unleash the Dogs of War," will talk on war dogs.

The league, which began with only a handful of members, ends the fiscal year with a roster of 208, and handled more than 1800 calls for advice and service. Approximately 700 animals have actually passed through the league's hands during the year, according to Mrs. P. M. Twyne, league president. Activities since organization of the Arlington league have included the placement of 40 animals, restoring 25 lost animals to their owners, investigation of 30 cruelty cases, and supervising medical treatment for 58 animals, Mrs. Twyne said.

Animal lovers, whether or not they are members of the league, have been invited to attend tomorrow night's meeting, at which Topper, white collie mascot of the league, will be a "guest artist." The program will be opened by an invocation by United States Coast Guard Chaplain Monroe Drew, jr.

### *Foundation Indorsed*

The Arlington Chamber of Commerce Board of Directors has indorsed the program of the Virginia Cancer Foundation in Arlington, it was announced yesterday.

The foundation has launched a campaign to raise locally $2000 for the American Cancer Society to be used in research against cancer, and eventually, to promote establishment of a local cancer clinic.

Estimated number of persons suffering from cancer in 1944 in Virginia was 11,815, and in Arlington County, 495, the chamber reported. Commerce officials are urging members and the public to give generous support to the campaign, of which George A. Collier is local chairman.

### *Church Supper Tonight*

The ladies of Walker's Chapel Church, Glebe rd. and Dittmar st. will sponsor a creamed chicken supper tonight, serving from 5:30.

### *Middleton to Speak*

George Middleton, second secretary of the British Embassy, will be the guest speaker at the annual tea to be given by the Organized Women Voters of Arlington County on May 25 at 2:30 at Evans Coffee Shop.

Middleton will speak on "Background for Peace." He has served in many of the Latin American countries as well as on the European Continent. Reservations must be made not later than May 20, with Mrs. Mary Shelton.

## What's Going On and Where

**Entertainment for Service Men and Women**

USO, 1314 N st. nw., dance, 8 to 11:30 p. m.

USO, 16th and Q sts. nw., sketching, all day.

Officers' Service Club of the United Nations, Inc., Capital Dance Studio, 403 11th st. nw., dancing exhibition, followed by informal dancing, 9 to 11:30 p. m.

Music Canteen, KH's, 1330 G st. nw., 7 to 9 p. m.

Victory Canteen for Servicemen, 1113 Penn. ave. nw., opens 10 a. m.

Army-Navy Masonic Servicemen's Center, 13th st. and New York ave. nw., 1 p. m.

Servicemen's Ticket Booth, M st. and Penn. ave. nw., 4 to 8:30 p. m.

Pepsi-Cola Canteen for Servicemen of the United Nations, 13th and G sts. nw., checking, showers and lounge, all day.

Stage Door Canteen, Belasco Theater, musical entertainment and floor show, 8:30 to 10:30 p. m.

USO, 801 Market Space nw., Second Anniversary Celebration, 7:30 to 9 p. m.

Luncheons, Meetings and Other Entertainments

Meeting, Federation of Businessmen's Associations, Inc., American Security & Trust Co. Building, Board Room, 8:15 p. m.

Meeting, National Association of Power Engineers, Willard Hotel, Parlor G, 8 p. m.

Luncheon, Soroptimist Club, Willard Hotel, Congressional Room, 1 p. m.

Luncheon, Rotary Club, Willard Hotel, Large Ballroom, 12:30 p. m.

Photographic exhibition, Photographic Section of the Library of Congress, Auditor's Building, 14th st. and Independence ave. sw., 9 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.

Lecture, Roy Elkins, Hotel Annapolis, 8 p. m.

Luncheon, National Capital Optimist Club, Continental Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Scientific meeting, The Medical Society of the District of Columbia, 1718 M st. nw., 8 p. m.

Meeting, Biosophy Club, 16th and Q sts. nw., 8:30 p. m.

Dinner-meeting, Law Librarians' Society of Washington, D. C., Blackstone Hotel, 6:30 p. m.

Luncheon, Advertising Club of Washington, Hotel Statler, South American Room, 12:15 p. m.

Luncheon, National Symphony Orchestra, Hotel Statler, Congressional Room, 12:30 p. m.

Dinner, National Shoe Retailers Association, Hotel Statler, PDR No. 5, 6 p. m.

**Poultry**

Everyone knows that the food famine of the coming winter will be the most serious that has ever faced the world, yet we have slashed our chicken prices for the month of May on both baby and started chicks to rock bottom. Special bargain five days to one week old Hampshire Rocks, Austra-Whites and Silver-Laced Wyandottes only 25 cents each. Barred, Whites and Buff Rocks, Rhode Island Reds, White Wyandottes, Buff Orpingtons, Black and White Giants, Silver Spangled Hamburgs and the pure imported strain of Danish Brown Leghorns five days to one week old only twenty-five cents each and immediately available every day in May. Big Tom Barron broiler chicks ten cents each. Mammoth Pekin Duckling and Broad Breasted turkey poults well started. Telephone Rockville 158-W. JUDGE HENRY HUNT POET'S LODGE, West Montgomery Ave. Rockville, Md.

## *Captive Workers To Be Available, Farmers Assured*

Baltimore, May 15 (AP).—Third Service Command officials said today that Maryland farmers and cannery operators who contracted for German prison labor this summer still would have their services despite the fact that the war is over in Europe.

"The ultimate disposition of the prisoners of war we now have in this country will be decided in Washington," one officer said, "but I see nothing in the picture at present to indicate that these prisoners will be returned to Germany at any time in the immediate future."

Terms of the Geneva convention stipulate that prisoners shall be returned as soon as shipping space is available, "but with a war still to fight in the Pacific, with millions of tons" of supplies to be shipped to Europe and soldiers to be returned, the spokesman said there would be little shipping available for some time for return of prisoners.

### He's Veteran Coach

The 1946 season will mark Leo Houck's twenty-fourth year as Penn State boxing coach.

## *Rev. Mr. Waters Consecrated as Raleigh Bishop*

Richmond, Va., May 15 (AP).—More than a score of high ranking dignitaries of the Roman Catholic Church participated in ancient and solemn ceremonies this morning at which the Most Rev. Vincent Stanislaus Waters was consecrated as bishop of Raleigh, N. C.

Following a solemn procession into the Sacred Heart Church, the Most Rev. Peter L. Ireton, D.D., bishop of Richmond, administered the highest of the holy orders to Bishop Waters, anointing the new bishop's heads and hands and elevating him to the "fullness of the priesthood."

As a part of the ceremonies, he received his mitre, ring, crosier and gloves, symbols of his office; then offered his first solemn blessing. Serving as co-consecrators were the Most Rev. Emmet M. Walsh, D.D., bishop of Charleston, S. C. and the Most Rev. Gerald P. O'Hara, D.D., J.U.D., bishop of Savannah-Atlanta, Ga.

## W. Va. Boy, 15, Held In $400 Robbery

Harpers Ferry, W. Va., May 15 (Spl.).—A 15-year-old boy was held here today for a hearing in juvenile court on a charge of having stolen $400 from a closet in the home of Mrs. Eugene Bready adjoining a filling station which she operates here.

The boy, it was said, had little of the money left after making a trip to Baltimore and Washington during which he spent money lavishly.

### Missing Flier Safe

Charlottesville, Va., May 15.—Second Lieut. Harvey A. Mitchell, son of Mrs. Eula Mitchell of High st., this city, reported missing in action since his B-17 bomber was disabled in a mission March 14 over Hungary, has telegraphed his mother that he is safe and well and expects to see her soon.

# *War Prisoner Camp Permit Upheld in Fairfax County*

Establishment of a prisoner of war camp in Fairfax County was upheld this week by the Fairfax County Board of Zoning Appeals when, by a 3-2 vote, the board approved action of E. Russell White, county zoning administrator, in granting a permit for the camp.

Mrs. Ethel M. Davis, county resident, had filed an appeal to White's action in an attempt to rescind the camp permit, and several other residents who live near the camp site also appeared at the hearing to protest granting of the permit.

The camp is being erected on the site of the old State Convict Road Camp on Lee hghwy., west of Fairfax. The permit was granted by White to the Fairfax Agricultural and Cooperative Association, which has announced it will supply local farmers with war prisoner labor. Approximately 200 German war prisoners will be stationed at the camp this summer, according to present plans.

The board denied the application of Willoughby N. Offley to establish and operate an airport on a 21-acre tract near Fairfax. Action was based on objections of adjacent property owners.

Applications granted included that of Carl V. Allen to establish and operate an airport on 114 acres, located north of State Road No. 636, west of Franconia; C. A. Hockett, to operate a restaurant and filling station on the Leesburg Pike, near Difficult Run, and Jesse T. Jones, for the erection of a store with one-family apartment above, to be located near McLean.

### *Recreation Mass Meeting*

A recreational program for Falls Church teen-agers will be discussed at a mass meeting on May 21 at 8 p. m. in the Madison School auditorium.

The teen-age program, sponsored by the Falls Church Lions Club, has a goal for recreational and clubhouse facilities of $50,000. Charles B. Meyer, manager of the local telephone company and general chairman of the citizens and teen-agers group, has urged all citizens to attend the meeting, so that they may be informed of the proposed program.

"The boys and girls of Falls Church are the most unfortunate kids in this area," Meyer said yesterday. "They have no place to go after school, and no form of entertainment except Saturday night dances. I have met with these boys and girls and I have never seen a finer group. I hope the citizens of Falls Church will get behind this movement and support it.

"We don't expect to accomplish everything overnight," Meyer continued, "but we are determined to see it through. The holding of an open meeting is an excellent way of getting the project before the community."

## FUND

From Page 1

is an indispensable part of the fighting front."

In Washington, the D. C. Finance Committee announced that the two Victory War Bond Trailers touring the city have sold $1,750,000 in bonds so far in the drive. This is more than the trailers sold in the entire Sixth War Loan Drive, the committee added.

Exhibits here also continued to spur bond sales, by explaining the huge cost that goes into winning the war.

The Miracle Harbor, the "very expensive" harbor that was built in the English Channel to make the Normandy invasion possible, will continue to be on view at Hecht's Department Store for three weeks.

The "Here's Your Infantry" show, dramatic tableau of "footsloggers," giving the knockout punch to the Japs, was also on view before a bond buying audience last night at the Polo Grounds. The show will continue at 8:30 p. m. performances every night except Friday, with 2:30 p. m. matinees Saturday and Sunday, until May 23.

## GAME

From Page 1

closed and then reopens the next day.

Charges that LaFontaine is a "coward running away because he wouldn't dare expose his character, reputation and establishment," were made by Duckett. He compared Wilson who came into court in the face of his crime, knowing he would be sneered at, with LaFontaine. Duckett described the latter as a man who says, "'I won't come,' but is defended by honorable counsel."

"Men who run gambling establishments and take other people's money at the rate of $1000 a night each don't come out in the open," Duckett said.

Duckett, a member of the Prince Georges Bank & Trust Co., lives in Hyattsville.

### Refuse Dumpers Fined

Austin, Tex. (AP).—Persons convicted of dumping trash and garbage in Travis County, Tex., will be fined $10 to $200, with half the amount of the fine paid to citizen who reports the violation, County Attorney Perry L. Jones announced recently, seconding a warning by the county court commissioners.

# *Alexandria Community Chest To Enter District War Fund*

The board of directors of the Alexandria Community Chest has voted to apply for membership in the Washington Community War Fund, thus ending several months of negotiations with the Washington agency concerning Alexandria's assertion that its campaign have failed in recent years because Alexandria residents working in Washington make contributions to the Washington fund upon solicitation.

Luther Dudley, president of the Alexandria Chest, in announcing the move, said the executive committee is requested to apply for representation of Alexandria on the Community War Fund budget committee for the Washington area. Reasons for and against membership were presented by a committee of the executives named to study the problem and by a group of board members who were opposed to joining.

It was pointed out that since 1941 when Alexandria broke away from the metropolitan chest, the Alexandria campaigns have fallen short of their quotas by as much as 30 per cent, where the general Washington Comunity War Fund quotas have never failed by more than five per cent, indicating that Alexandria would receive more money through membership. Experience of the Red Cross in following a metropolitan plan of soliciting has proved it to be successful, it was explained.

Easier access to donors through their offices, the fact that Alexandria would no longer have to negotiate with the Virginia War Fund for a reduction in the city's quota due to failure of the campaign, and reports from Arlington, Fairfax County and Montgomery County Chest leaders that their dealings with the Community War Fund have been satisfactory, were also cited.

Albert A. Smoot, vice president of the Alexandria Chest and chairman of its budget committee, represented the minority in giving a report, stating that Washington's population is likely to remain static while anticipated continued expansion of the suburbs should strengthen suburban chests.

He declared that Arlington and Montgomery Counties have reported interference with campaign managements to effect pressure drives, that pledge cards of suburban residents would be filed in the Washington office, and that to date there is no suburban membership on the budget committee of the Washington Community War Fund which he described as a body without a constitution or by-laws, having the same director and staff as that of the Washington Community Chest, with a board of self-appointed directors as a self-perpetuating body.

## *The President's Calling List*

*The President's callers yesterday were:*

9:30 a. m.—Senators Kenneth McKellar (D., Tenn.), Alben W. Barkley (D., Ky.), House Speaker Sam Rayburn and Majority Leader John W. McCormack.
10:00 a. m.—Senator Joseph F. Guffey (D., Pa.).
10:15 a. m.—Senator Harley M. Kilgore (D., W. Va.).
10:30 a. m.—Press and radio conference.
11:00 a. m.—M. S. Szymezak of the Federal Reserve Board.
11:45 a. m.—Walter Myers, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General.
12:00 noon—J. G. McDaniel of the Cordage Institute.
12:15 p. m.—Munroe Marin, member of the Puerto Rican Senate.
12:30 p. m.—Former Senator James J. Davis (R., Pa.).
12:45 p. m.—Administration of oath of office to Charles G. Ross, new press secretary to the President.
2:00 p. m.—Senators Robert F. Wagner (D., N. Y.), James E. Murray (D., Mont.) and Representative John D. Dingell (D., Mich.).
2:30 p. m.—Representative Robert L. Doughton (D., N. C.).

SALADS TO A MAN'S TASTE
Just add one tablespoon of Gulden's rich brown Mustard to each cup of French or mayonnaise dressing

"Absent-minded about everything but Petri Wine"
Petri Took Time To Bring You Good Wine
©1945, Petri Wine Company, San Francisco, Calif.

IMPORTED BY
International Distributing Corp., Washington, D. C.

TONIGHT
AND EVERY WEDNESDAY NIGHT
YOUR 7up BOTTLER
PRESENTS
The "Fresh up" Show!
Starring
★ BARNEY GRANT
★ His Zany Stooges
★ Golden-voiced Vocalists
★ The 7-Up Chorus
★ 30 Piece Orchestra
NEWEST—FUNNIEST VARIETY SHOW ON THE AIR
The laughs start at 8:30 PM
STATION WOL
1260 on your dial

## *Book to Retire After 20 Years As Store Chief in Alexandria*

David C. Book, 205 Russell rd., Alexandria, yesterday announced his coming retirement as manager of the J. C. Penney Co. store in Alexandria which he opened in 1925. The store was opened in the Bendheim Building and moved to its present location at 615 King st. in 1929.

Book who has become known for his civic work as president and member of the boards of various organizations, said he has no plans to enter any other business after his retirement June 30.

He said he and his wife, Mrs. Elva K. Book, will continue to make their home in Alexandria and he will continue his civic activities. Mrs. Book, a pianist, frequently serves as accompanist in Alexandria music events, and is a member of the Friday Morning Music Club of Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Book have one son, Capt. David Randall Book, 30, dental surgeon with the Fifteenth Air Force in Italy. His wife lives in Cambridge, Md.

A member of the Chamber of Commerce board of directors for the last 16 years and a former president of the chamber, Book also is a member of the Alexandria Hospital Board, and has been president of the Kiwanis Club, Community Chest, United Charities, Council of Social Agencies, Salvation Army Advisory Board, and the American Automobile Association Advisory Board.

He also sponsored activities for young people as vice president of the Alexandria Boys' Club and member of the Alexandria Boy Scout Council.

WHY SCRUB KITCHEN FLOORS SO OFTEN?
Keep Linoleum Clean Longer With WILBERT'S "NO-RUB"* FLOOR WAX!
● Good news for homemakers of Washington and vicinity! You don't *have* to scrub kitchen linoleum so often! After washing the floor, simply *wipe* on WILBERT'S "NO-RUB" FLOOR WAX. Your linoleum *stays clean far longer* than with ordinary polishes! Yes, even as long—or longer—than with polishes costing almost *twice* as much!
Only imported Carnauba Wax is used in WILBERT'S. It's one of the *hardest* waxes used! Hence, WILBERT'S "NO-RUB" FLOOR WAX gives kitchen linoleum a *lasting* finish.
At our expense—try it! Send a postcard to WILBERT'S, Department W-2, 805 East 139th Street, New York 54, N. Y., and we'll send you, postpaid, enough WILBERT'S "NO-RUB" FLOOR WAX to *prove every claim we make!* Rush postcard today.

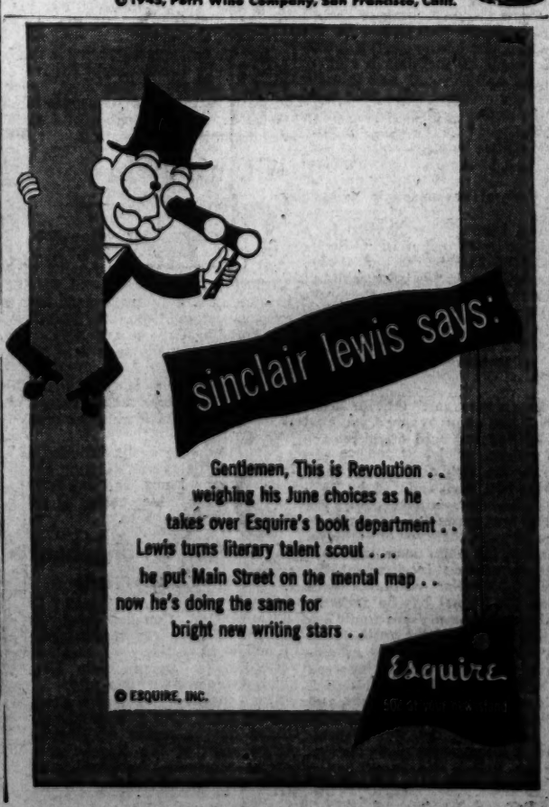
* The name "No-Rub" is the Reg. Trade Mark of Wilbert Products Co.

Expecting a Baby?
Mother's Friend helps bring ease and comfort to expectant mothers.

MOTHER'S FRIEND, an exquisitely prepared emollient, is useful in all conditions where a bland, mild anodyne massage medium in skin lubrication is desired. One condition in which women for more than 70 years have used it is an application for massaging the body during pregnancy . . . it helps keep the skin soft and pliable . . . thus avoiding unnecessary discomfort due to dryness and tightness. It refreshes and tones the skin. An ideal massage application for the numb, tingling or burning sensations of the skin . . . for the tired back muscles or cramp-like pains in the legs. Quickly absorbed. Delightful to use.
Mother's Friend
Highly praised by users, many doctors and nurses. Just ask any druggist for Mother's Friend—the skin lubricant. Try it tonight.

SICKISH STOMACH?
"Pepto-Bismol is good for that"
Stomach queasy, uneasy and upset? Quiet and calm it with soothing PEPTO-BISMOL. Helps bring prompt relief to sour, sickish, upset stomach—acts to retard *gas formation* and simple diarrhea. Pleasant-tasting. Non-laxative. *Ask your druggist for* PEPTO-BISMOL *when your stomach is upset.*
A NORWICH PRODUCT

● Kellogg's Corn Flakes bring you nearly all the protective food elements of the whole grain declared essential to human nutrition.


sinclair lewis says:
Gentlemen, This is Revolution . . weighing his June choices as he takes over Esquire's book department . . Lewis turns literary talent scout . . . he put Main Street on the mental map . . now he's doing the same for bright new writing stars . .
Esquire
© ESQUIRE, INC.

# The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

QUIET MOVE is under way to get France's former Premier Edouard Herriot invited unofficially to the USA, perhaps by Harvard, to cement relations with France, sagging as a result of De Gaulle-State Department bungling. Before France fell, Roosevelt proposed that 100 French leaders come to England or the USA. To lead France from the outside, but Herriot refused. He said the leaders of France should stay and suffer with their people; also that the men who would lead France after the war would be those who suffered privation in France during the war.

A lot of people are not at all happy about having French collaborationist Premier Laval brought to trial. He has a strong box in a Madrid bank containing correspondence with various people which won't look good if made public in court . . . Marshal Petain is in the same boat. He even has a signed treaty with Churchill . . . Some day the real reason why Mussolini was shot instead of being brought to trial will leak out. He also had some papers . . . If Hermann Goering really goes to trial, the true story of the mysterious Rudolph Hess flight to Scotland finally will be told.

## New Jersey Justice

NEW JERSEY'S ATTORNEY General Van Riper, though let off by one jury, still faces a charge of check kiting, plus another of income tax evasion . . . When Chief Justice Stone of the Supreme Court was U. S. Attorney General under Coolidge he fired Van Riper from the Justice Department, but Senator Walter Edge did his best to have him reinstated. Today Edge, now Governor of New Jersey, is still trying to protect Van Riper . . . The parole board is split two-to-one against letting Louisiana's former Governor Dick Leche out of jail. The one member who wants to let him out is T. Webber Wilson from the neighboring State of Mississippi. But Edward Reidy and Arthur Wood are opposed.

Jonathan Daniels, retiring White House press chief, was offered by Truman the job of Rural Electrification Administrator. He turned it down to go with the Macmillan Publishing Company . . . If General William O'Dwyer doesn't run for mayor of New York, Warner Brothers have offered him a top spot in their company . . . Liberty correspondent Burnet Hershey, returning from the war zone, reports that various Allied groups already have begun grabbing for the huge German gold cache U. S. troops found in a salt mine. The gold bars are not stamped with the name of any country, and Holland has pointed out that part of her gold reserve was snitched by the Nazis.

## Barney Baruch's Dream

BARNEY BARUCH has laid before President Truman an up-in-the-clouds proposal to reduce the Cabinet to the State, War, Navy and Treasury Departments, plus three other posts not now of Cabinet status—Office of War Mobilizer, Foreign Economic Administrator and Barney Baruch, himself. Barney is a little vague about what his job should be, but he is not vague about the fact that he wants a job in the Cabinet . . . President Truman listened to Baruch with outward cordiality, pretended he would think it over.

Democratic Chairman Hannegan has decided not to go to the Philippines on the junket with Senator Tydings. (There aren't any votes in the Philippines.) . . . Filipino leaders complain that when they go to see Tydings, chairman of the Insular Affairs Committee, he snaps at them: "Talk fast, talk fast." . . . Far-sighted Gen. Fred Osborn, chief of the Army's special services division, is completing arrangements for opening a university in Paris where American soldiers can study until they are shipped home . . . Although Portugal broke off relations with Germany just before VE-Day, she refused to cooperate with the Allies on the day following her break. When the U. S. State Department asked Portugal to "block all German and other enemy accounts and safe deposit boxes," the Portuguese refused, declaring such action would mean war with Germany.

## Vandenberg's 'Chinaman'

SENATOR ARTHUR VANDENBERG is working sincerely and energetically at being a statesman and bringing goodwill to the Allies. But he's not doing so well with the Chinese. The other day, Vandenberg was asked some questions by newsmen about proposed amendments to the United Nations charter.

"They don't have a Chinaman's chance," was his reply. Four Chinese newsmen present were furious, said nothing.

Note—The late Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox got into the same kind of trouble right after Pearl Harbor when the Chinese Ambassador called to express China's sorrow at Japan's sneak attack on Pearl Harbor.

"We'll fix those yellow-bellied so and so's," exploded Knox in reply.

## Backstage at Frisco

HERE'S THE INSIDE play-by-play account of what happened at San Francisco when Foreign Minister Molotov skillfully used the vote for Argentina to his own advantage to show how all the Americas lined up as a bloc.

Molotov argued for a three-fourths vote on all important issues because the United States and Great Britain had conclusively demonstrated their ability to gang up on the Russians, and to block any Soviet proposals.

The discussion was opened by Herbert Evatt, Australian Foreign Minister, who urged that each committee and commission decide its own voting rules.

Molotov replied that the matter of voting procedure was extremely important to the Russians and that he favored a three-fourths vote. Molotov also pointed out that the 20 votes of the American republics and the votes of Liberia and the Philippines would constitute a bloc which would command nearly a majority of the votes in the Conference. He reminded the steering committee that at the plenary session of April 30, the 20-vote American bloc had been solid.

In view of this situation, Molotov asked, "Would a simple majority voting arrangement which favors the United States on every issue be likely to insure harmonious cooperation?"

Secretary Stettinius tried to compromise, found himself interrupted by Australian Minister Evatt. Evatt said he felt all simple amendments to the Dumbarton Oaks proposals should be adopted by a majority, but all fundamental issues should be decided by a three-fourths vote.

Peter Fraser, the New Zealand Prime Minister, pointed out that he didn't think the American Republics would form a bloc against the rest of the world.

Fraser was swiftly seconded by Mexican Foreign Minister Padilla.

"While it's true," Padilla said, "that the American Republics have concurred on certain points at Mexico City, nevertheless they reached these conclusions independently. I am confident we will continue to act in the same manner in the future."

Molotov was not impressed by the argument. Later he was proven to be correct when the Americans voted together solidly during the entire week that followed.

Note—At the same meeting of the steering committee, Secretary Stettinius went out of the way to kick the little nations by expressing "the hope" that the eighteen chairmen of delegations which still had not made speeches would complete their speeches that night. Smaller nations delegates boiled over but said nothing.

## Grin and Bear It

By Lichty

"I really don't have time to play with the children, but I do scream and threaten them, and that seems like a game to them!"

## The Gallup Poll

# Presidential Timber in 1948? Truman, Dewey Head Long List

By George Gallup
Director, American Institute of Public Opinion

Princeton, N. J., May 15.—Conjecture about the 1948 presidential race has already begun. Interest increased sharply among political experts with the death of Franklin D. Rosevelt and the consequent probability that the next presidential election will be a "knock-down-dragout" fight.

Although the election is a long way off, it is interesting to note that nearly half of the voters throughout the country already have some one man in mind as possible presidential timber for 1948.

**Truman, Wallace Lead**

On the basis of today's survey, favorites among voters who want to see a Democrat elected as President in 1948 are President Harry S. Truman, Henry A. Wallace, former Vice President and now Department of Commerce head, Secretary of State Edward R. Stettinius, jr., James F. Byrnes, former War Mobilizer; Senator Harry F. Byrd, of Virginia.

Republican favorites at this time are Governor Thomas E. Dewey, 1944 Republican Presidential nominee; Commander Harold E. Stassen, former Governor of Minnesota and U. S. delegate to the United Nations Conference at San Francisco; John W. Bricker, 1944 Vice Presidential nominee of the Republican Party and former governor of Ohio; General Douglas MacArthur and Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg of Michigan, delegate to the United Nations Conference; former President Herbert Hoover; Senator Robert A. Taft of Ohio, Gov. Leverett Saltonstall of Massachusetts, and Gov. Earl Warren of California, who was much talked of as a running mate for Gov. Thomas E. Dewey in 1944.

The above men came out as the top favorites when field reporters for the Institute put this question to a cross-section of the Nation's voters:

*What man would you like to see elected President of the country in 1948?*

The percentage rankings of the favorites:

| | |
|---|---|
| **Democratic Possibilities** | |
| Truman | 63% |
| Wallace | 20 |
| Stettinius | 9 |
| Byrnes | 1 |
| Byrd | 1 |
| Others | 6 |
| Total | 100% |
| **Republican Possibilities** | |
| Dewey | 59% |
| Stassen | 15 |
| Bricker | 8 |
| MacArthur | 7 |
| Vandenberg | 4 |
| Taft | 2 |
| Hoover | 1 |
| Saltohstall | 1 |
| Warren | 1 |
| Others | 2 |
| Total | 100% |

As might be expected at this early time, the list of "dark horses" is large among both Democratic and Republican possibilities.

**Jones, Garner Mentioned**

Among other Democratic possibilities mentioned are: Jesse Jones, former Secretary of Commerce; former Vice President John Nance Garner, Eleanor Roosevelt, Sumner Welles, former Undersecretary of State; War Mobilization Director Fred M. Vinson, James Farley, former Postmaster General; Cordell Hull, former Secretary of State; Henry Kaiser, industrialist; Senator Claude D. Pepper of Florida, Senator Alben W. Barkley of Kentucky, Majority Leader in the Senate; Senator Tom Connally of Texas, chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs and delegate to the United Nations Conference; Robert Kerr of Oklahoma, keynoter of the 1944 Democratic National Convention; J. M. Broughton, former Governor of North Carolina; H. Street Baldwin, Congressman from Maryland.

Others, mentioned as Republican presidential choices, are: Eric A. Johnston, head of the United States Chamber of Commerce; New York's Mayor Fiorello H. LaGuardia; Senator Ralph O. Brewster of Maine.

## *Danish Gallup Poll Is Now Functioning*

Princeton, N. J., May 15.—A Danish Gallup Poll, sixth accredited Gallup Institute of Public Opinion, has already begun to function in Denmark, according to work received here by Dr. George Gallup from Wahl Asmussen, research expert and director of the Dansk Gallup Institut.

The Danish Institute was ready to start within a few days after Denmark was liberated.

This brings to six the number of countries now having accredited affiliate Gallup Polls. The other countries besides United States and Denmark are Canada, Britain, Australia and Sweden.

## *The Unseen Audience*

THE MARINES HAVE JUST TAKEN — OH-OH! I CAN'T PRONOUNCE IT. I CAN'T EVEN SPELL IT. WELL, YOU'D NEVER REMEMBER IT ANYWAY. THEY HAVE ALSO CAPTURED ANOTHER TOWN WITH A JAWBREAKING NAME. AFTER ALL, WHAT YOU WANT TO KNOW IS WHETHER WE ARE BEATING THE ENEMY. WE ARE SLAPPING HIS EARS OFF — AND NOW A MESSAGE FOR ALL SUFFERERS FROM VITAMIN DEFICIENCY AND FALLEN ARCHES
HE'S SO EASY TO FOLLOW — MAKES IT ALL SO CLEAR AND CONCISE. I SIMPLY ADORE HIS WAR NEWS

## Veterans' Guide

# Recording Of Service Data Advised

By Maj. Thomas M. Nial

What is your serial or service number, former service folks?

If you've been out of the service for as much as six months, I'll bet you had a tough time trying to remember that old number you knew so well. You used to have it in your mind all the time. Cinch to remember. But now, maybe, it's growing rusty—and the best way to keep it clear is to make a record of it to put some place.

While you're doing that you ought to make a record of your disability claim number, if you have one—the number the Veterans' Administration has given to you. Add, for luck, your Social Security number. All of these numbers are likely to be needed one of these days. So record them. The best place to keep record is with your discharge certificate or certificate of service.

Your county clerk or county recorder will register your discharge on the official records of your county. There will be no charge in most States. Then you'll get the original returned to you and you stick it in some safe place, along with a list of your serial or service number, disability claim number, and Social Security number. With these you also can keep your separation (Army) or notice of separation (Navy). Either of these two really means something because, added to a lot of data you may need some time, they show the type of character of your discharge or separation. Enlisted men and officers get these.

If you ever need a copy of your discharge, you can get a certified one (usually a photostatic copy) from your county recorder or county clerk for a small charge. That copy will be accepted legally.

There are new forms now being used by the Army which shows the discharge on one side of the paper and the report of separation on the other. The things are made up with seven copies. Over a million have now been sent out from Washington to Army depots. Five million more are in print.

If you don't think that the right kind of discharge is important, read about Frank, a former Navy man, who lives just outside of Washington.

"Where have you been employed the last two years?" the personnel man wanted to know. Frank was being interviewed for a job.

"Been in the Navy," Frank said.

"Honorable discharge?"

"Well," Frank evaded. "I never had any trouble with Navy officials. Got into a little trouble with civil authorities. That's the reason I'm out."

"Got your discharge papers with you?"

"No," Frank answered. "They're in my room."

The interviewer asked bluntly, "What color is your discharge?"

Frank hesitated a second, then answered, "Yellow."

That was all. Frank wasn't hired.

A yellow dicharge to many employees is like a red flag to a bull.

In fact, a blue Army discharge is a danger signal.

You'd be surprised how many employers have learned that the right kind of discharge is a recommendation to be respected.

*(Next article Friday.)*

(From AP Newsfeatures)

# Annapolis Mayor Seeks Reelection

Annapolis, Md., May 15 (AP).—Mayor William U. McCready of Annapolis announced today he would seek a second term and filed papers for renomination on the Democratic ticket.

He issued a statement pledging a continuation of a "sound business administration."

The only Republican candidate for Mayor to have filed papers for the June primaries so far is Lieut. Comdr. Roscoe C. Rowe, USNR, now on active duty at the Naval Academy.


# Women with PILES Get DOCTORS' Tip

You know, without asking, that this formula for distress of piles MUST be the best. It's the same one used by DOCTORS, adjunctively for men and women patients at noted Thornton & Minor Clinic. Surprising QUICK palliative relief of pain, itch, soreness. Helps soften and tends to shrink swelling. Get tube Thornton & Minor's Rectal Ointment—or Thornton & Minor Rectal Suppositories. If not thrilled at quick results, the low cost refunded on request. At all good stores everywhere—in Washington at Liggett's and Whelan's


# 'Last Redout' A Myth Built By Goebbels

By Howard Cowan

Berchtesgaden, May 14 (AP).—The idea of a national redoubt—an Alpine fortress where remnants of the Germany army could hold out for years—was nothing more than a figment of Paul Joseph Goebbels' imagination.

The nonexistence of such a citadel was obvious enough after a thorough inspection of the Berchtesgaden-Ober Salzburg area, but Hines Nories confirmed it today beyond a shadow of a doubt. Nories is a 36-year-old engineer and architect who since 1936 has been digging tunnels and building fancy mountain homes for Adolf Hitler and his ilk. American Army authorities pronounced him a safe risk and he has been signed on as mayor of Berchtesgaden.

"They could never have been defended," the Bavarian engineer said, sweeping his hand toward the debris-strewn mountain sides.

**"Poof—" and Valhalla**

"There are machine guns in the pillboxes and in the walls of the tunnels, but a little dynamite and, poof—it would be all over. Only two were complete—Hitler's and Bormann's. Goering's was almost done," he said.

"The tunnels never were designed as anything more than air-raid shelters and places to store valuable items where they would be safe from bombing," said the man who carried out the orders of high Nazi leaders.

"We still were working up to April 25 when the big RAF raid came. One of our labor camps was destroyed, but only six people were killed. That's when the houses were smashed—Hitler's, Goering's and Bormann's.

"Goering was caught in that raid and two days later he was arrested by the SS."

**Confirms Hitler Romance**

In Hitler's house some rooms were strewn with face powder, toilet water and women's apparel and the aroma of fancy perfumes still hung over the place. Asked if the big boss ever entertained, Nories said:

"Oh, Hitler's girl friend always was around. I mean Eva Braun."

"She's a very simple girl. She used to work for Heinrich Hoffmann, Hitler's photographer."

"Where's Hoffmann?" he was asked.

"Hah," Nories scoffed. "He's around waiting until he can take pictures of General Eisenhower. He's a businessman, yes, a businessman."

Nories told, with some mischievousness, about Goering's bathtub.

"It is a very big one," he said. "Goering had a bomber fly it up here from Berlin. It was too big to go in the doors or windows. I had to tear a wall out and hoist it in with a crane."

Nories was right about its size. Gault MacGowan, broad-beamed New York Sun correspondent, and I both fitted comfortably in it together. (It still had a ring around it.)

Nories shared Goering's expressed hate for Bormann, Nazi Party secretary who ingratiated himself with the fuehrer and contributed to the wrecking of the Nazi Party, according to Goering.

"He used to be in the building business himself," Nories said with a scowl. "We couldn't do anything to suit him. It wasn't good enough or it wasn't fast enough. It always was 'faster, faster, faster' with Bormann. He's no good."


Discover the "Witchery" IN IMPORTED SHERRY

There's sheer enchantment in each clear, golden sip of this magnificent, soft sherry. Product of the sun-drenched vineyards of old-world Jerez, Spain, it is the culmination of wine-making skill unsurpassed for centuries.

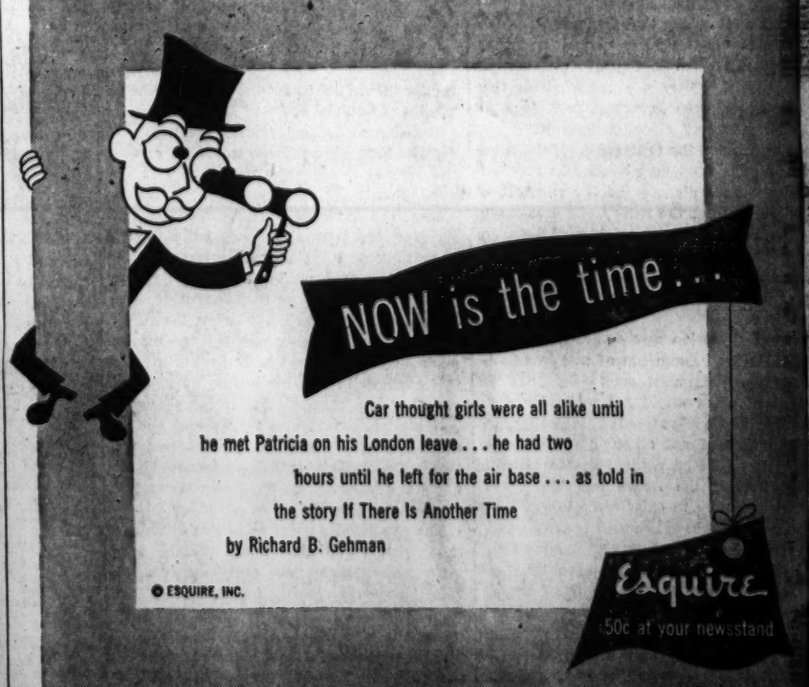
A. R. RUIZ
DEVONSHIRE CREAM SHERRY
"There's witchery in wine—wizardry in Devonshire Cream"
At bars, hotels, package stores
Imported and bottled by R. U. Delapenha & Co., Inc.
Sole Agent in the U. S. A.
57 Laight Street, New York 13, N. Y.

NATIONAL Premium BEER
not how much, but how good
MANFRED
THE NATIONAL BREWING COMPANY · BALTIMORE 24, MD.
NATIONAL BREWING COMPANY
128 QUE ST. N.E., WASHINGTON 2, D. C. Michigan 2600

HERE'S VALUE!
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH AND RADIO
$2.50 TO $3.50 SINGLE
$3.50 TO $6.00 DOUBLE
Accommodations for 1000 guests.
HOTEL CHESTERFIELD
AT RADIO CITY IN TIMES SQUARE
130 West 49th Street, New York
WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET

PAZO for Simple PILES
Relieves pain and soreness
PAZO IN TUBES!
Millions of people suffering from simple Piles, have found prompt relief with PAZO ointment. Here's why: First, PAZO ointment soothes inflamed areas—relieves pain and itching. Second, PAZO ointment lubricates hardened, dried parts—helps prevent cracking and soreness. Third, PAZO ointment tends to reduce swelling and check minor bleeding. Fourth, it's easy to use. PAZO ointment's perforated Pile Pipe makes application simple, thorough. Your doctor can tell you about PAZO ointment.
SUPPOSITORIES TOO!
Some persons, and many doctors, prefer to use suppositories, so PAZO comes in handy suppositories also. The same soothing relief that PAZO always gives.
Get PAZO Today! At Drugstores!

even with aces . .
you need a forehand . . . the U. S. Singles Tennis Champion reveals how he built his game to spell top tennis . . . in a sports article How I Perfected My Forehand by Frank Parker
Esquire 50c at your newsstand
© ESQUIRE, INC.


NOW is the time . . .
Car thought girls were all alike until he met Patricia on his London leave . . . he had two hours until he left for the air base . . . as told in the story If There Is Another Time by Richard B. Gehman
© ESQUIRE, INC.
Esquire
50c at your newsstand

MANN'S Potato Chips
YEAH, MANN!
MADE FRESH DAILY!

MANY NEVER SUSPECT CAUSE OF BACKACHES
This Old Treatment Often Brings Happy Relief
Many sufferers relieve nagging backache quickly, once they discover that the real cause of their trouble may be tired kidneys.
The kidneys are Nature's chief way of taking the excess acids and waste out of the blood. They help most people pass about 3 pints a day.
When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headaches and dizziness. Frequent or scanty passages with smarting and burning sometimes shows there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder.
Don't wait! Ask your druggist for Doan's Pills, used successfully by millions for over 40 years. They give happy relief and will help the 15 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Doan's Pills.

It is Tea at its Best
"SALADA" TEA
In Packages and Tea Bags at Your Grocer's

# The Washington Post

Registered in U. S. Patent Office.

An Independent Newspaper
(Published every day in the year.)

Eugene Meyer, Editor and Publisher

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and local news of spontaneous origin published herein. Rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

New York Office.....270 Madison Avenue
Chicago Office.....360 North Michigan Avenue

CARRIER DELIVERY

*District of Columbia and Suburbs.*

| Daily and Sunday | Sunday Only | Daily Only |
|---|---|---|
| One week ...$ .35 | One week ...$ .10 | One week ...$ .15 |
| One month.. 1.10 | One month. .45 | One month. .65 |

*Elsewhere*

| Daily and Sunday | Sunday Only | Daily Only |
|---|---|---|
| One week ...$ .30 | One week ...$ .10 | One week ...$ .20 |
| One month.. 1.30 | One month.. .45 | One month.. .85 |

BY MAIL—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

*Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and North Carolina*

| Daily and Sunday | Sunday Only | Daily Only |
|---|---|---|
| One year...$12.00 | One year....$5.25 | One year...$7.00 |
| Six months.. 6.50 | Six months.. 2.75 | Six months.. 4.00 |
| One month.. 1.30 | One month.. .50 | One month.. .85 |

*Other States, Mexico and Canada*

| Daily and Sunday | Sunday Only | Daily Only |
|---|---|---|
| One year...$12.75 | One year....$6.00 | One year....$7.50 |
| Six months.. 7.00 | Six months.. 3.00 | Six months.. 4.25 |
| One month.. 1.30 | One month.. .55 | One month.. .85 |

Rates to Foreign Countries not listed will be furnished upon request.

*Entered at the Postoffice, Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.*

TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200.

Wednesday, May 16, 1945


## Big Three Parley

In view of the evident lack of success at Yalta in achieving a real meeting of minds on the part of the Russian, British and American leaders, it is difficult to wax enthusiastic over the prospect of another meeting of the Big Three. Yet such a meeting must be held. President Truman told his press conference yesterday that he hopes the Big Three will sit down together soon, although neither the time nor place has been agreed upon. The very fact that sharp differences of opinion exist between Russia and Britain and Russia and the United States on a wide variety of subjects makes such a meeting unavoidable. It has proved impossible to solve these problems by routine negotiation between governments. Apparently they can be solved, if solved at all, only on the highest political level.

Before the next Big Three meeting occurs, however, it is to be hoped that adequate advance preparations will be made so that the misunderstandings growing out of Yalta will not be repeated. Above all, it is essential that the conversations at the next meeting be brought down from the level of high-sounding generalities meaning all things to all men—and very different things to the Russians and to us—to the level of precise terms. Certainly it would serve no useful purpose but only contribute to further disharmony among the Big Three to have the next conference decide, as Yalta decided, that "democratic" governments should be established in the liberated and former satellite countries. What is now needed is specific agreement as to just what "democratic" means and just what methods are to be pursued to achieve that aim.

With the war in Europe over, a multitude of new problems never touched upon at Yalta also demand attention. The need for careful preparation in advance of the next conference of the Big Three is thus further underlined. Failure to make such preparations would doom that conference to an outcome even more disappointing than that of Yalta.

## War As A Game

Germany's ablest tank expert, Col. Gen. Heinz Guderian, now a prisoner of war in Berchtesgaden, seems to relish discussing his pet theories and criticizing mistakes by the German leadership. "A soldier after battle soon feels at home with other soldiers," he recently told the United Press. "It's like a football match when you shake hands and wish each other luck. Politicians and businessmen, unfortunately, feel and act otherwise."

This is an extremely interesting analogy. At the risk of having the sportsmanly general count us among the politicians and businessmen, we confess that we had not thought of the war just ended as a football match and cannot escape a feeling that the two are not altogether analogous. We can call to mind no football match, for example—to cite but a single distinction—which involved quite so high a rate of mortality, not only for the players but even for people on the sidelines who thought of themselves as spectators.

If war is, as General Guderian conceives it to be, a football match, then it is a football match for exceedingly high stakes. It is no overstatement to say that General Guderian and his teammates have played it rather roughly—and often in flagrant violation of all the rules. There are penalties for this sort of thing, even in professional football matches, including, quite properly, we think, disbarment from the profession. If the rules of war require a friendly handshake even for those who have disregarded the rules, then it is high time for the rules to be drastically revised. Such a revision might give pause to professional soldiers who consider themselves entitled to professional immunity, no matter how hideous the outrages they have committed.

General Guderian was not wholly disinterested in his comparison of war to a football match. He went on to say that he hoped the Allies would not make the mistakes they had made after the last war, "particularly that of not allowing Germany to exist." It might be pointed out to him, of course, that if the Allies had really not allowed Germany to exist after World War I, they would not have been obliged to expend several million human lives to subdue Germany in World War II. But the real mistake of the Allies was in allowing the General Guderians to regain their power. For the General Guderians—the men who think of war as a game, who score points in human lives, who perceive no moral distinction betwen opposing sides—are men who perpetuate war as an instrument of national policy.

It is not reported that General Guderian expressed any sense of dismay over the anguish which his "game" had brought to the whole of mankind. He gave no sign of guilt or contrition. He was merely the "gallant soldier," the "good loser," the professional seeking comradeship among colleagues who, by the peculiar fortunes of war, happened to have beaten him. If we wish him luck, as he thinks we ought to do, next time he may have it. If we subscribe to the rules which he and his kind have contrived—which they have broken at will and under which they now claim protection—we shall keep the game alive. But it happens to be a game which civilization can no longer afford to play.

## Trustee Role

*From San Francisco—Tuesday*

If you wish to understand the Russian attitude toward Poland, study our Navy's attitude on the Pacific islands. The Russians want an independent Poland that will be subservient to Moscow. Our Navy wants trusteeship of the Pacific islands without the obligations of trusteeship. Why be so hypocritical? Because we developed a strategic obsession after we adopted a "no annexation" position in the Atlantic Charter. Accordingly, the finest of fine hairs was split in the trusteeship discussions in the American delegation before the American proposals were issued.

As these proposals stand, all functions of the proposed trusteeship relating to strategic areas would be exercised by the deputy of the Security Council, but the Security Council would be boss. The exact wording is: "All functions of the organization relating to strategic areas, including the approval of the trustee arrangements and their alteration or amendment, should be exercised by the Security Council." That wording appears to show that the State Department has been firm in insisting that our policy shall defer to the legal fact that a trustee has an obligation to a person or organization.

The Navy is by no means wedded to this phraseology. Backing for its intransigence is coming from sundry Senators who drop in here from time to time to uphold the Navy's hand. There is a vague feeling as a result of this activity that what is written down about strategic bases will be weasel words. The Navy feels that after the war with Japan the Pacific must be made into an American lake.

The British know what is going on. They think that if we want the Japanese islands we ought to take them and have done with word spinning. And certainly the Navy wants them—and so badly that so far in the present discussions our passion for security has actually gone ahead of our altruism. Perhaps this change in emphasis may be traced back to the time 18 months ago when Mr. Churchill said the war was getting less ideological. Indirectly, New Zealand's Prime Minister, Peter Fraser, said virtually the same thing when he declared here a day or so ago that when the idea of trusteeship occurred to Messrs. Roosevelt and Hull, "the question of strategic bases did not loom large."

At any rate, the British are being put into a position here of being more idealistic than the United States in that they seem more concerned with the welfare of the people in trust territories. They have acquired that position as the result of their insistence that care of the peoples concerned shall be intrusted to the General Assembly, which will have eleemosynary machinery, instead of the Security Council, which will have none. We stress security, they stress welfare. This argument must be ironed out before the delegates can move into the complex of problems known as the future of colonialism. Amid this preoccupation with security on our part one wonders whether the key points in this war, which we wish to secure within our own strategic zone, will be key points in the next war. It would be a reversal of history if they were.

## SHAEF Vs. The Press

The confusion and tempest of accusation and counteraccusation which followed the premature release by the Associated Press of the story of the German surrender gave the world its first real inkling of the serious hostility which has developed at Supreme Allied Headquarters between American newspaper correspondents on the one side and Army officials in charge of press relations on the other. Most of the correspondents concurred in the general condemnation of the conduct of Mr. Kennedy of the Associated Press, who, it was felt, was guilty of a serious breach of journalistic ethics when he violated the pledge exacted of him by the Army. The pledge was that the news of the surrender should not be released for publication pending an official order to that effect.

But it soon became evident that reprisals for Mr. Kennedy's offense would go beyond the actual offender and would go even beyond the case itself. Three other correspondents of the Associated Press, subordinate to Mr. Kennedy, were also suspended, although it does not appear that these correspondents were themselves obligated by the pledge given by their chief or that they were even aware of it. Immediately after this, four correspondents were suspended for having made an unauthorized visit to Berlin. In this case, at least, there was no question of violating any pledge. The correspondents had been informed that they would not be taken to Berlin to make reports as to damage there; they made no promise, however, about not going to Berlin on their own account if opportunity offered.

The opportunity did present itself through the assistance of Red army officials, who were described by the correspondents as "most cooperative and hospitable." This raises the question of why the SHAEF thought it necessary to discourage or to prohibit visits to Berlin in the first place, since the visits apparently in no way displeased the Russians. The likeliest answer is that the public relations section at SHAEF had attempted to arrange for such a visit through the usual bureaucratic channels and that the plan had bogged down because of the inevitable bureaucratic complications and obfuscations.

The main difficulty, we suspect, arises from the utter misconception of the nature and function of newspaper work and of a correspondent's responsibility that exists generally among military men. The military man tends to consider the correspondent as a sort of publicity specialist in the service of the military unit to which he is accredited, whereas the conscientious correspondent considers that his primary responsibility is to his newspaper. The enterprise and zeal for uncovering news that newspapers encourage and reward in their correspondents are in fact the very qualities that the Army finds most reprehensible in them. Thus we have the anomaly of a group of correspondents deprived of further right to practice their profession in the European theater, or perhaps in any military theater, for no better reason than that they were attempting to practice it seriously.

## Trieste

The British and American governments acted with commendable promptness and vigor in making it clear to Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia that Trieste will remain under Allied control until its status is settled by the Peace Conference. For some time the Yugoslav regime has made no bones of its desire to annex the entire Istrian Peninsula, including the port of Trieste, which, as it happens, has an overwhelmingly Italian population. After the German surrender in Italy, Tito's followers began to make good that claim by stepping into Trieste and taking over the administration of the city and its surrounding area.

This move was objectionable on several grounds. In the first place, as part of Italy at the time the latter went to war the Istrian Peninsula clearly belongs within the zone of Allied military control. Secondly, a Yugoslav *fait accompli* in Trieste would have set an extremely dangerous precedent since it would have given an excuse for other nations to take unilateral action to aggrandize themselves at the expense of their neighbors. And, thirdly, as Sumner Welles points out in his article on this page today, the Yugoslav annexation of Fiume would be in flat violation of the Atlantic Charter.

The ultimate disposition of Fiume and the Istrian Peninsula, like the settlement of innumerable other boundary problems that the war has brought into sharp focus, should be left to the Peace Conference. That is the only way anarchy can be prevented in Europe. At that time serious consideration should certainly be given to Mr. Welles' proposal that Trieste, while remaining under Italian sovereignty, should be made into a free port available to all the nations able to trade through it.

## One Million Bombs

If you recall the splashing of large raindrops in a summer shower, you will have some notion of what Monday's Superfortress raid must have looked like to the citizens of Nagoya. Five hundred of our giant planes dropped 1,165,000 separate and distinct incendiary bombs upon the Japanese city. Probably they fell in the straight gray lines and with something of the impenetrable density of a thunderstorm, so that few persons or things within their area could escape being pelted by them.

Unlike raindrops, these bombs weighed 6 pounds apiece. And each one, as it splattered on the ground or upon some structure in its path, splayed out a hundred globules of jellied gasoline which burst into searing flame wherever it fell. There is no way to bring such a flood of fire under control. And for the Japanese, with their weakened air force, there is no way to ward it off—no way, save through surrender.

This is, to be sure, a pitiless and ugly form of war. We ought not to blink at its implications. It is terror bombing—something we have deplored and condemned when it was practiced by our enemies. It makes no distinction between soldier and civilian, between the guilty and the innocent, between the infant and the adult. Our justification for this tactic is that Japanese industry is so scattered as to make the singling out of military targets impossible. And through the devastation of great industrial areas, we seek to paralyze the war-making potential of the enemy, bringing to an end more swiftly than we could by any other means the whole terrible and costly conflict in the Pacific.

The concept of victory through air power is likely to be better tested in the Pacific war than it was in Europe. Japan's home islands are not large as continental land masses go. Soon, as General Doolittle prophesied, we shall be able to send fleets of 2000 Superfortresses over Tokyo and Kyoto and Nagoya and Osaka. And, so far as can be foreseen, the Japanese will be as powerless to retaliate as to escape. Their position is altogether hopeless. The question they must answer is not whether to surrender but when to surrender—how much longer to endure what cannot be remedied or evaded. Their answer to this question might well be speeded—to our own benefit as well as to theirs—if they had a clear understanding of what surrender would entail.

### THREE CROSSES

Mexico

*I saw three crosses on a hill,*
*Black against the sky:*
*The sunset haloed them until*
*They ached against the eye.*
*In blessed barrenness they stood—*
*For fruit of such as these*
*Is bitterness unknown to wood*
*Of kindly living trees,*
*In deathless memory they stand,*
*Eloquent and still,*
*Unlettered, in a foreign land,*
*Three crosses on a hill.*

YETZA GILLESPIE

# War Plant Cinderellas

By Malvina Lindsay

## Back To The Ashes

THERE ARE SIGNS that the first reconversion labor skirmish may take place on the feminine front. Already there have been flare-ups of telephone operators and spasmodic strikes in laundry and other public service housekeeping industries.

Hotel and restaurant jobs, together with those in laundries, dry cleaning establishments and home domestic service, are the ashes to which many of the war plant Cinderellas are expected to return. Since women in war industries are likely to feel the first effects of a letdown in war production, the problem of what to do with the former $16 a week (or less) employe who has recently been making twice that amount (or more) in a factory may soon be a pressing one. Also, what fate awaits the woman who had no special skill when she entered a war plant, and who acquired none that would help her in postwar industry?

Housewives who are eagerly awaiting the return of their former maids and cleaning women, and restaurant and laundry proprietors who think all will be well as soon as job lines begin to form fail to recognize the psychological hazards ahead. A discontented and rebellious employe may be worse than none. Those who have known regular hours, definite tasks and improved living standards are not likely to do their old jobs under the old conditions efficiently and harmoniously even if they get hungry enough to take them.

**Feminine Pursuits**

Both the Women's Advisory Committee of the War Manpower Commission and the Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor are seeking to develop programs to meet this problem. They recognize that if 60 million people are to be employed after the war a large number of the women who need and want to work must be absorbed in their traditional service occupations, all of which are planning postwar expansion.

At least one-half million women may have jobs as domestic employes in homes—if they will take them. (There has been a decrease of that number in domestic service since Pearl Harbor.) Probably many more part-time service opportunities will be available. Also the needs for private and public housekeeping services will increase as community living develops. But these services will have to be put on an employment level to attract capable women if they are to function successfully.

Miss Frieda Miller, head of the Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor, warns that the forcing of thousands of women into low paying jobs while the cost of living remains high will produce an "acute crisis." She urges that service and consumer goods industries eliminate "substandard working conditions." Minimum wage rates covering women workers in such fields now exist in scarcely more than half the States and these rates are uniformly low.

**Changes Needed**

Domestic service in the home needs a complete overhauling both in the interests of those who work and those who employ. In some areas women themselves are tackling the problem, as in Chicago where a Household Employes' League has been set up through the YWCA to consult with domestic workers and seek to establish standards of work and more business-like human relationships. The Women's Advisory Committee of the War Manpower Commission, in its recently issued report, "Women in the Postwar," recommends that household employes be included under the Social Security Act, workmen's compensation, minimum wage and hour laws, and other social legislation. It also suggests training programs for household employes and for displaced women workers who have no special skills.

Surveys made by the Women's Bureau show that many women war workers would return to, or enter, domestic service if it were put on a business-like basis and offered opportunity for advancement. Best long-range solution of the problem, say those who have studied it, is public vocational training to fit girls for the entire field of public and private service occupations. Such training would develop professional standards of work, enlarge the horizons and opportunities of workers. Girls who prepared for this field would no longer feel they were entering a blind alley, but would have the impetus to improve themselves and to follow the American dream of getting ahead.

## Cloth For Clothing

The letter in Saturday's Post, "Clothing for Europe," struck me as a most constructive suggestion. I should like to add that throughout the United States blackout curtains made from sateen, cotton, and other wearable materials must run into the square miles. Why not have a drive devoted exclusively to collecting these curtains? Such a drive should take place as soon as possible so that the material would arrive in time for the summer months.

ANN STOCKTON LITTLE.
Washington, May 14.

# Problem Of Trieste

By Sumner Welles

## Free Port Under Italian Flag

THE ANNOUNCEMENT a few days ago that forces of the British Eighth Army, composed of General Freyberg's New Zealanders, had occupied the city of Trieste received little attention here. But the issues which are raised by this occupation are exceedingly far-reaching.

The reaction of Marshal Tito's government was immediate. It was also menacing. First came the declaration from some of his military leaders that the liberation of Trieste from German control had in no sense been due to British help, since Yugoslav partisans had previously cleared the city of German invaders. This was closely followed by a warning from one of the Yugoslav regents that the continued occupation by British forces of Trieste might have grave consequences.

FOR SOME TIME past official statements by Marshal Tito's associates make it clear that the provisional government of Yugoslavia not only demands the cession by Italy of the Istrian Peninsula but in particular lays claim to the City of Trieste itself.

The reaction within Italy provoked by the Yugoslav announcements was equally prompt. It was even more violent. On May 4 a riot of serious proportions took place in Rome. It was started by a patriotic demonstration of Italian students and of Italian troops, who were publicly demanding the retention of Trieste. This parade was attacked by Italian Communists who sought to break it up to show their own willingness to have the Istrian Peninsula and Trieste handed over the Partisans of Yugoslavia.

The Yugoslav pretentions, which are presumed in Italy to have received the blessing of Moscow, have caused the most profound concern to the leaders of the present Italian government. They have infuriated all of the liberal and democratic leaders of Italy who are affiliated with the Communist party.

TRIESTE IS, of course, the only seaport of importance for a large segment of central and eastern Europe, as well as for a considerable part of the Balkans. In the peace settlements of 1919 the former Austrian port of Trieste was ceded to Italy, together with the Istrian Peninsula and a part of the hinterland. There can be no question that in the lines of demarcation then laid down grave ethnical and economic injustices were committed. Many Slavonic people inhabiting the Istrian region were placed under Italian sovereignty. In the peace settlements to come these errors must certainly be rectified. But there would seem to be no shred of justification for incorporating the City of Trieste with Yugoslavia. The inhabitants of Trieste are approximately 85 per cent Italian in origin and sympathy. To place these Italianate pepole under the control of a Slavonic state would be as grave an error as those which were committed in 1919. It would be bound to arouse tensions which would prevent either political or economic stability in the Adriatic region.

The fairest solution, and one which was once favored in Washington, would permit Trieste to remain under the Italian flag, but as a free port for the equal benefit of all of the countries able to trade through it.

Yugoslavia is a signatory of the United Nations Declaration. She thereby subscribed to the principles of the Atlantic Charter. The cession to Yugoslavia of a city with a large majority of Italian inhabitants who bitterly oppose such annexation would be a flagrant violation of Yugoslavia's commitments. It would also violate principles which must be maintained if the settlements to come are to insure a peaceful Europe in the future.

The economic importance of Trieste to Italy can hardly be overestimated. We are apt to forget that Italy has not only been the poorest of the so-called great powers, but that she is relatively far poorer than Yugoslavia. What little mineral wealth, such as coal and mercury, which Italy possesses comes only from the neighborhood of Trieste. The loss of these mineral resources, and the loss of the prosperity which a free flow of commerce through Trieste can provide, would involve great hardship to the Italian people.

BUT THE EFFECT upon Italian morale would be much more serious. The acquisition of Trieste, with its Italian population at the close of the last war, represented the satisfaction of an Italian aspiration of many generations. Its loss now would always be regarded by the bulk of the Italian people as an act of flagrant injustice. If democratic forces within Italy are to be encouraged, if a free and stable government is to be established by the Italian people, and if Italy is to become a useful member of the family of nations, the Italian people should not be dealt a body blow to their faith in the justice of the decisions of the United Nations.

Here again we have one of the serious political problems which could so readily have been solved before the close of the war had a provisional council of the United Nations been established for that purpose.

The lack of such machinery for dealing with problems of this character will be felt increasingly during the coming months. Such questions as these make it all the more imperative that the international organization now being framed at San Francisco come into being at the earliest possible moment. Should the United Nations governments possess no assurance at the close of the Conference that the new organization can function at an early date, they should take steps to create a provisional council capable of facilitating a just solution of such problems as Trieste until a permanent organization is ready to take over.

# Letters To The Editor

*Communications must carry writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters should be held to not more than 200 words. They are subject to condensation.*

## Niemoeller

I am unable to agree with your editorial on Niemoeller in the May 13 Post. You failed to mention that Niemoeller was a ruthless U-Boat commander in the first World War and that he, like many others among the retired officers of the first World War, avidly embraced nationalism and Nazism in Germany. He continued doing so after he chose to be a minister.

Before and after Hitler's advent to power Niemoeller was one of his most tenacious followers and no atrocity committed by the Nazis ever brought one word of protest from Niemoeller's lips. His anti-Semitic speeches before and after Hitler came to power were ruthless, second to none. For purely dogmatic reasons he disagreed with Hitler when the latter founded the "Deutsche Reichskirche" and, placing Bishop Mueller, an obscure pastor, at its head, asked Niemoeller to bow. Niemoeller's refusal brought him into the concentration camp where, as you point out in your editorial, he was not physically maltreated and where his guards, as he said, never laid their hands upon him.

I would like to see any man, other than a temporary dissenter of Nazism treated the way Niemoeller was. When the Nazis imprisoned thousands in Germany in 1933 and killed many of them and when the blood purge of June, 1934, swept Germany, Niemoeller had to recognize that National Socialism and Christianity could not be reconciled. When he made his choice it was too late.

I am opposed to building up persons as potential leaders of a new Germany who are so little fit for such a role and who have not a Chinaman's chance of being accepted eventually as leaders by the Germans when they feel ready to make the unavoidable adjustments which might lead them back into the Society of Nations.

JOHN GEIGER.
Washington, May 13.

The problem of setting up a good government in Germany is an appalling one, but why isn't Pastor Niemoeller a big part of the answer? Eight years ago the Nazis put him in a concentration camp for opposing their doctrines and saying "God Is My Fuehrer!" They would have been relieved and delighted to let him out at any time if he had been willing to recant, but he remained steadfast.

His ability and character command the respect of the God-fearing people in his own country, and in every country of the world.

Many students feel that Germany's downfall is due to the philosophy of skepticism and materialism which started in her universities in the nineteenth century. This "higher criticism" has unfortunately left its sordid mark on many of our own teachers who came under German influence. It must be thrown off!

With Niemoeller at the helm, and "God as their Fuehrer," the German people would have a brighter future than ever. Their splendid intelligence, energy, and thrift would be directed into good and useful channels instead of into frightful and destructive ones. They so desperately need, now, the faith and inspiration Niemoeller represents, which they might not accept from a foreign "propagandist."

Even godless Russia cannot doubt the sincerity of Niemoeller's opposition to Nazi doctrines, and would doubtless see advantage in a Germany directed in useful channels.

"Without a vision the nation perishes." What other hope is there for the German people? Are they not ripe now to repent their folly, to abandon fiendishness, and to take God as their Fuehrer?

FAY AGASSIZ.
Washington, May 8.

## Cozying With Criminals

The various newspaper accounts of Goering's surrender tell of his arrival in his chauffeur-driven car, his reception complete with lunch and overstuffed chair, the handshakes, and subsequent chats with Generals Stack and Dahlquist.

I recall not long ago Chief of Police Kelly permitted his photograph to be taken with Joseph Medley in what appeared to be informal conversation. The criticism for his fraternization with a criminal was sharp, even reaching the floor of Congress.

Medley had a mere three or four murders to his credit. What a bush-leaguer compared to Goering!

Add to the Goering episode similar stories about Von Rundstedt, Kesselring, Kleist, etc., and it looks as if a little of what Colonel Kelly got wouldn't hurt the Army.

MORTON A. RAUH.
Washington, May 10.

# F. D. R. Principles

By Mark Sullivan

## America Stands Firm

TO SAY THE CHANGE in the American Presidency made any change in the American Government's attitude about peacemaking and postwar peace preservation, would be directly incorrect. The new Administration is as devoted as Mr. Roosevelt himself to the basic principles he proclaimed. So far as Roosevelt made formal commitments on specific points, the new Administration is meticulous to abide by them.

An example is Roosevelt's promise to Premier Stalin to support the latter's demand for three representatives at the San Francisco Conference. This promise was not publicly known at the time it was made at Yalta last February. The later publication of it aroused criticism in America. Many felt that if Russia was to have three representatives at San Francisco, the United States should have more than one. Roosevelt himself had said this; his promise to Stalin was accompanied by a statement that the United States also would demand more than one representative. This claim for America Roosevelt later abandoned. When the San Francisco Conference approached, the Truman Administration adhered exactly to Roosevelt's position; it did not demand more than one representative for the United States, and it assented to Russia having three.

IN SPITE OF complete determination to abide by commitments already made and thus to preserve an unimpeachable record for the country, the Truman Administration nevertheless has some difficulty in carrying on from where Roosevelt left off. There is a change. The difference is not between Roosevelt and Mr. Truman; it is rather a difference in the attitude of foreign countries, and especially their leaders. These looked upon the policy of the United States as not wholly a matter of formal and official actions; they considered the American policy as in part an emanation of President Roosevelt's personality, and interpreted it in the light of what the world knew about him. To an important degree, other peoples and their leaders looked upon Roosevelt not merely an American leader but a world leader.

Further, much of America's policy was carried on by personal negotiation of Roosevelt with Stalin and Churchill. In these negotiations, and especially in the personal meetings of the three, at Teheran and at Yalta, the others undoubtedly got impressions of Roosevelt's personality and temperament, upon which they relied, and from which, no doubt, they made deductions as to the future. They may have expected, for example, that Roosevelt would share the feeling the Russian government had, and later formally expressed, about giving Argentina a seat at the San Francisco Conference. More importantly, on more fundamental matters, they almost certainly took Roosevelt's personality into account in anticipating the entire process of peacemaking, and of setting up an international organization to prevent war.

Yet to say this, and to emphasize that the change in the American Presidency makes no break in American policy, is really beside the point. What has happened is that, more or less coinciding with Roosevelt's death, new conditions have arisen. The sum of these new conditions amounts to one—the time has come for application, in concrete instances, of the principles Roosevelt proclaimed.

WHAT ROOSEVELT would have done in these cases, as they arose, can only be matter for speculation. What statesmen of other countries may have assumed he would do, is immaterial. America is obliged to assume that in each case, as it arose, the American President would have stood firm for the principles involved. It can be taken for granted that this will be the course of the new Administration, not merely because the principles were proclaimed by Roosevelt, but because the new Administration believes in them, and believes that the American people believe in them.

One broad principle, proclaimed by Roosevelt as underlying the peace settlement about the status of liberated and conquered countries, is that the status of each should be determined by joint action of the United Nations, and not in any case by what diplomacy calls "unilateral" action; meaning action by one of the United Nations on its own wish and in its own interest, without consulting the others. This principle is in the Atlantic Charter, underlies the peace settlements, and is inherent in the United Nations organization being formed at San Francisco. Application of the principle in concrete cases is an immediate problem.

## Light-Coal Corollary

It is thrilling to see again the Capitol and the Washington Monument flood-lighted against the night sky and to know that this is possible because of the great achievements of our fighting men.

Many of us with vivid recollections of the measures adopted to economize on coal last winter will sincerely hope that the new light means also that supplies of coal are now assured to provide adequate, healthful temperatures in the offices next winter.

BRUCE HAMILTON.
Washington, May 10.

# Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

## TVA—Government By Partnership

Norris, Tenn.

IN A WORLD so full of war and destruction it is good to come here to the heart of the Tennessee Valley where a great creative project—a great creative idea—is growing and developing, taking root in this ancient American soil.

CHILDS

Inevitably, of course, the war has deflected the Tennessee Valley Authority from its basic goal, since so much of TVA's energy is going into the war effort. At one time, up to 60 per cent of TVA power was being used to fabricate aluminum for the vast fleets of bombers and fighters that have done so much to bring victory in Europe.

But the goal of TVA has never been lost sight of. You can see progress wherever you look; the kind of progress that ramifies out so far no one can calculate what it's ultimate effect will be.

It's hard to put the TVA into words. It is not just the generation of electric power, which TVA has done in abundance. It is not alone flood control and the string of barges that you see moving up and down the Tennessee and its tributaries. Nor is it merely soil conservation.

ALL OF THESE things are part of TVA. But as you hear them talk it down here, it is more than this. It is the growth of a region. It is the growth of people and the growth of the soil they live on. So many things go into it that can't be weighed.

Not America alone, but the whole world is discovering the meaning of TVA. In recent years a constant procession of visitors has come to the Tennessee Valley from every part of the globe. Many of the delegates to the San Francisco Conference have inquired about the possibility of stopping here before they return to their respective homes.

The Chinese, in particular, have come to TVA to study every phase of the project. From England and from the British Commonwealth have come many officials who take back voluminous reports on housing, on power, on reforestation, on soil conservation. The Latin-American republics have all sent representatives at one time or another and, in some instances, they have hired TVA experts to plan similar developments in the other Americas.

In the broadest sense, TVA is part of our foreign policy. It is part of our strength, part of our attraction for the rest of the world. Foreign visitors are impressed by our skyscrapers, our industries, our great schools and art centers. But they are impressed, too by what government can do in cooperation with the people of a region.

What impressed me more than almost anything else, in a brief tour of the Valley, was one of the least spectacular phases of TVA. We visited a small community of Negro farmers who have lived for several generations on hilly land that is near the lake created by Chickamauga Dam, one of the chief TVA power developments.

THE COMMUNITY had been desperately poor. It is still poor. But you can see the changes that have come.

There are truck gardens. Soil-enriching crops are planted to check erosion and the prolonged drain on soil fertility that resulted from year after year of the one-crop-for-cash system. More important, there is livestock on the land—cattle and chickens.

We stopped at the neat house of the T. E. Robinson family. Mrs. Robinson had just won a State prize for highest profit per hen, based on carefully kept records. With pride she showed us her two big hen houses, one full of Rhode Island Reds, the other of White Leghorns. The small pasture was planted to lespedeza, she said.

I asked her how much help had been brought in from the outside. Well, not much, she said. Of course, the TVA phosphate fertilizer they had been able to buy at cost of transportation.

"But the County Agent, he came and showed us how," she said. "And I guess if he hadn't, we'd be just jumping up and down in one place like we was before."

This illustrated one of TVA's cardinal principles. No do-gooders go around telling people how to behave. TVA provides the facilities, the reasearch, the guidance which can be drawn upon by the people of the region.

The men who work at first hand with the people of the Valley are almost all themselves Valley people. W. M. Landress, the agricultural consultant, with his warm insight into human beings and the land they till, is a good example. This is not government by handout. It is government by partnership.

# Off the Record

By Ed Reed

*"Isn't this a lot more fun than going to that poker game, dear?"*

# Crimean Agreement

By Ernest Lindley

## Russian Default Inexplicable

SEVERAL READERS of my recent columns on Russia's failure to live up to the Crimea agreements have posed two questions: (1) Isn't there an honest difference of opinion as to the meaning of these agreements? and (2) Why have the Russians defaulted?

LINDLEY

As to the first question: It is almost impossible to draft a contract out of which one party or another cannot contrive a lawsuit, if he is so minded. As to the general agreement concerning the joint Allied handling of political problems in liberated territories, there could be considerable differences in interpretation. However, its plain intent in Western minds was plainly violated when the Russians maneuvered a change in the Romanian government. They transgressed the spirit if not the letter when they set up, unilaterally, a provisional government in Austria.

THE AGREEMENT concerning the reorganization of the Polish provisional government was explicit. Back of it lay many detailed conversations, before Yalta and at Yalta. Some of these dealt with specific democratic Polish leaders, although it was not decided exactly how many of these were to be included in the reorganized provisional government.

A percentage of the difficulty which followed Yalta might be attributed to differing interpretations of the contract. Call it 10 per cent or, if you like, 40 per cent. The fact remains that the Russians have not permitted the first step to be taken toward fulfillment of a solemn pledge made by Stalin after protracted and detailed discussions. The default is substantial and fundamental. As to this, there is complete agreement among American and British officials who took part in the deliberations at Yalta and preceding it.

TO THESE DEFAULTS must be added the failure of the Russians to live up to their agreements concerning the handling of liberated American and British prisoners of war. After this had been publicized—belatedly—they made public countercharges concerning the treatment by the United States and Britain of liberated Russian prisoners of war. Some of these countercharges had been made earlier in the form of inquiries to the British and American governments, and had been fully answered. They were without substance. And their reiteration publicly after the Russians had had every opportunity to know they were unfounded, was, to put it in the most kindly manner, an awkward implied excuse for their own conduct.

As to the second question, Why have the Russians defaulted on the Crimea agreements? No one outside the Kremlin knows.

One line of conjecture is this: Stalin and Molotov made the Crimea agreement in the belief that the Communists who controlled the Lublin regime had the situation well enough in hand to be able to absorb some leaders of other parties. When they returned to Moscow, they were at last told bluntly that the Communist grip was far less secure than they had been led to think—that indeed, up to then, the Communists had been unable to muster any important popular following in Poland.

INFORMATION FROM INSIDE Poland is scanty and largely from sources which must be suspected of bias. But most of what there is indicates that the Communist-controlled Lublin-Warsaw regime has made few friends and many enemies and that, among Poles who are politically conscious, the leaders of the old democratic parties have a much greater following. In this connection, it should be kept in mind that the United States and Britain proposed for membership in the reorganized provisional government only those Polish leaders who accepted the Crimea agreement and who were identified also with truly democratic parties, as distinct from the supporters of the Pilsudski dictatorship and Beck regime. Five of these men, who had been leaders of the anti-Nazi underground,

### Date for Appearance Of Silverfarb Is Set

Municipal Court Judge Thomas D. Quinn yesterday set June 11 as the final date on which Bondsman Meyer Weinstein must produce in court Harry Silverfarb, 41-year-old wholesale produce dealer, for commitment following his loss of an appeal from a 60-day jail sentence and $2000 fine for overceiling sales of onions.

and several of their lieutenants, were among the 16 Poles arrested by the Russians. As to the activities of some of the 16, the western Allies lack full information.

But the answer to the second question is no more than guesswork. While the particular conjecture sketched above may sound more plausible than others, it does not adequately explain why the Russians acted as they did. It is hard to see how or where they can expect to gain from their reversal and default more than a fraction of what they have lost by it.

LEONARD LYONS

# Times Square Tattle

New York, May 15.—Last Wednesday afternoon Dr. F. D. Patterson, president of Tuskegee; Dr. Thomas E. Jones, president of Fiske University, and Arnold Cohan, of the United Negro College Fund whose money-raising drive is being headed by Tom Morgan, came to the White House for an appointment with President Truman. They were to receive the President's endorsement of the fund . . . While they were waiting in the outer office, Henry Wallace emerged from the President's office. Then the door opened and President Truman stuck his head out. "Well," he asked, surveying the roomful of visitors, "who's the next customer?"

Pat O'Brien

**John Gunther, whose "Troubled Midnight" may be acquired as a starring vehicle for Ginger Rogers—she would like to make it into a Kitty Foyle in Government Service story—spoke to Jesse Jones, Sam Rayburn, Will Clayton and Senator Tom Connally in his Texas research for "Inside U. S. A." Connally, who had read "Texas Brags," said: "If all the steers in Texas were one big steer, he could stand with his front feet in the Gulf of Mexico, his hind feet in Hudson Bay and punch a hole in the moon with his horns while he brushed off the mist of the Aurora Borealis with his tail."**

*Gen. Fulgencio Batista, former President of Cuba, who will speak at the tribute to the late Capt. Herman Bottcher at Manhattan Center on May 17, said: "It's a sign of the times when a Cuban comes here to pay tribute to a German who died as an American hero fighting the Japs" . . . Jan Struther, who sailed to rejoint her liberated husband, wires: "We are all settling down in England, but I hope to return for a couple of months each year on account of I love this country" . . . Harry Kurnitz, the Hollywood script-writer, reports that his new solicitors are "Whiteface and Trembling" . . . A lady who met Count Ciano at a Paris party now remembers that he once told her: "I'm being feted now, but if my father-in-law presses the button my lights go out."*

**The controversy caused by the AP's Ed Kennedy in breaking the Reims surrender story before the release date is reminiscent of the Rickett Concession incident in Ethiopia. Rickett had obtained a concession to exploit Ethiopia's oil and mineral resources because Haile Selassie felt that, with American interests there, Mussolini would not dare proceed on his threatened invasion. The correspondents at Addis Ababa were called in to witness the signing of the concession, and agreed not to transmit the story until the following day. James Mills of the AP then bribed the Danish manager of the radio station in Addis Ababa to transmit the story. The AP's penalty was a 24-hour suspension.**

**This is the story told in France of Forain, the noted painter-engraver. Two hours before he died he opened his eyes and saw his wife standing beside him. "You look fine," she assured the artist. Then his son arrived and said: "You look splendid, father." His maid came and said: "You look wonderful, wonderful." Then his doctor entered and pronounced: "Superb" . . . Forian nodded weakly to all of them and sighed: "I'm going to die cured."**

*Douglas Freeman, the Pulitzer Prize-winning biographer of Robert E. Lee and author of "Lee's Lieutenants," adheres to a rigid schedule. He gets up at 4:30 a.m. every day in his home in Richmond, walks to work, stiffly salutes the statue of Robert E. Lee en route, edits his newspaper and then does two daily 15-minute broadcasts . . . "What are you writing now?" John Gunther asked him . . . Freeman reported that he is working on a new, massive, definitive biography of George Washington . . . "When will you finish it?" Gunther asked . . . "In 1952," replied the biographer, "on schedule."*

Danny Webb, who made his radio debut Saturday over WOR as the "Comedy Commando," was an enlisted man who served overseas. He was shipped to Africa on the troop transport "Arcadia," now a hospital ship, and suffered from sea-sickness. His commander, Col. Louis Protzman, knew Webb at Fort Monmouth and tried to administer the customary remedies, but the patient still groaned . . . Two football players were asked to help him. "So he's an actor, is he?" they muttered. "There's only one way to cure him." They lifted him from the bed, took him to the ship's theater crowded with GIs, and placed him onstage. Webb was cured.

**The June issue of Woman's Home Companion will feature a Roosevelt Memorial poem written by Carl Sandburg, an order, within 24 hours after the President's death . . . Barney Josephson, owner of Cafe Society Uptown, will sponsor a Carnegie Hall recital for Kenneth Spencer, the singer . . . Tallulah Bankhead views Nicholas Murray Butler's resignation from Columbia with great glee. "At last," said Tallulah, "they got the last Red out of Columbia" . . . Louis Ritter, the White House furrier during the Roosevelt regime, came to America as an immigrant from Hungary. One of his customers, in discussing the price of a fur coat, was shown his cost-sheets. "According to these," said the customer, "your margin of profit is small." Ritter explained: "I always translate it into Hungarian crowns—and in crowns, it's millions."**

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

# Spice of Life to Have Its Inning This Week; Notes of the Theater

VARIETY IS THE WORD for the new filmenu the midcity picture houses are preparing to spread before their customers, come Thursday.

While only three new pictures will be unspooling themselves on the downtown screens, they will be guilty of no duplication of subject matter or treatment.

Gracie Fields

At RKO-Keith's Theater the new week's piece de resistance will be International's Technicolor production of "It's a Pleasure," with Sonja Henie and Michael O'Shea costarred. Already previewed by the drama desks, this one will be found to be by far the most satisfactory vehicle in which the "queen of the ice" ever has been seen—and it establishes her more firmly than ever in that regal title. Miss Henie also dances effectively in one interval of this spectacular subject, with Don Loper as partner. The story, for once, is of sufficient fiber to support the magnitude and gorgeousness of the stunning color treatment.

Another melodramatic examination of the fabulous San Francisco of a bygone day will be broken out at the Earle in "Flame of the Barbary Coast," with John Wayne, Ann Dvorak and Joseph Schildkraut the principal feeders of the fire.

Monty Woolley and Gracie Fields will be the costars of "Molly and Me," the third of the newcomers, with Guy Lombardo and His Royal Canadians supplying the stage diversion, at Loew's Capitol Theater, beginning tomorrow.

If there were three poles, these films would be as far apart as !

**As for the others available to the inquiring eye, "God Is My Co-Pilot," with Dennis Morgan and Raymond Massey, will be going into its fourth and final week at the Metropolitan, and "The Picture of Dorian Gray" into its second at the Palace. If present plans hold, Friday will observe the first Washington presentation of J. B. Priestly's "They Came to a City" at the Hippodrome Theater. It will be previewed this morning. At the Little, beginning today, "Now, Voyager," with Betty Davis and Paul Henreid at the top of its cast, will be opened in revival, and tomorrow morning "Here Come the Waves" will take over at the Columbia. And even all that doesn't effluaust the impending outlets for the Capital's yen for amusement.**

*After three tuneful, capacity weeks of "Sing Out, Sweet Land," a lively new comedy of rehabilitation, and one thing and another of importance in the life of a discharged soldier, will be unfolded on the stage of the National. Theater, when "Snafu" pulls in to open next Monday night. And for the outdoor enthusiasts there is always Glen Echo Park, with its 40 acres jammed with 50-odd diversified forms of pastiming, available daily from 1 p. m., to closing*

**Subscribers Please Note**

Subscription blanks for the 1945-46 season of Theater Guild-American Theater Society plays at the National Theater—so says a bulletin from Bess Davis Schreiner, local sales manager—will be mailed to subscribers already on the books in early June, direct from the New York office of the organization.

Shortly thereafter, Miss Schreiner's office, on the mezzanine floor of the National, will send out blanks to prospective new subscribers, whose requests for information relative to next season have been pouring in these past few weeks.

It is presently estimated that new subscribers will not receive their blanks before mid-June.

All this may seem a simple task, but it happens not to be in the case of a subscription list of 12,000 such as obtains in the National Capital.

**Yesterday was by way of being comedy-of-errors day in this Space. Misinterpretion of a weekend telephone call resulted in the misstatement that the National Press Glee Club was participating in a war bond rally in the Capitol Theater last night, instead of Monday night as was the fact. But the payoff came when a typographical error in the word "vivacious," in the review of Catholic University's new musical, "Likely Story," was corrected to make it appear that the Junior Roxyettes are both capable and "vicious." One hardly needs to explain which half of that is true! And they ARE vivacious. So there.**

*Since this seems to be largely a compendium of forthcoming screen attractions that promise to be worth looking at, now would be as opportune a time as any to point out that tomorrow at the Earle, Metropolitan, Capitol, Palace, Columbia, RKO-Keith's, Little and Trans-Lux theaters, one of the most shrewdly contrived promotional pictures ever produced will be unfurling itself. This is the "All-Star Bond Rally," which subordinates its bond-selling to sheer entertainment, but by no means obliterates obscures its major purpose. With Bing Crosby, Bob Hope, Frank Sinatra, Betty Grable, Linda Darnell, Vivian Blaine, Fibber McGee and Molly, Carmen Miranda, Harpo Marx and Harry James and His Orchestra all participating, this is a super de luxe short-reeler which, by discreet approach, ought to exert a tremendous sales power.*

Come a note from Hollywood under date of May 10, saying in part: "Would you deem it importunate of me to ask a favor, first crack out of the barrel? It's just this: My first name, Lizabeth, I know looks like a typegraphical error, I've been told that the Army or Navy ought to award me an 'E' so I could finish it off properly. Well, that's my handle, like they say in the movies, and I guess I'm stuck with it. Would you please ask your pin-setters, or whatever it is you call the boys in the back room, to make it come out like it is? Many thanks, and yours for simplified spelling, sincerely, LIZABETH SCOTT." Certainly Lizabeth, I'll ask 'em, but in view of the second paragraph above, I ha' me doots!

*In case you happen to be shy something to anticipate, you ought to be told that Barry Wood and Patsy Kelly will begin their "in-person" engagement at the Earle Theater on Thursday, May 31. Ever listen to the "Million Dollar Band" and "Palmolive Party" radio hours? Well, then you know.*

**Postscript-to-Weatherman Note**

No gift of moderation, eh?

## Newspapers Lead In May Drive for Greater Capital

Washington newspapers have contributed 118 per cent of their quota to lead the Greater National Capital Committee's $35,000 May drive, it was announced yesterday.

The campaign for funds to continue support of four of the committee's wartime projects in the District ends May 31. Newspapers, in addition to exceeding their quota, have set $5000 aside to help Washington to attract postwar conventions to the city.

Second in the percentage of classification quotas is the local automotive industry with 90 per cent of its quota.

The four wartime projects financed by the campaign are the hotel and transient accommodations bureau, the D. C. information center, the "Capital Calendar of Events" and the booklet "Highlights of the Nation's Capital."

## Show Time

**STAGE**

**National** — "Sing Out, Sweet Land, at 2:30 and 8:30 p. m.

**Catholic University** — "Likely Story," at 8:30 p. m.

**SCREEN**

**Capitol**—"National Velvet," at 11:10 a. m., 2:35, 6 and 9:20 p. m. Stage shows at 2, 5:30 and 8:55 p. m.

**Earle**—"The Horn Blows at Midnight," at 11:10 a. m., 1:45, 4:30, 7:10 and 9:50 p. m. Stage shows at 12:10, 3:50, 6:30 and 9:10 p. m.

**Metropolitan**—"God Is My Co-pilot," at 11 a. m., 1:10, 3:20, 5:30, 7:40, and 9:55 p. m.

**RKO-Keith's** — "Patrick the Great," at 11:45 a. m., 2:15, 4:45, 7:15 and 9:45 p. m.

**Palace**—"Dorian Gray," at 10:45 a. m., 1:30, 4:15, 7 and 9:45 p. m.

**Columbia**—"Here Come the Waves," at 11 a. m., 1:05, 3:10, 5:20, 7:30 and 8:35 p. m.

**Little**—"Now, Voyager," at 11 a. m., 1:05, 3:10, 5:15, 7:25 and 9:50 p. m.

**Pix**—"Atlantic City," at 2:20, 5:25 and 8:35 p. m. "Port Arthur," at 3:45, 6:55 and 10 p. m.

**Trans-Lux**—Newsreels and shorts at 10:15 and 11:30 a. m., 12:45, 2, 3:15, 4:30, 5:45, 7, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m.

**Ambassador**—"The Horn Blows at Midnight," at 1:25, 3:30, 5:35, 7:35 and 9:45 p. m.

**Hippodrome**—"Suspicion," at 2, 3:55, 5:50, 7:45 and 9:40 p. m.

1 OUT OF EVERY 3 TRUCKS IS A CHEVROLET

More CHEVROLETS serving America than any other make

1 OUT OF EVERY 4 CARS IS A CHEVROLET

...and good service keeps them serving dependably

SUPER CHEVROLET SERVICE

★ BUY MORE WAR BONDS—HELP SPEED THE VICTORY ★

Bring your car to us for a check-up—today! Let our skilled mechanics put it in first-class running condition. Help to keep it serving you faithfully for the duration *and beyond* by letting us service it at regular intervals. Remember—we're members of America's foremost automotive service organization—leaders in car and truck conservation service. And remember, too—we service *all* makes of cars and trucks!

SEE YOUR LOCAL CHEVROLET DEALER FOR SERVICE

# Real Estate Index Up for 34th Month

By S. Oliver Goodman

Real estate bond prices, as measured by the Amott-Baker index, advanced 2.3 per cent during April for the thirty-fourth consecutive monthly gain.

The index, which includes four Washington issues, showed the average price for a $1000 bond stood at $572 on April 30 as compared with $307 on July 31, 1942, just 34 months ago. The present average price reflects an appreciation of 86.3 per cent from the 1942 price.

Since the close of 1944, the average has increased $51 for a $1000 bond for a gain of 9.8 per cent.

As an indication of the general over-all strength of the real estate market during April, it is noted that of the 200 issues used in the study 102 increased in price, 71 showed no change and only 27 declined.

Three of the four Washington issues increased in price and one held steady in April. Washington Properties, Inc., 7s of 1952 advanced 1¼. Mayflower Hotel Co. stock increased fractionally and so did National Press Building 4½s of 1950. National Press first 3-5s of 1950 held unchanged.

## Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

**Atkins Joins Magnesium Ass'n**

T. W. Atkins, Washington; formerly assistant vice president of the defense Plant Corp., has been appointed executive vice president of the Magnesium Association. The association, a nonprofit organization, consists of 48 companies engaged in the magnesium industry. Prior to Mr. Atkins' service with the governmental agency, he was a Middle West banker.

**New Rail Techniques Urged**

To combat new forces of competition, new techniques of efficient safe and economical maintenance and operation of railroads must be instituted, Ernest E. Norris of Washington, president of the Southern Railway Co., yesterday told stockholders meeting in Richmond.

He advocated the installation of modern equipment, the trimming of unprofitable branches of the corporation; continued reduction of interest-bearing debt; legitimate influence of public opinion in favor of the industry, and promotion and development of the territory served by the railway.

**New Offerings Listed**

Harriman Ripley & Co. Inc., leads a group which is offering today at 102 per cent a new issue of $19,500,000 of 2¾ per cent debentures of Deere & Co., due April 1, 1965. Proceeds, together with the funds from the sale of $10,500,000 of notes maturing serially through 1952, will provide for future requirements.

Kidder, Peabody & Co. and associates yesterday publicly offered 100,000 shares of 3¾ per cent preferred stock of the Ralston Purina Co. at $105.50 a share. Proceeds from the financing, the first undertaken publicly by the company in many years, will be used to retire bank loans and add to working capital.

F. Eberstadt & Co. offered 50,000 shares of 4¾ per cent cumulative preferred stock $50 par and 50,000 shares of class "A" common of Armstrong Rubber Co. at $51 and $17 a share, respectively. Proceeds will be used to retire a bank loan and add to working capital.

Kobbe, Gearhart & Co. offered 450,000 shares of Lear, Inc. common stock at $5 a share. Of the total, 400,000 shares were for the company and 50,000 for the account of 2 present holders.

**Insurance Sales Up**

New life insurance in April was 11.1 per cent higher than in the same month of 1944 and in the first four months of 1945 was 4.8 per cent greater than in the like period of last year, the Life Insurance Association of America said yesterday.

The organization said new business of 39 companies with 80 per cent of the life insurance outstanding in the United States legal reserve firms totaled $859,978,000 in April against $774,292,000 in the same month last year.

**Earnings Statements**

Sterling Drug, Inc., reports for the March quarter net earnings of $3,057,846, equal to $1.63 a share, compared with $2,767,573, or $1.58 a share, in the first quarter of 1944.

Pacific Gas & Electric Co. reports for 12 months to March 31 net income of $21,972,278, equal to $2.17 a common share, compared with $22,720,932, or $2.29 a share, in the preceding 12 months.

Consolidated Natural Gas Co. reports for 12 months to March 31 net income of $4,602,227, equal to $1.69 a share, compared with $4,389,629, or $1.61 a share, in the preceding year.

Motor Wheel Corp. reports for the nine months ended March 31 a net profit of $1,662,347, or $1.96 a share, subject to year end adjustment. This compares with a net profit of $1,100,000, or $1.30 a share for the like 1944 period.

## New York Cotton

New York, May 15 (AP).—Following early weakness the cotton futures market developed an irregularly higher pattern today, to close 25 cents a bale higher to 15 cents lower. Nearby months were firm on mill buying against textile orders and short covering. May futures established a new seasonal high at 23.01 cents. It was also the first time 23 cent cotton had been registered on the board since the 1927-1928 season.

| | Open | High | Low | Last |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 22.98 | 23.01 | 22.96 | 23.00 +3 |
| July | 22.70 | 22.78 | 22.69 | 22.77 +3 |
| October | 22.15 | 22.24 | 22.15 | 22.21 +1 |
| December | 22.06 | 22.12 | 22.04 | 22.07 —3 |
| March | 21.96 | 22.03 | 21.93 | 21.95 —3 |

Middling, spot, 23.33 nominal, up 6.

## Commodity Index

New York, May 15.—The Associated Press weighted wholesale prices index of 35 commodities today advanced to 106.60; previous day, 106.57; week ago, 106.68; month ago, 106.84; year ago, 106.70.

| | 1945 | 1944 | 1943 | 1942 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| High | 106.87 | 106.73 | 107.54 | 103.22 |
| Low | 106.16 | 106.03 | 103.43 | 95.54 |

(1926 average equals 100.)

# Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press

Total stock sales yesterday, 1,010,000 shares; previous day, 980,000 shares; week ago, 1,577,900 shares; year ago, 536,080 shares; two years ago, 930,060 shares; January 1 to date, 143,867,692 shares; year ago, 84,110,704 shares; two years ago, 137,587,619 shares.

## Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, May 15.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Net ch. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30 Inds. | 163.53 | 164.31 | 163.07 | 164.09 | +0.55 |
| 20 Rys. | 55.45 | 55.85 | 55.33 | 55.85 | +0.18 |
| 10 Utils. | 30.70 | 30.86 | 30.56 | 30.75 | |
| 65 Stks | 61.41 | 61.76 | 61.24 | 61.65 | +0.18 |

Transactions in stocks used in averages today: Industrials, 67,500; railroads, 59,350; utilities, 37,500; 65 stocks, 164,350.

| | Sales Add 00 | High | Low | Close | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abott Lab | 1 | 69¼ | 69¼ | 69¼ | |
| ACF-Brill Mot | 173 | 14¼ | 13¼ | 14 | + ¾ |
| Adams Exp | 2 | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ | |
| Adams-Millis | 1 | 36⅝ | 36⅛ | 36⅜ | + ⅛ |
| Addressog-Mult | | | | 27 | 27¼ |
| Air Reduct | 15 | 45½ | 45 | 45½ | + ½ |
| Alaska Juneau | 26 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | 7⅞ | |
| Allegh Corp | 29 | 3⅜ | 3¼ | 3⅜ | + ⅛ |
| Alleghany pf | 10 | 45½ | 44¾ | 45½ | + ¾ |
| Allen Lud Stl | 3 | 31½ | 31½ | 31½ | + ½ |
| Allen Indust | 4 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | |
| Al Chem & Dye | 4 | 160½ | 160 | 160¼ | + ½ |
| Allied Mills | 3 | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31¼ | + ¼ |
| Allied Stra | 28 | 27¼ | 26¾ | 27⅛ | + ⅛ |
| Allis-Ch Mfg | 16 | 48 | 47¾ | 48 | + ¼ |
| Allis-Ch Mfg pf | | 122 | 120 | 121 | + ½ |
| Alpha P Cem | 2 | 27¾ | 27½ | 27¾ | |
| Amal Leather | 1 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | |
| Amal Leath pf | 1 | 45 | | 45 | + ½ |
| Amerada Pet | 1 | 115 | 115 | 115 | — ½ |
| Am Ag Ch Del | 4 | 31 | 30¾ | 30¾ | + ¼ |
| Am Airlines | 13 | 58½ | 57⅞ | 58½ | + ¾ |
| Am Bank Note | 2 | 28⅝ | 28½ | 28⅝ | + ⅛ |
| Am Bosch | 10 | 19 | 18⅞ | 18⅞ | — ⅛ |
| Am Brake Shoe | 4 | 43¾ | 43½ | 43¾ | — ⅛ |
| Am Cable & Ra | 52 | 21½ | 21¼ | 21½ | + ¼ |
| Am Can | 2 | 96⅛ | 96 | 96¼ | + ⅛ |
| Am Car & Fdy | 9 | 44½ | 44 | 44½ | + ½ |
| Am Ch & Cable | 2 | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ | — ⅛ |
| Am Crystal Su | 3 | 19¼ | 19¼ | 19¼ | — ¼ |
| Am Distill | 11 | 32½ | 32 | 32½ | + ¼ |
| Am Encaus Til | 7 | 5¼ | 5⅛ | 5¼ | + ⅛ |
| Am European | 1 | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ | + ¼ |
| Am Export L | 35 | 34½ | 33¾ | 34½ | + ¾ |
| Am & For Pow | 57 | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | |
| Am&FP $6 pf | 1 | 99¾ | 99 | 99¾ | + ⅜ |
| Am&FP $7 pf | 10 | 106 | 104½ | 106 | + 2 |
| Am&FP 2 pf | 78 | 24⅝ | 23½ | 24½ | + ¼ |
| Am-Hawaii SS | 2 | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | + ¼ |
| AmH & Ghath | 1 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| Am Internat | 5 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | — ⅛ |
| Am Locomo | 18 | 33 | 32½ | 33 | |
| Am Locomo pf | 2 | 113 | 112 | 112 | — ½ |
| Am M & Fdy | 20 | 22¾ | 22⅜ | 22⅜ | — ⅛ |
| Am M & Met | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | |
| Am Metal | 2 | 29¼ | 29¼ | 29¼ | — ⅛ |
| Am Pow & Lt | 12 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| Am P&L $6 pf | 5 | 73½ | 73½ | 73½ | + ½ |
| Am P&L $5 pf | 2 | 66½ | 66 | 66½ | + ½ |
| Am Rad &St S | 5 | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | + ⅛ |
| Am Roll Mills | 17 | 18⅝ | 18⅛ | 18⅜ | + ⅛ |
| Am Safety Raz | 6 | 24¼ | 24¼ | 24⅜ | + ⅛ |
| Am Seating | 3 | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | + ⅛ |
| Am Smelt & R | 13 | 48⅝ | 48¼ | 48⅝ | + ⅜ |
| Am Snuff | 1 | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | |
| Am Sti Fdrs | 14 | 32¾ | 32¼ | 32¾ | + ⅛ |
| Am Stores | 4 | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ | + ¼ |
| Am Sugar Ref | 3 | 48⅛ | 48 | 48⅛ | + ⅛ |
| Am Sumat Tob | 1 | 31 | 31 | 31 | |
| Am Tel & Tel | 30 | 165⅜ | 164¾ | 165⅜ | + ¼ |
| Am Tob B | 7 | 75⅞ | 75¼ | 75⅞ | + ⅛ |
| Am Tob B | 7 | 75¼ | 75¼ | 75¼ | — ⅛ |
| Am Type Fdrs | 13 | 15⅛ | 15 | 15⅛ | + ⅛ |
| Am Viscose | 13 | 74¾ | 74 | 74¾ | + ¼ |
| Am Wat Wks | 40 | 13 | 12¾ | 13 | + ⅛ |
| Am Woolen | 1 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | + ¼ |
| Am Wol pf | 1 | 106¼ | 106¼ | 106¼ | + ¾ |
| Amp-Lite | 1 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | |
| Anaconda Cop | 40 | 34⅜ | 34 | 34⅛ | |
| Anchor HockGl | 1 | 33½ | 33½ | 33½ | — ⅛ |
| Anders Clayton | 1 | 41½ | 41½ | 41½ | |
| Arch-Dan-Mi | 1 | 56¼ | 56¼ | 56¼ | |
| Armour & Co | 28 | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | |
| Armour pr pf | 2 | 113¼ | 113 | 113¼ | + ¼ |
| Armstrong Cork | 10 | 49¾ | 49 | 49¾ | + ¼ |
| Arnold Const | 1 | 13¾ | 13¾ | 13¾ | |
| Artlom Corp | 2 | 13¾ | 13½ | 13¾ | — ⅛ |
| Assd Dry Goods | 2 | 26¼ | 26¼ | 26¼ | + ¼ |
| Atch T & S F | 13 | 93⅜ | 93¼ | 93⅜ | + ⅛ |
| Atch T&SF pf | 4 | 112¾ | 112¾ | 112¾ | + 1¼ |
| Atl Coast Line | 13 | 67¼ | 66 | 67¼ | + ¼ |
| AtlG&W Indies | 2 | 37½ | 37½ | 37½ | |
| Atl G&W In pf | 1 | 77 | 77 | 77 | — 2½ |
| Atl Refining | 23 | 33¾ | 32⅝ | 33¼ | |
| Atlas Corp | 29 | 17 | 17 | 17 | + ⅛ |
| Atlas Corp pf | 1 | 57½ | 57½ | 57½ | + ½ |
| Aust Nicholas | 1 | 13¾ | 13¾ | 13¾ | |
| Autocar Co | 1 | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | + ¼ |
| Aviation Corp | 383 | 7 | 6¾ | 7 | |
| Bald Loco ct | 13 | 28½ | 28¼ | 28½ | + ⅛ |
| B & O | 58 | 17⅞ | 17⅝ | 17⅞ | + ⅛ |
| B & O pf | 21 | 31½ | 30¾ | 31⅝ | + ⅜ |
| Bangor & Ar | 1 | 17 | 17 | 17 | |
| Barber Asph | 11 | 42⅜ | 40½ | 42 | + 2 |
| Barnsdall Oil | 13 | 22 | 21½ | 21¾ | — ⅜ |
| Bath Ir Wks | 9 | 19⅝ | 19⅜ | 19⅝ | + ⅜ |
| Beech Aire | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| Beldins-Hem | 1 | 13¾ | 13¾ | 13¾ | + ⅛ |
| Bell Aire | 206 | 17½ | 16½ | 16¾ | + ⅛ |
| Bendix Aviat | 10 | 50¾ | 50¼ | 50¾ | + ⅛ |
| Benef Ind Ln | 3 | 25 | 24¾ | 25 | + ¼ |
| Best & Co | 1 | 24⅞ | 24⅞ | 24⅞ | + ⅛ |
| Best Foods | 10 | 47¾ | 47¼ | 47¾ | + ⅛ |
| Beth Steel | 21 | 77¾ | 76¼ | 77⅞ | + 1¼ |
| Beth Steel pf | 1 | 142 | 142 | 142 | |
| Bigelow-Sanf | 3 | 57 | 57 | 57 | |
| Black & Deck | 1 | 26 | 26 | 26 | |
| Blaw-Knox | 9 | 14½ | 14½ | 14¼ | — ⅛ |
| Bliss & Laugh | 2 | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | — ⅛ |
| Boeing Airpl | 33 | 19¼ | 18¾ | 19¼ | + ⅛ |
| Bohn Al & Br | 2 | 55 | 54¾ | 54¾ | — ¼ |
| Bond Stra | 2 | 53¾ | 53¾ | 53¾ | — ¼ |
| Borden Co | 18 | 38¼ | 38¼ | 38¼ | — ⅛ |
| Borg-Warner | 3 | 43 | 43 | 43 | |
| Boston & Me | 2 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ | + ⅛ |
| Bower R Bear | 1 | 47¾ | 47¾ | 47¾ | |
| Brandt Airw | 29 | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ | + ⅛ |
| Bridgeport Br | 11 | 12¾ | 12¼ | 12¾ | + ⅛ |
| Briggs Mfg | 10 | 42 | 41 | 42 | + ¾ |
| Briggs & Strat | 1 | 43¼ | 43¼ | 43¼ | + ¼ |
| Bristol-Myers | 3 | 54½ | 54½ | 54½ | + ¼ |
| Bklyn Un Gas | 7 | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ | + ⅛ |
| Brunswick-Bal | 1 | 27¼ | 27¼ | 27¼ | + ¼ |
| Bucyrus-Erie | 14 | 15¾ | 15¼ | 15¾ | + ⅛ |
| Budd Mfg | 101 | 14½ | 13¾ | 14½ | + ¾ |
| Budd Wheel | 19 | 10¼ | 10 | 10¼ | + ¼ |
| Buffalo Forge | 1 | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | + ¼ |
| Bullard Co | 6 | 24 | 23¾ | 24 | + ¼ |
| Bulova Watch | 1 | 67¼ | 67¼ | 67¼ | — ½ |
| Burling Mills | 9 | 23½ | 22¾ | 23 | — ⅛ |
| Burr Add Mach | 102 | 17⅜ | 16¾ | 17⅜ | + ⅜ |
| Bush Terminal | 11 | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | |
| Butler Bros | 9 | 18¼ | 18¼ | 18¼ | + ⅛ |
| Butler Br pf | 5 | 107¼ | 107 | 107 | + ¼ |
| Butte Cop & Z | 3 | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | |
| Byers A M Co | 2 | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ | + ⅛ |
| Byron Jackson | 1 | 26 | 26 | 26 | + ⅛ |
| Calif Pack | 3 | 31½ | 31½ | 31½ | — ⅛ |
| Callahan Z-Ld | 5 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| Calumet & Hec | 6 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | |
| Campbell Wyant | 5 | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | — ⅛ |
| Can Dry G Ale | 4 | 34¼ | 34 | 34¼ | |
| Canad Pacific | 90 | 14 | 13¾ | 14 | |
| Cannon Mills | 2 | 49¾ | 49¾ | 49¾ | |
| Capital Adm A | 4 | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12½ | + ¼ |
| Carrier Corp | 16 | 28¾ | 27¾ | 28¾ | + 1 |
| Carrier Corp pf | 1 | 70 | 70 | 70 | + 1¾ |
| Carriers & Gen | 1 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | |
| Case (J I) Co | 10 | 43 | 42¾ | 43 | — ⅛ |
| Caterpil Tractor | 6 | 58 | 57 | 58 | + ½ |
| Celanese Corp | 9 | 48½ | 48 | 48½ | + ⅛ |
| Celanese 1st pf | 2 | 105½ | 104¾ | 104¾ | — ¼ |
| Celotex Corp | 12 | 17¾ | 16¾ | 17 | |
| Cent Aguirre | 19 | 22¾ | 22¾ | 22¾ | + ⅛ |
| Cent Foundry | 4 | 5 | 4¾ | 5 | |
| Cent R R N J | 1 | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ | + ⅛ |
| Cent Viol Sug | 2 | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | |
| Cerro de Pas | 15 | 44¼ | 44 | 44¼ | + ¼ |
| Certain-td Prod | 60 | 11¼ | 11 | 11¼ | + ⅛ |
| Checker Cab | 1 | 49¼ | 48½ | 49¼ | — ⅛ |
| Ches & Ohio | 31 | 61¼ | 60¼ | 61¼ | + ¼ |
| Chi & NW | 1 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| Chi & NW pf | 34 | 37⅛ | 36¼ | 36¾ | + ⅛ |
| Chi & NW pf | 5 | 66½ | 66 | 66½ | + ¼ |
| Chi Pneu Tool | 3 | 25¼ | 25 | 25¼ | + ¼ |
| Chi Yell Cab | 1 | 18 | 18 | 18 | |
| Childs Co | 3 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | |
| Chrysler Corp | 32 | 112¾ | 111¼ | 112¾ | + 1½ |
| City Ice & Fuel | 1 | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | |
| City Prod | 10 | 47¾ | 47¼ | 47¾ | + ¼ |
| City Stores | 1 | 13½ | 13½ | 13½ | + ¼ |
| Clark Equip | 1 | 56¼ | 56¼ | 56¼ | + ¼ |
| Cleve Graph Br | 2 | 54 | 54 | 54 | |
| Climax Molyb | 6 | 39 | 38¾ | 39 | |
| Cluett Peabody | 6 | 43½ | 43¼ | 43¼ | + ¼ |
| Coca-Cola | 1 | 133¾ | 133¾ | 133¾ | — ¼ |
| Colgate-Palm-P | 4 | 35¼ | 35 | 35¼ | + ¼ |
| Collins & Aik | 4 | 42¼ | 42 | 42¼ | — ¼ |
| Col Fuel & Ir | 8 | 26 | 25¾ | 26 | |
| Colum Broast | 8 | 37¼ | 36¾ | 37¼ | + ⅛ |
| Colum G & El | 72 | 6 | 5¾ | 6 | |
| Col G&E 6% pf | 8 | 100 | 99¾ | 100 | + ⅛ |
| Colum Pict | 1 | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | |
| Coml Credit | 11 | 44 | 44 | 44 | |
| Coml Solvents | 8 | 17 | 16¾ | 17 | + ⅛ |
| Comwith Edis | 39 | 31½ | 31 | 31 | — ⅛ |
| Comwith & Sou | 64 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | |
| Com & Sou pf | 3 | 101½ | 101¼ | 101¼ | — ⅛ |
| Congol-Nairn | 8 | 30½ | 30¼ | 30¼ | |
| Consol Cigar | 1 | 33¾ | 33¾ | 33¾ | + ¼ |
| Cons Coppermin | 3 | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ | |
| Cons Edison | 30 | 29¼ | 29¼ | 29¾ | + ¼ |
| Cons Edison pf | 1 | 108½ | 108½ | 108½ | + ¼ |
| Cons Filmind pf | 5 | 30 | 29¾ | 29¾ | |
| Cons Laund | 3 | 12¼ | 12 | 12 | — ⅛ |
| Cons Nat Gas | 3 | 36½ | 36 | 36½ | + ¼ |
| ConsRRCuba pf | 2 | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼ | + ¼ |
| Cons Vultee | 43 | 22¼ | 22 | 22¼ | + ¼ |
| Cons Vultee pf | 6 | 28 | 28 | 28 | + ¼ |
| Consoln Coal | 4 | 23½ | 23 | 23 | — ⅛ |
| Container Corp | 1 | 27¾ | 27¼ | 27¾ | + ⅛ |
| Cont Bak | 24 | 19½ | 19 | 19½ | + ¼ |
| Cont Can | 8 | 46½ | 45⅝ | 46½ | + ⅜ |
| Cont Can pf | 1 | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ | + ⅛ |
| Cont Diam Fib | 2 | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ | |
| Cont Motors | 51 | 10¾ | 10½ | 10½ | |
| Cont Oil Del | 28 | 34½ | 33½ | 34½ | + 1 |
| Cooper-Bess | 4 | 19½ | 19½ | 19½ | + ⅛ |
| Copperweld Stl | 17 | 15½ | 15 | 15½ | + ⅛ |
| Corn Products | 3 | 67¼ | 66¾ | 66¾ | — ⅛ |
| Cornell-Dub El | 5 | 18¾ | 18¾ | 18¾ | |
| Coty Inc | 21 | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ | |
| Coty Internat | 46 | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | |
| Crane Co | 21 | 32½ | 32¼ | 32¾ | + ⅛ |
| Cream of Wh | 1 | 27¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ | + ⅛ |
| Crosley Corp | 1 | 36 | 33¾ | 36 | |
| Crown Ck pf | 1 | 49¼ | 49¼ | 49¼ | + ¼ |
| Crown Zellerba | 1 | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | |
| Crucible Steel | 18 | 43½ | 42¾ | 43½ | + ⅝ |
| Crucible Stl pf | 1 | 96 | 96 | 96 | |
| Cuban-Am Sug | 8 | 16¾ | 16½ | 16¾ | |
| Cudahy Pack | 3 | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ | — ⅛ |
| CunninDrug St | 8 | 25 | 24 | 25 | + ¼ |
| Curtis Publish | 51 | 12¾ | 12⅜ | 12¾ | + ⅛ |
| Curtis Pub pr pf | 1 | 63¾ | 63¾ | 63¾ | + ¼ |
| Curtiss-Wright | 40 | 6 | 5⅞ | 6 | |
| Curtiss-Wr A | 11 | 19¼ | 19 | 19¼ | + ⅛ |
| Cutler-Hammer | 1 | 29 | 29 | 29 | |
| Davison Chem | 15 | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ | — ⅛ |
| Deere & Co | 17 | 45 | 44¾ | 45 | + ⅛ |
| Deere & Co pf | 2 | 36¾ | 36¾ | 36¾ | + ½ |
| Deisel-Wem-Gil | 3 | 24½ | 24 | 24½ | + ¼ |
| Del & Hudson | 9 | 47¼ | 46¾ | 47¼ | + ⅛ |
| Del Lack&West | 16 | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅞ | + ⅛ |
| Detroit Edison | 10 | 22½ | 20¾ | 22¼ | + 1 |
| Diamond Match | 2 | 37½ | 37½ | 37½ | |
| Diam Match pf | 1 | 41¾ | 41¾ | 41¾ | + ¼ |
| Diam T Motor | 7 | 24¾ | 24½ | 24¾ | + ⅛ |
| DistCorp-Seag | 6 | 52¾ | 52¼ | 52¼ | + ⅛ |
| Dist Corp-S pf | 1 | 105 | 105 | 105 | |
| Dixie Cup | 5 | 25¾ | 24¾ | 25¾ | + ½ |
| Doehler Jarvis | 14 | 23¼ | 22¾ | 23¼ | + ⅛ |
| Dome Mines | 16 | 23¾ | 23¼ | 23¼ | + ⅛ |
| Douglas Aircraft | 81 | 47¾ | 47¼ | 47¾ | + ⅛ |
| Dow Chem | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | — ¼ |
| Dresser Indust | 8 | 29¼ | 29 | 29 | + ¼ |
| Dunhill Int | 5 | 15¼ | 15¼ | 15¼ | + ¼ |
| du Pont de N | 167 | 167¼ | 166¼ | 167 | — ¼ |
| Eagle Picher | 1 | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | + ¼ |
| Eastern Air L | 18 | 62¼ | 60½ | 62¼ | + 1¾ |
| Eastman Kodak | 180 | 179½ | 178½ | 180 | + ¾ |
| Edis Bros Stra | 2 | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ | |
| Eaton Mfg | 2 | 57¼ | 56½ | 57¼ | + ¼ |
| Elastic Stop N | 3 | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | |
| El Auto-Lite | 2 | 50 | 48½ | 50 | + 1 |
| Elec Boat | 30 | 16¼ | 15⅝ | 15¾ | + ⅛ |
| El & Mus Ind | 1 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | |
| El Power & Lt | 13 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | |
| El Pow&Lt $7 pf | 1 | 125¾ | 125¾ | 125¾ | + ¼ |
| El Storage Bat | 3 | 48¾ | 47½ | 47½ | — ¼ |
| Emerson El M | 12 | 25 | 24½ | 25 | + ⅛ |

| | Sales Add 00 | High | Low | Close | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Eng PubService | 35 | 23½ | 22⅝ | 23 | + ⅜ |
| Equit Off Bldg | 21 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | |
| Erie RR | 40 | 16¾ | 16 | 16⅜ | — ⅛ |
| Erie RR pf A | 2 | 78½ | 78½ | 78½ | |
| Eureka VCleaner | 3 | 14¾ | 14½ | 14½ | — ⅛ |
| Evans Products | 1 | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ | — ⅛ |
| Ex-Cell-O | 1 | 53½ | 53½ | 53½ | — ⅛ |
| Exchange Buffet | 1 | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| Fairbanks Morse | 1 | 84¼ | 84 | 84¼ | — ¼ |
| Fajardo Sugar | 21 | 30⅝ | 29¾ | 30⅛ | + ⅛ |
| Farns Tel&Rad | 62 | 15¼ | 14¾ | 15 | |
| FedL&&Traction | 1 | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20¼ | + ⅛ |
| Fed Mogul | 2 | 30¼ | 30 | 30 | |
| Fed Mot Truck | 29 | 12 | 11⅝ | 12 | + ⅛ |
| Fed D Strs | 3 | 34 | 34 | 34 | + ¼ |
| Fid P Fire Ins | 1 | 68 | 68 | 68 | |
| Firestone T & R | 62 | 63¾ | 62⅛ | 62¾ | — ⅛ |
| First Nat Strs | 3 | 49 | 49 | 49 | |
| Flintkote | 22 | 32 | 31½ | 31⅝ | + ⅛ |
| Florsheim Shoe | 1 | 25 | 25 | 25 | |
| Florsheim S pf | 2 | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | |
| Follansbee Stl | 5 | 37 | 37 | 37 | + ¼ |
| Food Mach | 5 | 73 | 72 | 73 | + 1 |
| Foster Wheeler | 2 | 13⅞ | 13¾ | 13⅞ | + ⅛ |
| Freeport Sulph | 2 | 39 | 39 | 39 | + 1 |
| Fruehauf Tra | 8 | 49¼ | 48¾ | 49¼ | — ⅛ |
| Gabriel Co | 7 | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | |
| Gair Robert | 15 | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ | — ⅛ |
| Gair Robt pf | 2 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | |
| Gardner-Denv | 2 | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19¾ | — ⅛ |
| Gaylord Cont | 6 | 29 | 28¾ | 29 | |
| Gen Am Inv | 2 | 14¼ | 14¼ | 14¼ | |
| Gen Am Trans | 25 | 48 | 48 | 48 | + ¼ |
| Gen Baking | 1 | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ | + ⅛ |
| Gen Cable | 8 | 7 | 6¾ | 7 | |
| Gen Elec | 44 | 42¾ | 41¾ | 42¾ | + ⅛ |
| Gen Foods | 20 | 42¾ | 42¼ | 42¾ | + ⅛ |
| Gen G & El A | 17 | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ | |
| Gen Motors | 62 | 69¼ | 68½ | 68¾ | + ¼ |
| Gen Mot pf | 2 | 126½ | 126½ | 126¾ | + ¼ |
| Gen Out Adv | 2 | 15¾ | 15¾ | 15¾ | |
| Gen Out Adv A | 1 | 60¼ | 60¼ | 60¼ | + ¼ |
| Gen Prec Eq | 4 | 28¾ | 28 | 28¾ | + ⅛ |
| Gen Ry Signal | 1 | 43 | 43 | 43 | |
| Gen Rl & Util | 16 | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | |
| Gen Refract | 3 | 25 | 24¾ | 25 | + ⅛ |
| Gen Shoe | 2 | 22¾ | 22¾ | 22¾ | |
| Gen Steel | 2 | 28½ | 28½ | 28½ | + ¼ |
| Gen Time Inst | 3 | 33¾ | 33¼ | 33½ | + 1¼ |
| Gen T & Rub | 3 | 29 | 28¾ | 29 | |
| Gillette S R | 2 | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | |
| Gimbel Bros | 2 | 26¾ | 26¾ | 26¾ | — ⅛ |
| Gimbel pf | 1 | 98¾ | 98¾ | 98¾ | — ⅛ |
| Glidden Co | 1 | 31 | 30¾ | 30¾ | — ⅛ |
| Goebel Brew | 4 | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | |
| Goodall San | 8 | 27¼ | 27¼ | 27¼ | + ¼ |
| Goodrich (B F) | 6 | 69½ | 68¾ | 69½ | + ¼ |
| Goodrich(B F) pf | 1 | 103½ | 103½ | 103½ | + ¼ |
| GoodyearT & R | 12 | 55¾ | 55 | 55¾ | |
| Goth Hosiery | 10 | 17¼ | 16½ | 17¼ | + 1 |
| Graham-P Mot | 51 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | |
| Granby Con Mn | 2 | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ | |
| Granite City Stl | 2 | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ | — ⅛ |
| Grant (W T) | 1 | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | — ⅛ |
| Grant W T pf | 1 | 103 | 103 | 103 | |
| GtNor Ir Ore ct | 13 | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | — ⅛ |
| Gt Nor Ry pf | 20 | 53¾ | 53 | 53¾ | |
| Gt W Sug | 21 | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ | + ⅛ |
| Greyhd Corp | 41 | 27¾ | 26¾ | 27¾ | + ⅛ |
| Gru mAirc En | 41 | 36¾ | 35¾ | 36½ | + ¼ |
| Gulf Mob & O | 260 | 23 | 21¾ | 23 | + 2 |
| Gulf Mob & O pf | 1 | 73 | 73 | 73 | |
| Gulf Oil | 15 | 53½ | 52¾ | 52¾ | — ⅛ |
| Hamil Watch | 4 | 19½ | 19½ | 19½ | |
| Harb-Walker | 1 | 21¼ | 21¼ | 21¼ | |
| Harb-W Rch & M | 6 | 23 | 23 | 23 | |
| Hat Corp Am A | 2 | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ | |
| Hayes Indust | 1 | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ | |
| Hayes Mfg | 18 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| Hecht Co | 27 | 25¼ | 24¾ | 25¼ | + ⅛ |
| Hercules Motors | 2 | 28¾ | 28¾ | 28¾ | |
| Hercules Powd | 2 | 87 | 87 | 87 | -1 |
| Hershey Choc | 8 | 47½ | 46 | 46 | —2½ |
| Holland Furn | 8 | 47½ | 46 | 46 | —2½ |
| Holly Sugar | 1 | 22¾ | 22¾ | 22¾ | — ⅛ |
| Homestake Min | 18 | 51¾ | 50¾ | 51¾ | + ⅛ |
| Hood-Hersh B | 2 | 22 | 21½ | 21¾ | — ⅛ |
| Household Fin | 2 | 26¼ | 26¼ | 26¼ | |
| Houston L & P | 1 | 79½ | 79½ | 79½ | + ¼ |
| Houston Oil | 16 | 24¾ | 24¼ | 24¾ | + ⅛ |
| Howe Sound | 4 | 41¾ | 41 | 41¾ | + ¼ |
| Hudson & Mn | 69 | 4¾ | 3⅞ | 4¼ | + ⅛ |
| Hudson Bay M&S | 16 | 16¾ | 16¼ | 16¾ | + ⅛ |
| Hudd Bay M&S pf | 7 | 39 | 38¾ | 39 | + ⅛ |
| Hudson Motor | 100 | 32¼ | 30¾ | 32¼ | + 1¼ |
| Hupp Motor | 29 | 5¼ | 5 | 5¼ | + ⅛ |
| Idaho Power | 1 | 39 | 39 | 39 | |
| Illinois Central | 49 | 34⅜ | 33½ | 34¾ | + ⅛ |
| Ill Central pf | 2 | 69¾ | 69¼ | 69¾ | + ¼ |
| Indpls Pow & L | 2 | 23½ | 23½ | 23½ | — ⅛ |
| Indust Rayon | 46 | 47 | 46¾ | 47 | + ⅛ |
| Inger-Rand | 16 | 118¼ | 118¼ | 118¼ | |
| Inland Steel | 3 | 90¼ | 90 | 90 | |
| Armstrong Cc Corp | 10 | 49¾ | 49¼ | 49¾ | + ⅛ |
| Interchem Corp | 1 | 47¼ | 47¼ | 47¼ | — ⅛ |
| Intercon Rubber | 1 | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | |
| Interlake Iron | 1 | 10 | 9¾ | 9¾ | — ⅛ |
| Int Harv Mach | 2 | 189 | 189 | 189 | + 1 |
| Int Harvester | 10 | 87½ | 87 | 87½ | + ¼ |
| Int Hydro-El A | 2 | 3¾ | 3½ | 3¾ | + ⅛ |
| Int Miner & Ch | 4 | 22¼ | 22¼ | 22¼ | + ⅛ |
| Int Mining | 14 | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | |
| Int Nick Can | 35 | 

# Senate Report Asks Controls Over OPA

## Probers, Blistering Agency, Call for Law To Free Markets Except in Real Shortages

By Christine Sadler

Senate food investigators yesterday demanded appointment of a "supreme administrator for food" to have supervision over OPA and WFA, both of which were roundly criticized for allegedly failing to cooperate in measures which might have prevented the "meat crisis."

Merciless in their denunciation of OPA, the Senate researchers—headed by Senator Elmer Thomas (D., Okla.)—declared the price and ration agency has been more concerned with watching minor violations among "legitimate" packers than with punishing black market operators.

They asked that the Price Control Act, now before the Senate Banking Committee for renewal, be amended to compel OPA to:

1. Give meat processors a "reasonable margin of profit" on each species of livestock handled.

2. Remove all price control from all commodities just as fast as they become sufficiently plentiful to permit "the law of supply and demand to operate." The committee considered this time would be whenever there was enough of a given commodity on the market to cause it to sell "within the range of the cost of production, plus a reasonable profit."

**Two Members Dissent**

Dissenting from the majority report, Senators Scott Lucas (D., Ill.) and Allen J. Ellender (D., La.) declared the findings to be permeated with a philosophy which would destroy price control utterly.

"I shall oppose all attempts to destroy price control until we can stabilize our economy upon a gradual basis," Senator Lucas said, classifying the committee's findings as in keeping with "the dangerous theory now being advocated by certain special interests in this country," to repeal stabilization controls.

In addition to the supreme food administrator and two amendments, the Senate investigators asked:

1. A subsidy to cattle feeders sufficient to bring better grade beef onto the market.

2. An "immediate incentive program" to encourage the marketing of grass-fed and unproductive dairy cattle needed for the beef canning program of the military services.

3. A higher price support for hogs and extension of the support to all weights of animals.

4. Assurance that support prices will not be lowered unless adequate notice is given.

5. Withdrawal of slaughtering licenses now outstanding, with a view of starting over with a clean slate.

6. Extension of Federal inspection of meat, to make more available for the Army.

7. Limitation of lend-lease food purchases unless "consistent with domestic supply."

Points 4, 5, and 6 are covered in the recent 10-point program announced by Economic Stabilization Director William H. Davis as the solution to "current problems of the meat prices and distribution." The Senate committee declared the 10-point program is by no means equal to the job it sets for itself and declared it would really cut the profit of packers rather than put them in a more equitable position.

**Action on Hogs Likely**

The higher support price for hogs was asked also by the House food committee in its recent report and probably will be acted on this week by WFA. The support is now $13 per hundredweight and probably will be raised to $13.50, which it is claimed could be done without affecting retail price ceilings on pork.

The subsidy for feeders is under consideration fy OES and has been for some time. The 10-point program adjusted subsides in such a way as to encourage feeding—but the feeling has been it did not go far enough and was not direct enough. Other price adjustments on meat also are under consideration by OES and said to be about ready for announcement.

Whether the new announcement will make provision for the "special incentive" to get grass-fed cattle and uneconomic dairy cows into cans for the Army is not known. There is still much disagreement about how many cattle can be killed without depleting herds and dairy stock. The Senate Committee reiterates that the country has almost 82 million head of cattle on the ranges. About half of these, however, are milk cows, breeding stock, or calves being kept for dairy purposes.

At present slaughtering rates, the Nation is on the way toward slaughtering between 36 million and 37 million head of cattle this year. Some Department of Agriculture experts say that while slaughtering facilities are adequate now to support an increase—because there are fewer hogs to be killed—the increase could not be more than 10 per cent without serious after results.

OPA has little to do with lend-lease, but WFA through its allocation procedure can control the food quotas—and has been tightening up on them within recent months.

## *End of Secrecy Asked On Sugar Going Abroad*

**After spending several days investigating the world's tight supply of sugar, the special House Food Committee yesterday insisted the Administration should lift secrecy bans from figures showing how much sweetening has been promised to Allies and neutral nations.**

**Chairman Clinton P. Anderson (D., N. Mex.) said the figures were supplied to him on a restricted basis by Foreign Economic Administrator Leo T. Crowley but declared there was "no point in having them unless I can put them in the record."**

**The committee wants particularly to make public the quotas to Spain, France, Italy and Switzerland because, Anderson said, it "feels some responsibility to American industrial users" who are facing a sharp cut for the last half of this year.**

# *Woman's Disappearance From Boat Still a Mystery*

Harbor Police yesterday searched fruitlessly for any clew which might solve the strange disappearance late Monday of attractive, 24-year-old Mrs. Barbara Curtis Weed, who vanished from a 42-foot boat anchored near the 4000 block of K st., off Crampton's Boat House.

Mrs. Weed, mother of two small children, was last seen at 5:30 Monday afternoon by Porter H. Thomas, 6415 19th rd. N., Falls Church. Thomas had hired her to paint the board and he said he reeturned at 5:30 to find her busy working. When he returned later, at 6:45, Thomas said, Mrs. Wood had disappeared, and a section of boat rail, bent some time ago, was floating in the water. Mrs. Weed could not swim.

Thomas said that he found, below decks, the clothes Mrs. Weed had worn to work that morning. Her mother, Mrs. H. T. Curtis of Oakton, said the Mrs. Weed had taken a change of clothing with her, and would have been working in a pair of gray striped pants and a sweat shirt lettered "commando."

The woman is 5 feet 4 inches tall, weights 116 pounds, and has blue eyes and black hair.

Thamos said yesterday he believed Mrs. Weed might have tried to move the portion of bent rail, slipped and fallen overboard. Her parents, however, would advance no theory as to her disappearance. Curtis is a Fairfax County maintenance worker.

Born in Fairfax County, she went to Oakton schools and worked at the Washington Red Cross for a time. She had recently undergone an operation for appendicitis, and had only returned from the hospital a month ago, Mrs. Curtis said.

MOTHER MISSING—Mrs. Barbara Curtis Weed of Oakton, Va., with her two sons, Monty Earl Weed, 6, and Curtis Mark Weed, 20 months

# Victory Came 5 Months Later Than Eisenhower Had Hoped

By James M. Long

Supreme Headquarters Allied Expeditionary Force, May 15 (AP).—As swiftly as the war was won, it can be disclosed now that it took longer than General Eisenhower and his staff had expected—longer by as much as five months.

But that was because of the Nazis' decision to fight on after military defeat into final collapse in the heart of the wrecked Reich.

On the basis of strategic and military success the sampaigns from the African landings to final victory averaged up to or ahead of schedule.

In Africa, in Italy and on the western front there were three big gambles, each of which might have shortened the war by months. They were the task force bid to seize Bizerte, the effort at Anzio to chop off all Italy south of Rome, and the Arnhem attempt to flank the German line in the west. None succeeded fully in that purpose.

**War Won By Force**

The war was won by overwhelming military force applied brilliantly and teamed closely with the development and use of the mightiest aerial striking power the world has ever known.

This was the time pattern: The African campaign was cleaned up in the spring of 1943 after the November 7 landings almost to the week when it had been expected — but Eisenhower had hoped for even better.

"I'm an incurable optimist," he once told correspondents. Might be won quickly with a small task force. It was regarded only as a gamble—worth trying.

Sicily went well ahead of schedule mostly due to General Patton's long dash into Messima. Their the whole campaign went more slowly than correspondents believed it had been planned. In the Italian ridge and mountatin country the Germans fought furiously and progress was slow and hard.

**Late at Naples**

It had been hoped to reach and take Naples September 12. It took until October 1.

The Anzio landing was undertaken in the hope it would collapse the whole enemy line south of Rome, but it did not.

When the drive did come against Rome, it once more surged ahead faster than planned—but bogged down again in the Po Valley.

The last Allied attack still met more resistance than had been expected at that stage in the deterioration of the German force, but once that resistance began to crack, the foldup and the surrender came more quickly than many official observers had expected. It touched off the series of surrenders.

**Won Outside Germany**

It was west of the Rhine and east of the Oder that the wehrmacht received its death blows, though it did not topple until all Germany was overrun.

Eisenhower said before leaving Africa that the war might be brought to a victorious end in 1944. As he put it later, he learned a lesson from that prediction and made no more.

But from a purely military viewpoint he had been right—Germany lost her battle in France and only Hitler's throttlehold on the German people kept her in the war to its ruinous end.

# *Army Opens Path to 'Met' for D. C. Tenor*

Army life, far from interrupting the operatic career of 28-year-old Sergt. Edbert K. Ruhl, has given the young Washington tenor what most singers pray for—the promise of a contract with the Metropolitan Opera Association "the day after the duration."

Wearing khaki for the past three years, instead of the white tie and tails in which he appeared at his 1940 debut in Constitution Hall, Ruhl's assignment has been entertainment of wounded and convalescent airmen at the Army Air Forces hospitals at Miami Beach, Fla.

**Musical Training Cited**

Edward Johnson, the Met's general manager, heard him recently, giving out to patients with everything from "My Dreams Are Getting Better All the Time" to Verdi's "La Donna e Mobile"—strictly on a request basis—and at once gave him assurances of a top-flight singing career when peace comes.

Ruhl's background already justifies such a future. Trained by the Met's internationally famous basso profundo, Emilio A. Roxas, the sergeant has sung with John Charles Thomas in "Blossom Time" at the Baltimore Opera Company, and held leading tenor roles in "La Tosca," "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Rigoletto" before entering the service.

**Acclaimed by Experts**

He has been acclaimed as one of our most promising young singers by experts like Frank LaForge, Walter Damrosch and Pietro Cimara.

In addition to duties in the AAF's musical therapy program, Ruhl took part in Washington's Sixth War Loan drive, and helped raise $40,000 for the American Red Cross. He is usually accompanied in his singing tours by a musical quintet, "The Stylists."

His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander H. Ruhl, live at 3233 Aberfoyle pl. nw. His father is in the real estate business here. Sergeant Ruhl's wife has been with him on his latest tour of duty in Miami.

## Road Sweeper Picks Up Metal Hazards to Tires

St. Paul, Minn. (U.P.).—Minnesota roads are kept clear of tire-puncturing debris by a road sweeper which picks up an average of 1800 pieces of metal per mile on gravel roads.

Built largely of materials on hand in the department shop, the road magnet mounted on a light truck is deterred only by ice covered roads and heavy snows.

The magnetic sweeper travels at a rate of 10 miles per hour and its pickup capacity is reduced to 100 pieces per mile for paved or bituminous roads.

The Minnesota road scrap drive has yielded nails, tacks, screws, pieces of wire, hairpins, bottle caps, bolts, spikes, mower teeth, pieces of cable, pliers and auto tools which have dropped from passing cars or from careless tourists who have mended tires or made other roadside repairs, and left their tools behind.

## Lucky Break

New Albany, Ind. (U.P.).—This was quick work to say the least! When Mrs. Ruby Davis found her iron missing, she went to find a replacement. The storekeeper brought one out—the only one he had—and Mrs. Davis recognized it as hers. He described the man who had brought it in and the latter was arrested.

## New Grenade Carrier

Kansa sCity, Mo. (U.P.).—A new three-pocket carrier for hand grenades has been developed by the Quartermaster Corps, according to officers at the Kansas City Quartermaster Depot. The three pockets are large enough to carry six "pineapple" type grenades, or three large explosive grenades or three smoke grenades.

## *Mass. Lawmakers Study License Fee For Drinkers*

Boston, May 15 (AP).—Proposals for a personal license system for drinkers of intoxicants and revision of the laws regulating drinking were continued today to June 5 for hearing by the legislative committee on legal affairs.

A series of proposals has been offered among which was payment of a $2.00 fee annually for licenses to drink alcoholics, only if the applicant could furnish an affidavit showing that he had not been guilty of drunkenness within three months.

Other recommendations proposed that every liquor bottle carry a labelw directing the imbiber to "use moderately and not on successive days. Eat well while drinking and if necessary supplement food by vitamin tablets while drinking."

**Near Berlin**

# *Captured U.S. Fliers Stoned By Civilians*

Lueneburg, Germany, May 15 (AP).—A liberated American prisoner said today that some airmen shot down over Berlin were lined up by German civilians and stoned in public.

This treatment was described by Sergt. Emmanuel Pappas, of Omaha, Neb.

Pappas, a Flying Fortress gunner, was in a plane shot down by Focke-Wulfs over Berlin October 6, 1944. He eventually was taken to Stalagluft 1, prison camp at Barth. When the camp was overrun by the Russians he made a two-week journey on foot to the Lueneburg clearing center, where he was sent by plane to the United Kingdom.

**Engines Knocked Out**

"The Fort we had dropped our bombs on the center of Berlin and was turning for home when the Focke-Wulfs jumped us," he said. "They knocked out our engines and we spiralled down. Most of us bailed out and finally landed in a town on the outskirts of the capital.

"No sooner had we landed than a civilian came after me from 100 yards away. He was armed with a hunting rifle with a telescopic sight. I didn't run after I saw how he was armed.

"They rounded all of us up. Our tail gunner was wounded, but got down safely. The pilot was giving him first aid. Civilians with clubs knocked the pilot on the head and shot the wounded gunner. They took the rest of us to the burgomeister's house in the town.

**Clubbed by Hitler Youths**

"We were lined up there and women and kids threw stones at us for half an hour. The padding of our flying clothes saved us a lot of bruises. Then Hitler Youths clubbed us on our backs.

"We protested to our Volkssturm guard, but he just laughed. Then the burgomeister got a rope with a noose and told the townsfolk they could hang us. About that time some Luftwaffe officers came along and broke up the necktie party and took us to a headquarters in Berlin for questioning. We were in a dungeon there for three days. Finally they took us elsewhere for questioning and then we wound up at Stalagluft 1 at Barth."

## Finger of Fate

Portland, Oreg. (AP).—The gypsy fortune teller warned the soldier that danger lay ahead of him. Later she was arrested on his complaint that she had lifted his wallet containing $60. While she awaited trial, the soldier died in Barnes Hospital. The gypsy was freed for lack of a witness against her.

# Cartels Retard U. S. Health, Berge Charges

*By the Associated Press*

Assistant Attorney General Wendell Berge asserted yesterday that drug cartels and domestic monopolies have "seriously retarded" the "promotion of better health" for the Nation.

In a statement read to a House Labor Subcommittee investigating aid to the physically handicapped, the chief of the Justice Department antitrust division declared:

"Monopoly control of industries affecting the physical welfare of the people is one of the most serious aspects of the monopoly problem in our economy."

**Charges Discoveries Suppressed**

Berge said monopoly practices in the medicinal and pharmaceutical field led to suppression of research data, prevented the introduction of improved processes and products, and kept outsiders from engaging in research.

These controls, he added, "have seriously retarded the rehabilitation of the physically handicapped and the promotion of better health for the population as a whole."

"Because of the maintenance of artificial and exorbitant price structures," he continued, "the low-income groups in particular have been unable to obtain the benefits of advances in science or better physical aids.

"Monopoly groups have in several instances contemplated the adulteration of products in order to perpetuate their privileged position or to impose their monopoly restrictions upon consumers. . . ."

He said quinine had been controlled by a Dutch cartel and when our supplies were cut off by Japanese invasion of Java the government learned that atabrine, a quinine substitute, was controlled by a German cartel.

"It required strenuous effort . . . to inaugurate largescale production of this vital drug," Berge asserted.

**Vitamin D Involved**

In the domestic field, Berge said Vitamin D, insulin, eye glasses, a plastic used in dental plates, and other drugs had been involved in monopoly restrictions.

After Berge completed his statement, Representative Kelley (D., Pa.), chairman of the subcommittee said:

"The people who would deny to the sick and disabled proper medicines and drugs are not far removed from those who constructed and operated the motorious Nazi concentration camps."

"It's the most shocking thing I ever heard of," commented Representative Patterson (D., Calif.) "I didn't realize we had fallen so low as to permit such things in this country."

The most valuable crop per acre in Washington State is hops, which brought farmers $1172 per acre in 1944.

BIG 2ND WEEK
.....for the most talked about picture that ever hit town!
M·G·M presents
Oscar Wilde's
The PICTURE of DORIAN GRAY
GEORGE SANDERS
HURD HATFIELD · DONNA REED
ANGELA LANSBURY · PETER LAWFORD
LOWELL GILMORE · RICHARD FRASER
Screen Play by Albert Lewin · Based upon the Novel by Oscar Wilde · Directed by ALBERT LEWIN · Produced by PANDRO S. BERMAN · A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
"ORCHIDS!" says Walter Winchell
"DARING!" says Elsa Maxwell
LOEW'S F at 13th
PALACE
DOORS OPEN 10:30
NOW

**NEW WEALTH FOR THE SOUTH!**

Until recently—75 per cent of all the dairy products consumed in the South were shipped from the North.

Yet it has the climate, the soil and the people to make dairy farming a success.

That's why we can say: *Dairy farming offers new wealth to the South.*

It offers new wealth to the farmer through the conversion of his lands from unprofitable crops to profitable dairy farming.

It helps to solve one of the South's most serious problems—*soil erosion*—through the development of permanent pastures which prevent it.

Dairy farming also offers new wealth to communities through the establishment of milk plants, butter plants, cheese plants, meat-packing plants and many other plants devoted to the processing of meat and dairy products.

Southern Dairies, for months, has been working on post-war plans for developing this great new industry throughout the Southern States. We pledge our cooperation to others who believe, as we do, in the future of the South.

**SOUTHERN DAIRIES, INC.**

*Division of National Dairy Products Corporation*

TUNE IN THE JOAN DAVIS—SEALTEST VILLAGE STORE PROGRAM, WITH JACK HALEY, THURSDAYS, 9:30 P. M., WRC

# Mrs. Dorrance's Net 78 Takes Post Cup

## 20,000 Race-Hungry Fans Expected Today At Pimlico's Opening

By Walter Haight

Racing fans hereabouts who have been getting cobwebs on their brains and corns on their feet while awaiting their favorite action can get it today—and legally, too. Yes Pimlico opens a 10-day meeting for the betterment of the breed and the glorification of the "Yunkee Duller," and all signs point to a crowd of 20,000 being on hand for the battle of the mutuels.

The sport of kings and queens and guys and gals, cooked Maryland style, gets under way promptly at 12:30 p. m. with a six furlong sprint involving but little class as far as horseflesh goes; but before the afternoon's racing is history those present will have witnessed a well-rounded turf program although they wouldn't have missed it if mules were competing.

**Baltimore 'Cap Tops**

Topping the card will be the $5000 Baltimore Spring handicap, a dash of six furlongs which drew a field of 10 overnight entries. Chief mutuel support is likely to center on H. G. Bedwell's Sollure and the Christiana Stables' Megogo, a pair of stake winners in Maryland last year who share the top weight of 120 pounds.

The Bobanet Stable's entry of Gay Bit at 108 and Alfios at 116 should come in for some attention. The others slated to be put in the starting gate are: Margaret McCallum's Reztips (113), Max Wexler's Quien Es (108), Cedar Farms' George Case (110), Mrs. Roy Carruthers' Jimmie (108, E. M. Goldnamer's Edemgee (110) and the Norwalk Stables' Baruna (112).

Both Sollure and Megogo have been reported "fit and ready" by the clockers. The Bedwellite, a good Spring horse in the past, is generally rated the best sprinter of the two, having won the Hartford and Jennings Handicap sprint tests at Pimlico last fall. Megogo, a dash winner on occasions, made his presence felt mostly at longer routes last year, including in his accomplishments victories in the mile and a sixteenth Potomac Handicap and the mile and a quarter Washington Handicap. He also accounted for first money in the gruelling $22,050 Pimlico Cup at two miles and a half.

In the secondary feature, the $2500 Annapolis at a mile and 70 yards, another field of 10 has been named, including John A. Manfuso's Astral and the Bomar Stable's Cal's Pet and Scot's Bill.

The day's activities include a steeplechase located in third position on the program. Six timbertoppers will contest over the 2 miles of brush jumps. The T. T. Mott entry of Ossabaw and Floating Isle is likely to be made the favorite.

The track was fast at sundown last night and it will take a heap of rain to change the condition before post time. The Baltimore weather prediction is for showers.

The 10 days of racing are being conducted jointly by the four Maryland tracks—Bowie, Laurel, Havre de Grace and Pimlico. The meeting will be followed by a single day of the sport at the Hilltop trac kon June 16, which was approved by the Maryland Racing Commission yesterday.

**Preakness Slated June 16**

The single day session will allow the running of the Preakness in its usual spot, a week after the Kentucky Derby. This program promises to set a new high for racing class in the world. In addition to the Preakness, four other Pimlico fixtures will be contested—the Dixie Handicap, Pimlico Oaks, Pimlico Nursery and Jennings Handicap. With the big outlay of stake money, the day can be crossed off as a non-profit card.

The Charles Town and Delaware Park tracks have announced that they will be "dark" for Preakness day date.

Post time for Preakness Day and Saturdays at Pimlico will be 1:30 p. m. The daily double will be conducted on the first and second races as customary in the Old Line State.

O. K. race fans, have your fun—but don't forget that Seventh War Bond Drive. You did your bit before.

**Walker-Godoy Bout**

## Boxing Body To 'Probe' Fight Result

By Al Costello
*Post Staff Writer*

The case of the suddenly stricken gladiator, or what bopped Buddy in the bazazza last Monday night at Griffith Stadium, one of the outstanding fight mysteries of the season, will be "investigated" next Monday at the commission's new Municipal Building offices, the District Boxing Commission announced yesterday, 10:30 a. m.

Meaning, naturally enough, the fiasco that took place at the ball park when Buddy Walker, Columbus (Ohio) Negro, went down before the new secret weapon and invisible punch Arturo Godoy, Chilean heavyweight, used and which 5660 paying guests of Promoter Goldie Ahearn failed to see or understand but over which they howled more than somewhat. The clientele, incidentally, paid $3,-833, to see what they didn't see.

**Principals Ordered to Appear**

Ordered to appear and bare all (well, part of it, anyway) are: Walker and Godoy, the principals; Promoter Goldie Ahearn; Al "Weskit" Weill, Godoy's manager; Whitey Morrett, Walker's pilot; Charley Goldman, trainer of Godoy; and Frank Garcia, who worked Walker's corner along with Morrett. Invited to appear (there is a difference) are: Referee Charley Reynolds; Judges Jimmy Sullivan and Dr. O. U. Singer; Dr. Leon Gordon, D. C. Boxing Commission doctor; Inspectors Harry Martin and Harry Britt, and Roger Treat, a sports writer.

Fairly even for four rounds the fight suddenly ended in the fifth when Walker, in a clinch with Godoy, suddenly went down without being hit. Upon arising after taking an eight-count, he was easy prey for Godoy's right and took the full count. Afterwards he was sent to Garfield Hospital for examination and was found to be okay. Immediately after the bout, Referee Reynolds stated Godoy unintentionally butted Walker with his head while in the clinch.

Upon receiving the referee's testimony, Claude W. Owen, chairman of the D. C. Ring Body, ordered the fighters' purse paid, Godoy, who was down for 32½ per cent received approximately $3400 of the $10,541 net gate and Walker, in for 22½ per cent, received approximately $2300.

**Fighters, Managers Leave Town**

Both fighters and their managers left town yesterday.

The "investigation" was ordered yesterday after reports of "bag," "tank" and "fake" swept the town from the throats of the 5660 unfortunates who put up the $13,883 to watch what at best could only be called a "stinkeroo."

Two years ago the Boxing Commission "investigated" another alleged "bag" fight wherein John Garner, local Negro middleweight, signed a confession and faced the Commission in person and admitted he "dove" to Tee Hubert, but the Commission found nothing to substantiate Garner's claim and dismissed the case.

What the ring bosses hope to find out when everybody concerned will deny everything Monday is uncertain. In fact, there never has been a "bag" fight proved yet—and there have been plenty.

## Localization Stressed in NCAA Plan

A voluntary program to curtail travel, under which many intersectional and postseason football games will be eliminated, was submitted to the Office of Defense Transportation yesterday by the National Collegiate Athletic Association.

The program, which applies to high school as well as intercollegiate competition, was hailed by ODT Director J. Monroe Johnson as "extremely gratifying in view of War Department estimates of a large increase in military transportation requirements during the next 12 months.

Johnson noted that collegiate athletic travel already had been curtailed in releasing the 15-point program which was worked out at a recent meeting of N.C.A.A. officials with the ODT director, the United Press reported.

**Post-Season Games Out**

Two of the points promised to eliminate some of the Nation's outstanding intersectional football contests unless transportation conditions improve for one stipulated that participation in post-season events will be eliminated and another provided that no contests will be scheduled which involve an absence from the campus or school of more than 48 hours.

Ticket sales for all events will be limited to the immediate vicinities in which they are taking place.

Johnson said that if the present transportation conditions continue until the football season, games scheduled to be played at other than home fields will have to be eliminated. That would affect such classics at the Army-Notre Dame football game, played annually in New York.

**Localizing Plans Stressed**

The NCAA program:

1. Localize and simplify schedules of athletic contests.
2. Exclude contests involving an absence from the campus or school of more than 48 hours.
3. Eliminate all unreasonably long trips.
4. Schedule contests only for the home grounds f one or the other of the competing teams or for urban playing fields located between the respective home grounds of the competing teams.
5. Limit ticket sales for all events to the immediate vicinities in which they are taking place.
6. Schedule contests at places where spectators are already located rather than at places to which they would have to travel.
7. Discourage attendance at away-from-home contests by under-graduates, alumni and other sports followers not resident in the immediate vicinity of the contest.
8. Route team trips away from congested transportation centers and from main arteries of travel.
9. Reduce to an absolute minimum the number of athletes making trips for contests away from home.
10. Limit the number of coaches, cheer leaders and managers, and completely exclude bands and other traveling parties not essential to the trip.
11. Eliminate transportation of equipment through use by both competitors of the home team's equipment.
12. Replace home-and-home competition by two or more contests at a single location.
13. Eliminate from schedules all events not essential to an athletic program.
14. Eliminate high school tournaments that involve use of transportation facilities beyond a suburban area.
15. Eliminate participation in postseason events.

## The End of Coveted Golf Trophy Trail

Post Staff Photo

Mrs. Alexander Cushion of Chevy Chase Country Club, who scored a low gross of 86, looks on as Mrs. Gordon Dorrance (center), of Kenwood, who won the tourney with a low net of 78, is presented with The Post Cup by Mrs. Frank Mirth, president of the Women's District Golf Association, yesterday at Washington Golf and Country Club.

## Mrs. Cushing Cards 86 for Low Gross

By Dick Wyatt
*Post Staff Writer*

Mrs. Gordon Dorrance of Kenwood fired a net 78 yesterday at Washington Golf and Country Club to capture The Post Cup, one of the Women's District of Columbia Golf Association's more important class A championships.

The stately Kenwood golfer, wife of an Army colonel and former Philadelphia women's champion, traversed the rolling 18-hole Virginia course in 92 and by deducting her 14 handicap allowance was able to walk off with the trophy.

Mrs. Dorrance traveled the outgoing nine in 44 and returned in 48. However, she was not without her troubles. She experienced out-of-bound difficulties all the way, taking sevens on the third and sixteenth holes, ruining an otherwise top flight round.

**Low Gross to Mrs. Cushing**

Mrs. Alexander Cushing of Chevy Chase, winner of the Keefer Cup title, walked off with low gross honors with an 86. Mrs. Cushing played a smooth game to turn in the tourney's best card, and but foran eight on the par four fifteenth hole would have deadlocked with Mrs. Dorrance for the cup.

In addition to winning the cup, Mrs. Dorrance was awarded a $25 war bond by The Post as was Mrs. Cushing for taking low gross honors.

Mrs. H. H. Goodman, of Washington, took second low net with 79, shooting a gross 96. Mrs. W. B. Severn, Chevy Chase, was third with 80 and Mrs. H. W. Bashore, of Kenwood, finished fourth with a net 81.

**Others in Money**

Others to finish in the money were Mrs. C. T. Frownfelter, Prince Georges, with a net 82; Mrs. V. A. Stacy, of Army and Navy, 82; Mrs. Marion Falls, Columbia; Mrs. Arnold McNitt, of Kenwood; Mrs. J. H. Bullock, Kenwood; Mrs. Betty Meckley, Kenwood, and Mrs. Hugh Nicholson, Chevy Chase, all with 83s.

Following is Mrs. Dorrance's championship card:

Out ..... 437 554 565—44
In ..... 555 456 756—48

Following are complete scores:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mrs. Gordon Dorrance, Ken. | 92—14—78 | |
| Mrs. H. H. Goodman, Wash... | 96—17—79 | |
| Mrs. W. B. Severn, Chevy Chase | 89— 9—80 | |
| Mrs. H. W. Bashore, Kenwood | 95—14—81 | |
| Mrs. C. T. Frownfelter, Pr. Geo. | 97—15—82 | |
| Mrs. Alexander Cushing, Ch. Ch. | 96— 4—82 | |
| Mrs. V. A. Stacy, Army & Navy | 91— 9—82 | |
| Mrs. Marion Falls, Columbia | 94—11—83 | |
| Mrs. Arnold McNitt, Kenwood | 94—11—83 | |
| Mrs. J. H. Bullock, Kenwood | 97—14—83 | |
| Mrs. Betty F. Meckley, Kenwood | 87— 4—83 | |
| Mrs. Hugh Nicolson, Ch. Ch.. | 89— 6—83 | |
| Mrs. L. O. Pray, Columbia... | 88— 4—84 | |
| Mrs. R. B. Platt, Chevy Chase | 90— 6—84 | |
| Mrs. F. Powell, Indian Spring. | 99—15—84 | |
| Mrs. O. D. Dickey, A. & N... | 94—10—84 | |
| Mrs. Robert Burns, A. & N... | 96—12—84 | |
| Mrs. T. P. Bank, Washington. | 97—13—84 | |
| Mrs. H. A. Knox, Kenwood | 99—15—84 | |
| Mrs. M. M. Maxwell, Columbia | 94—10—84 | |
| Mrs. Phillip Israel, Chevy Chase | 102—18—84 | |
| Mrs. Stanley Laskey, Wash. | 100—15—85 | |
| Mrs. M. Hale Dinneen, Wash. | 103—18—85 | |
| Mrs. Nick Hollander, Kenwood | 103—18—85 | |
| Mrs. Garrett C. White, Ch. Ch. | 99—14—85 | |
| Mrs. Albert Walker, Ch. Ch... | 95—10—85 | |
| Mrs. G. E. Peterson, Kenwood. | 104—18—86 | |
| Miss Betty Ling, Ind. Spring. | 94—8—86 | |
| Mrs. W. I. Horner, Washington | 101—15—86 | |
| Mrs. Robert Keebler, Kenwood | 104—18—86 | |
| Mrs. H. L. Price, Kenwood | 97—10—87 | |
| Mrs. C. B. Marquder, A. & N. | 103—15—87 | |
| Mrs. S. C. Little, A. & N... | 99—12—87 | |
| Mrs. M. J. Torlinski, A. & N. | 99—12—87 | |
| Mrs. V. B. Bagnall, A. & N... | 105—18—87 | |
| Baroness deGruben, Ch. Ch... | 99—10—89 | |
| Mrs. R. L. Johnson, Ch. Ch... | 105—16—89 | |
| Mrs. Gale P. Pugh, Manor | 105—16—89 | |
| Mrs. Woodlief Thomas, Ch. Ch. | 102—11—91 | |
| Mrs. J. S. Phillips, A. & N. | 106—14—92 | |
| Mrs. A. Peyton Bush, Jr., Wash. | 105—13—92 | |
| Mrs. Frank P. Mirth, Wash.. | 104—12—92 | |
| Mrs. O. L. Young, Pr. Geo... | 105—11—94 | |

## Army, Navy Nines Look to May 26 Clash

Annapolis, May 16 (AP).—When the Army and Navy baseball teams clash at West Point May 26, they may be playing for an Eastern Collegiate Championship, for the powerful service school nines have an undefeated season to date.

Each club has an 11-0 victory record, with three games to be played before their annual meeting. Both Army and Coach Max Bishop's Navy outfit have been pasting their opposition all season. The scores have been high, the pitching good, and the batting lusty.

The University of Richmond, usually a pretty fair team, will be Navy's rival tomorrow, and the Tars hope to make it 12 straight.

In 11 games the Middies have a .329 team batting average with 401 times at the plate, 132 hits, and 140 scored runs. This gives them a per game stick average of 12 hits and 12.7 runs.

The opposition has been held to 58 hits and 37 runs for a per game score of 5.3 and 3.4.

Bob Hill, tall first sacker, is Navy's big gun with a batting average of .465. He has blasted five home runs, collected four doubles, and sent 23 mates over the counting station. Next in the "RBI" column is Andy Frahler, outfielder, with a .367 average. He tops the triples with seven.

Other Navy regulars with better than .300 are Hal Curry, third baseman, with .385; Jay McKie, shortstop, at .383; and Center Fielder Wirt Thayer with .302. Just five points under .300 is Vic Finos, the veteran catcher.

Dale Mueller and Ronald Burton, with five victories each, and Conway Taylor, chief relief man with one, are the pitchers.

Mueller scored over Ursinus, Villanova, North Carolina, Penn State and Pennsylvania, while Burton holds wins over Princeton, Muhlenberg, New York University, Bucknell, and North Carolina Preflight. Tayor won the Pittsburgh game in relief of Burton.

## *Dusek, Evans Top Wrestling Card At Arena Tonight*

An all-star wrestlnig show, featuring Rudy Dusek and Don Evans in one of the season's best matches, will be unfolded tonight at Joe Turner's arena.

Dusek, the big Nebraskan who is making his first appearance here in more than two years, is favored to pin. Evans, the tough Texas grappler whose rought tactics have been frowned upon by local fans.

Three other events promise plenty of action. One is a team match, with Duke Keomuka and Lou Farino meeting Dominick Serio and Pat Rooney. The others bring together Ed "Strangler" White and Reb Russell; and Red Carter and Gus Rapp.

## Giants Hop On Derringer, Beat Cubs, 5-4

New York, May 15 (AP).—The New York Giants clubbed Paul Derringer for four runs in the fifth frame today and went on from there to defeat the Chicago Cubs, 5 to 4, for their tenth triumph in their last 11 decisions.

Prior to the debacle, Derringer had given up only one hit, a single to center by Nap Reyes in the third. Reyes added another single in the sixth, to make it six hits in his last six official at bats.

Actually, it was Phil Weintraub's home run in the sixth with the bases empty off Reliefer Bob Chapman that decided the contest. The veteran firstbaseman also opened the fifth inning scoring splurge by working Derringer for a pass. It was Weintraub's sixth homer of the year and lifted him into a tie for the National League with Manager Met Ott.

Van Lingle Mungro, who had to have help from Ace Adams, was the winning pitcher. He walked seven, hit one and allowed six hits in the 7 1-3 innings he worked. Not a cub hit safely after the fourth, however, and their two tallies in the seventh were manufactured from two walks, a fielder's choice, an error and a pair of force outs.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 010 100 200 | 4 | 6 0 |
| New York | 000 041 00x | 5 | 8 1 |

Derringer, Chipman (5), Passeau (8) and Williams, Gillespie; Mungo, Adams (8) and Lombardi. Winning pitcher—Mungo. Losing pitcher—Derringer. Homer—Weintraub, New York, 6th.

### *Cards Top Braves, 8-7, On Buster Adams' Homer*

Boston, May 15 (AP).—Buster Adams' eighth inning homer with two aboard gave the St. Louis Cardinals an 8-7 victory after the Boston Braves had outhit them by a 13-11 margin today in the series' opener.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 200 021 030 | 8 | 11 0 |
| Boston | 110 112 100 | 7 | 13 2 |

Fartenheimer, Burkhart (5), Creel (7), Donnelly (9) and O'Dea; Barrett, Javery (6), Schacker (6) and Masi. Winning pitcher—Creel. Losing pitcher—Schacker. Homer—Adams, St. Louis, 8th (2 on).

## Eastern Beats Coolidge, 2-1; Schaeffer Wins

By Newton Bowers
*Post Staff Writer*

Eastern High's hard-hitting Ramblers put the damper on Coolidge High's winning streak yesterday as the Northeast school, behind the superb hurling of Paul Scheaffer, defeated the Colts, 2-1, at Coolidge.

A crowd of 1000 saw Scheaffer, who hurled a no-hitter against Central earlier in the season, set the stubborn Colts down with two hits, while his mates maltreated big Buck (Bobo) Henry for six, handing the latter his initial defeat of the year. A last-inning home run by Charley Kiesgen saved the Colts from a blank.

The Ramblers really threw a monkey wrench in the league standings. By virtue of their victory, Eastern, Coolidge and Wilson's Green Tigers are in a three-way deadlock for first place with four victories against one defeat. Only two more rounds of competition remain before the playoffs.

As was expected, the game started off to be a pitching duel, with both Henry and Scheaffer holding their own. It wasn't until the fifth inning that the Ramblers got to Henry—for both their runs.

Arthur Reinhardt started it with a single, and advanced to second on a passed ball. Henry then lost the fine control he had been showing throughout the game and walked Bill Spiecer, but not until another passed ball had placed Reinhardt on third.

The fleet Speicer chalked up a stolen base, and then Scheaffer stepped up to the plate to win his own game with a hard hit drive through the box, scoring both runs.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Eastern | 000 020 0—2 | 6 | 3 |
| Coolidge | 000 000 1—1 | 2 | 1 |

Scheaffer and Glover; Henry and King.

**Blair Girls Cop First**

Montgomery-Blair girls' softball team scored its first victory in three starts on the home field yesterday, subdueing Mongomery Hill High, 9-3.

## Giants Hop On Derringer, Beat Cubs, 5-4

New York, May 15 (AP).—The New York Giants clubbed Paul Derringer for four runs in the fifth frame today and went on from there to defeat the Chicago Cubs, 5 to 4, for their tenth triumph in their last 11 decisions.

Prior to the debacle, Derringer had given up only one hit, a single to center by Nap Reyes in the third. Reyes added another single in the sixth, to make it six hits in his last six official at bats.

Actually, it was Phil Weintraub's home run in the sixth with the bases empty off Reliefer Bob Chapman that decided the contest. The veteran firstbaseman also opened the fifth inning scoring splurge by working Derringer for a pass. It was Weintraub's sixth homer of the year and lifted him into a tie for the National League with Manager Met Ott.

Van Lingle Mungro, who had to have help from Ace Adams, was the winning pitcher. He walked seven, hit one and allowed six hits in the 7 1-3 innings he worked. Not a cub hit safely after the fourth, however, and their two tallies in the seventh were manufactured from two walks, a fielder's choice, an error and a pair of force outs.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 010 100 200 | 4 | 6 0 |
| New York | 000 041 00x | 5 | 8 1 |

Derringer, Chipman (5), Passeau (8) and Williams, Gillespie; Mungo, Adams (8) and Lombardi. Winning pitcher—Mungo. Losing pitcher—Derringer. Homer—Weintraub, New York, 6th.

### *Cards Top Braves, 8-7, On Buster Adams' Homer*

Boston, May 15 (AP).—Buster Adams' eighth inning homer with two aboard gave the St. Louis Cardinals an 8-7 victory after the Boston Braves had outhit them by a 13-11 margin today in the series' opener.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 200 021 030 | 8 | 11 0 |
| Boston | 110 112 100 | 7 | 13 2 |

Fartenheimer, Burkhart (5), Creel (7), Donnelly (9) and O'Dea; Barrett, Javery (6), Schacker (6) and Masi. Winning pitcher—Creel. Losing pitcher—Schacker. Homer—Adams, St. Louis, 8th (2 on).

## Foxcroft Show Honors Taken By Miss Smith

Middleburg, Va., May 15.—Miss Averill Penn Smith, class of 1941, won the first leg on the new Davis Challenge Cup for alunmae at the annual Foxcroft horse show here yesterday. Miss Smith, an excellent rider and daughter of Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart, of Unionville, Pa., retired a cup last year after winning three times in succession. Miss Teresa Shook, instructor at Foxcroft, won second place in this class and Mrs. Kitty Combs, also a teacher here, placed third. The young ladies changed mounts during the performance as only their riding counted.

The young ladies of the school, performing in an excellent manner, competed with horsemen of this section in 10 of the events open to the public. The horses from the stables of Mr. and Mrs. George P. Greenhalge, of Berryville, scored in a number of classes. Their Coral Sea won two classes and Portmaker placed first in the working hunter class. Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin's Never Rest turned in a good performance to win the green hunter classes.

ROAD HACKS—Won by Recruit, ridden by Julie Bissell, Wilmington, Del.; second, Silver Mist, June Carry, Chicago; third, Kingstree, Patsy Keith, Baltimore.

BEGINNERS RIDING (riding only to count)—Won by Elizabeth Fly, Memphis, Tenn., on Angus; second, Margaret Dupont, Wilmington, on Andy; third, Josephine Harrison, Pittsburgh, on Ikey.

BEGINNERS JUMPING—Won by Sallie Carter, Washington, D. C., on Tar Boy; second, Alice Hendrick, Washington, on Amalu; third, Colston Nauman, Harrisburg, on Angus.

YOUNGER GIRLS' CONTEST (under 18)—Won by Mary Paine Snow, New York, on Princess; second, Carol Penney, New York, riding Chaser; third, Thea Winthrop, Upperville, on Sheats.

OLDER GIRLS' CONTEST—Won by Shirley Foerderer, Philadelphia, on Dorothy; second, Mollie Richardson, Greenwich, Conn., on Bessie; third, Alice Wild, Milwaukee, on Scandal.

BAREBACK JUMPING—Won by War Paint, ridden by M. F. Snow; second, Chaser, Carol Penney; third, Peggy Dupont, Wilmington; fourth, Mary Ann Stevens, New York.

HANES AWARD (best horsemanship in 1944-1945)—Won by Mollie Richardson, of Greenwich.

WHITNEY AWARD (given for good hands in 1944-45)—Shirley Foerderer, Philadelphia.

TROOP OFFICERS JUMPING—Won by Shirley Foerderer, on Dorothy; second, Mary Paine Snow, on Hill Billy; third, Alice Wild on Scandal.

HUNTER HACKS (open)—Won by Carol Sea, Mr. and Mrs. George P. Greenhalge, Mrs. Frempe, 110 (Frost).....4.20 3.00 2.20
Bashful Buck, 112 (Gillespie).....2.80
New Glory, Robbins, Rogers Boy also ran.
Time, 1:32⅘.

5—6½ fur.; $1400; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Lucifer, 115 (White).....13.80 6.00 3.80
Bingo Mama, 112 (Haynes).....4.60 3.00
Joe K. Jr., 116 (Loturee).....2.60
Entries, F. S. Munns, Lytia-Jane also ran.
Time, 1:25⅘.

6—6½ fur.; $1600; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Misty Miss, 119 (Gildersell)...3.40 3.20 2.40
Bagnell, 107 (Gillespie).....5.80 3.20
Prince Bang, 110 (Lowe).....2.80
Solo Fancy, Twixt, Damie, Cross B. also ran.
Time, 1:02⅘.

7—6½ fur.; $1400; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Vegas Wheel, 118 (Nichols)...8.80 4.20 3.20
Tex Ryan, 107 (Haynes).....4.60 3.60
Radimir, 110 (Gildersell).....5.60
Wheelstraw, Stars At Night, Miss Transit, Ballyarnell also ran. Time, 1:25.

8—1-70; $1200; 4-yr.-olds up; claiming.
Shin Plaster, 107 (Nichols)...6.80 4.60 3.40
Hickory Jim, 104 (Burdy).....4.60 2.60
Marwick, 115 (Martin).....2.80
Entries—Flight, Mr. Main, Wobble Pump also ran. Time, 1:53⅘.

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $21.80.

3—6½ fur.; $1200; 3-year-old maidens.
Chanteu, 113 (Martin).....5.20 3.20 2.20
Dauntless Bo, 118 (Franklin).....4.20 2.60
Whyze, 118 (Loturee).....2.40
Bright Bronze, †Our Mayor, Algrina, †Grace Powers, Double Duty also ran. Time, 1:25⅘.
†Villardito and Obea—Lambert entry.

4—7½ fur.; $1200; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Key Man, 115 (Franklin).....4.20 3.00 2.20
Sis. Frempe, 110 (Frost).....4.20 2.80

# More Money Asked for Rat Control Plan

Washington's war against rats, hitherto principally concerned with restricting them to areas where they will do the least harm, may succeed in eradicating them altogether with increased funds and post-war supplies of building materials.

This was the belief of William H. Cary, jr., director of the Bureau of Sanitation, expressed after addressing a meeting of 25 District hotel operators yesterday on rodent control, part of the continuing educational campaign which is preventing 50 per cent of the damage caused by rats in the past.

Cary suggested to hotel men that they should not store any type of material in their buildings for more than 30 days without cleaning it, thus creating no) new havens for rats.

He also urged immediate ratproofing of all sections of buildof priorities on construction mapointed out that possible easing ings where food may be stored and terials may make such work feasible in the near future.

Although ratproofing materials have always been available through the war, shortages of other replacement materials which would justify the expense of rodent control have in many cases been on high priority and practically unavailable.

The bureau's campaign against rats, so far waged as a part-time job because of scarcity of funds and manpower, could successfully eradicate them with a nannual appropriation of $50,000 a year and the formation of a special department to devote its efforts to the one job, Cary believes.

He proposes a rodent control bureau, possibly under the direction of A. P. Bell, Public Health engineer who is an authority on the subject but is able to spend only a part of his time on it, several assistant engineers for areas highly infested or with special problems, and five trained working crews.

"While the $50,000 figure might seem high," Cary said, "in one warehouse within the year $186,000 worth of peanuts were completely destroyed and that is only part of the total damage."

Under its present setup which combines an educational program, community advisory work and eradication in individual premises and localities which originate complaints, less than $15,000 a year is now spent and only two crews assigned.

Any householder or resident of an infested area can receive advice and actual assistance by calling the Bureau of Sanitation now, Cary pointed out, but shortages have so far prevented launching of the all out drive necessary for efficient city-wide eradication.

Presence of huge numbers of rats in Washington, estimated at double the city's population, have within the year been held responsible for an outburst of Weil's disease, from which 12 persons were found to be suffering, and bites to several children and two adults as well as damage estimated at up to 15 million dollars in food and property.

## Cotton Crop Ginning In Louisiana Down

New Orleans, La. (U.P.).—A total of 571,166 bales of the 1944 Louisiana cotton crop was ginned prior to December 1—over 100,000 bales less than the total figures released by the Department of Commerce for 1943. Last year's figure was 696,444.

The greatest amount of ginning took place in St. Landry Parish. In 1944, 45,949 bales were ginned there, and 51,889 in 1943.

# Reds Honor Mrs. Churchill

Associated Press WIREPHOTO via Radio from Moscow.

PRIME MINISTER'S WIFE SENT MEDICAL AID—Nikolai Shvernik, president of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic, presents the Order of the Red Banner of Labor to Mrs. Clementine Churchill, wife of the Prime Minister of Great Britain, at a ceremony in the Kremlin in Moscow. Mrs. Churchill was honored for organizing collections of funds in Great Britain for medical aid for Red Army troops

# Possble Coal Strike Sanctions Talked After Truman Warning

By the Associated Press

A warning by President Truman that anthracite must be mined stirred talk last night of possible sanctions to end the hard-coal strike.

Mr Truman told a news conference the Government would take whatever steps are necessary to get the coal out. He did not elaborate beyond emphasizing that the coal must and will be mined.

With the strike of 72,000 miners now in its third week, possible courses of action open to the Administration included:

1. The President might appeal directly to the patriotism of the miners, urging them to get back on the job.

2. Solid Fuels Administrator Harold L. Ickes might ask William H. Davis, economic stabilization director, to enforce sanctions against the individual miners, such as lifting gasoline and tire allotments based on occupational driving.

3. The President could order the Army to enforce the mining of coal—a step regarded as extremely unlikely and only a last resort.

The anthracite mines, located in Pennsylvania, already are under U. S. control. The miners made no move to resume work after the President ordered the mines taken over May 3 by Ickes. The miners have not worked since expiration of their old contract April 30. Negotiations between John L. Lewis and the operators, which began in New York April 4, have been deadlocked over the mine leader's demand for $1.50 per day underground travel pay.

# Fifth Gun Crew Fires 15 Rounds In 45 Seconds

With the Fifth Army in Italy (U.P.).—The gun crew could hardly believe it when the calm voice of the firing officer assured them that they had fired a total of 15 rounds of ammunition in 45 seconds.

"It sounded almost impossible," Sergt. Carl E. Hargis of Scotland, Tex., said. "But the gun had been warmed up from previous firing, the crew was alert and the ammunition had been prepared and set ready, with charges pulled.

"The other guns had fired only 7 or 8 rounds when the cease firing order came," Pvt. Andres Castillo of Spofford, Tex., said.

The howitzer was number 4 gun in an artillery battery of the Thirty-sixth "Texas" Division before the Gustav Line below Rome.

The crew, which had previously boasted of 18 rounds a minute fired during the invasion of Italy, included Russian-born Pvt. Bernard Ruvell of Portland, Oreg.; Pvt. James Ainsworth of Homer, N. Y.; Pfc. George T. Shapella of Middleport, Pa., and German-born Pvt. Gustav Dirks of Cleveland, Ohio.

"When an American Gustav meets a German Gustav, one of the two has to give way," Dirks said. "There was no doubt in my mind who would give way this time."

## Burns Firemen's Ears

Kansas City, Mo., (U.P.).—She hasn't lived to be 83 years old just so a bunch of firemen can tromp through the bathroom while she's in the tub, Mrs. Jennie Jackson informed several would-be rescuers here recently. Mrs. Jackson, who can't get out of the tub without aid, forgot and locked the bathroom door from the inside. When her daughter discovered that her mother was trapped in the tub, she called the fire department. The rescuers entered through a window, handed the irate Mrs. Jackson some towels—and retreated when she said, among other things, "Get out of here! I never heard the like!"

Operators drilling for oil and gas in 1944 penetrated the earth's crust a total of 1,655,240 feet, or 332.43 miles.

# Many Scare Items Will Be On July Market

By Fred Brandeis

Production of small and medium-sized durable goods—vacuum cleaners, washing machines, cutlery, toasters, sewing machines, cameras—will resume on a "substantial" basis in July, and should reach prewar levels by next spring, the War Production Board said yesterday.

The bigger items—automobiles, refrigerators, stoves, and furniture, as well as building construction—will require more time, because of their need for large quantities of metals, plus components tools, and plant readjustment.

In his first press conference since VE-Day, WPB Chairman J. A. Krug confirmed the home-front picture sketched last week by War Mobilizer Fred M. Vinson, emphasizing these points:

1. War supplies for the Pacific campaign will remain the No. 1 job, and a huge one. Revised munitions schedules for the current quarter call for production valued at 14.3 billion dollars—less than one per cent under actual output for the first quarter. New third-quarter schedules call for 13.7 billions of munitions.

2. Production for war-supporting activities, notably farm machinery and railroad equipment, will be given preference in claims on materials, tools and manpower. Thus, of 2.5 million tons of steel scheduled for release from military priority in July, August and September, two million are earmarked in this way. The remaining half-million tons will be available, without restriction, to makers of consumers' goods.

3. Limitation orders on production of the smaller items will be removed by the middle of summer. Iready 90 of them have been lifted, and 100 more are on the way. Of the other 200-odd restrictions, those on heavy consumers' goods, like automobiles, will be revoked as materials become available; the rest, covering scarce products such as textiles, lumber and certain chemicals, will remain in effect until VJ day.

4. While WPB will try to place new war contracts in regions with labor surplus, secere local unemployment cannot be prevented in places like Detroit, San Francisco and Portland, Ore. Detroit, for example, has taken on 300,000 new warworkers; it cannot find jobs for them when war contracts are cancelled.

5. The only civilian items likely to be rationed are refrigerators and automobiles. For the rest, it will be: first served. Krug added that any discussion of the auto situation would be premature, in view of meetings with industry and labor today and tomorrow.

Limitation orders newly revoked covered cameras and photographic equipment, office machines and food processing machinery.

## Grave Youngster

Independence, Mo. (U.P.).—Many varied exclamations, no doubt, met Senator Harry S. Truman's nomination for the Democratic candidate for Vice President, but probably one of the most deadly came from 3-year-old Ann Hunt, daughter of the pastor of the First Baptist Church here. When Ann, who lives across the street from the Truman home in Independnece, their minds were more on home problems than on soldiering.

Engel said that dependency allowances make it a very expensive matter to keep in the service a man who has several children.

His principal objective is, however, he declared, the humanitarian consideration of retaining family life in the United States.

The general staff officers from the War Department have agreed, he said, to furnish figures on fathers of more than three children.

Meanwhile, Chairman Andrew J. May (D., Ky.) of the House Military Affairs Committee declared he would resist any such riders because "we must have confidence in the judgment of the Army's leaders."

## Jane Arden

DID YOU HAVE THAT VENUS FLY ANALYZED FOR HER INSPECTION?
YEP—NOTHING IN IT BUT DIRT AND MANURE !!!
AT LEAST IT WON'T HURT ANYONE — BUT IT WON'T KEEP HER FROM GIVING OFF A TWO HUNDRED POUND WOMAN'S WHINE!
I GUESS I'LL HAVE TO TAKE DR. HARVEY'S TREATMENT MYSELF
WHY, YOU DON'T NEED REDUCING!
I'VE GOT TO FIND OUT WHAT THIS IS ALL ABOUT!

# Army Considers Giving Points To GI Dads for All Children

By Mary Spargo

A proposal to increase the number of discharge points given to fathers in service who have more than three children is under consideration by the War Department's general staff, The Washington Post learned yesterday.

The reconsideration is the result of an attack on the War Department's recently announced point system for demobilization launched by Representative Albert J. Engel (R., Mich.) at a meeting of the House Appropriations Subcommittee giving preliminary consideration to the new military appropriation bill.

At present, a father receives 12 points for each child through the third, but none for other children.

Asserting that fathers were more important at home with their families than in the Army now that Germany has surrendered, Engel threatened to try to drive through a rider on the new appropriation bill which would in effect mean a discharge for every man in service with more than three children.

It was then that general staff officers, who had appeared to testify, promised to reconsider the point system as it affects fathers, Engel said.

Engel sai dthat unless the War Department voluntarily changes its poin tallowances for children, he will propose an amendment forbidding the payment of any moneys appropriated under this bill to any soldier who has more than three children and who has applied for and been refused a discharge.

This would in effect compel the Army to release fathers in this class.

Under the law the Army must pay its soldiers, so those the Army was forbidden to pay would be out.

From other sources it was learned that the Army itself has shown a tendency to weed out fathers with large families, since

## Loans Hard to Make, Lament Pawnbrokers

New Orleans (U.P.).—The symbol of the three gilded balls over the door used to mean inside was a pawnshop, a place where one could obtain a loan on anything of tangible value. The pawnbroker was a man of profit, and usually sympathy failed to enter transactions.

But today the pawnbroker of New Orleans has nothing but headaches and the consensus of opinion among local pawnbrokers is that there's nothing easy to get these days but a headache.

"Before the war our shelves were stocked with goods," one said. "But our best customers were those who wanted loans.

"Nowadays people are making good wages, want to buy merchandise rather than get loans. The cupboard is bare."

Scarcest items were clocks, dollar watches, shotgun shells, knives, fishing tackle, suitcases and other leather goods.


Why so few ELGIN watches are available today...

SPECIFIC REASON NO. 2:

Elgin has made millions of these intricate timing mechanisms that blast enemy planes from the skies

MECHANICAL FUZES, which time the burst of ack-ack shells to within mere hundredths of a second, are a major Elgin Watch Company contribution to America's war effort. For developing mechanical time fuzes to a new high in accuracy, three Elgin scientists have received the highest citation for individual war production merit given by our government.

To produce fuzes, Elgin had to start from scratch by acquiring a *separate* plant, tooling it, staffing it with skilled management and personnel. Even so, Elgin has supplied *millions* of these delicate mechanisms for the anti-aircraft guns of our Army and Navy!

The making of time fuzes is just one of many special war tasks that have called for the science and skill—and genuine American enthusiasm—of the Elgin Watch Company where Victory comes first.

These vital war tasks explain why you don't see Elgin Watches in jewelers' stores right now, while you *do* see foreign-made watches with unfamiliar names. *Elgin* time is a munition of war!

ELGIN NATIONAL WATCH COMPANY

★ ELGIN ★

THIS IS ELGIN'S 80TH ANNIVERSARY



One taste will prove why it is the

LUXURY BLEND SCOTCH

PARK & TILFORD IMPORT CORP., NEW YORK, N. Y. • BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY • 86 PROOF
FORMAN, Inc., 1460 Okie Street, N.E., Washington, D. C.

# Mary Haworth's Mail

## Calm Friendship Grows Between Girl, 19, And Divorced Man, 30; Family Makes Fun Because She Is Stout, Never Had a Beau

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I have met a fine young man around 30 years of age. I met him through a close friend. He was in my brother's division in the Army. His hand was injured in training and now he works in a defense plant. However, he is still in the Army. He was married once, but he has been divorced for three years. They had no children and he does not pay alimony. He told us his wife got the divorce because he never was a top-ranking businessman.

Most of his earlier life was spent on a farm in the Middle West. His parents died when he was 8 years old. I doubt that he would ever set the world on fire, but he is a fine person. He is such a calm and intelligent fellow. I feel more at ease with him than with persons my age. I am 19 and have never been boy crazy. I have grown up with boys, have always known boys, but I have never had a personal "date."

I am 5 feet, 5 inches tall and weigh 180 pounds. I wear a size 38 dress. You can imagine how awful I would look on a dance floor. I have never learned to dance and probably never shall. The family makes fun of me because we write to each other, and also, because I have never had a date. Can you please give me some nice excuse to offer, if he should ever ask me to dance? I want to be prepared. Also, should I go to the theater with him if he asks me? In the past, we have just talked at my home. I feel sure that our relationship with each other will never be more than close friends. Please help me. B. D.

### *Man's Interest Is a Godsend*

DEAR B. D.: This man's friendship is a godsend. It spurs you to do something about yourself. And never mind the family titters. Their teasing is very stupid and unkind. That's the kind of home treatment that makes old maids. The best thing about having a beau—if only a man friend to write to—is the encouragement it gives a girl to make herself more pleasing and attractive. And that is a duty you owe yourself, your Creator and all your associates,—to brighten the corner where you are, by becoming as lovely and socially gifted as you possibly can.

Before discussing invitations, I want to take up the matter of your appearance. Why, with your medium height, do you weigh 180 pounds? Why don't you start a program to lose 45 pounds? In 99 cases out of 100 overweight is caused solely by overeating. The more you eat, the more your stomach distends and the more you want. It comes right down to feeding habits. It is the feeding habit that runs in families; not the tendency to be skinny or fat. The hundredth case of gross overweight has a glandular origin. Usually the thyroid is out of whack, not burning fuel at normal speed, so that food instead of creating energy piles up as fat. A first-rate endocrinologist can do much to correct that.

### *Give Personality Proper Frame*

GIVE intelligent attention to slimming down. See a doctor first, if you think you should. Then read up on healthful nutrition and tonic exercise. Learn the protective foods you need and skip the fatty nonessentials. Ida Jean Kain has a new book out, "Get In Shape," published by David McKay Co., Philadelphia. Her instructions, faithfully followed, should whittle you gradually to size 16; or less, if you like. Take dancing and swimming lessons,—for good fun, fine exercise and something more to talk about, when you write your friend. Then a year from now, if he asks you to dance, you will be prepared in the real sense.

In the meantime, if he asks you to dance, tell him frankly, "I'd love to go dancing with you. But I don't dare. I am only just learning and I value your good opinion too much to practice on you!" If he asks you to go to the theater, go. And be as casual about it, as cheerfully pleased, as if you were setting forth with a favorite girl friend. Don't squirm self-consciously at family teasing. Since the man is 30 and has been married, doubtless he is woman-wise. He can see you haven't been around. If he likes you, it is for your honest-to-goodness self. The fact that you feel at ease with him means that he feels the same about you. The reason for slimming down, etc., is to give your nice personality its proper frame and attract the beaux you are entitled to have. M. H.

*Mary Haworth counsels through her column; not by mail or personal interview. Write her in care of The Post.*

Harris & Ewing

RECENT BRIDE is Mrs. Robert D. Williams, the former Jeanne M. Horstman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin R. Horstman, Capitol Heights, Md. Her husband is a radioman 2/c in the Navy. The ceremony took place in the First Christian Church

# Town Talk

*By Eva Hinton*

IT'S hardly a party in Washington these days unless at least a couple of guests have just dropped in while globe-girdling and another guest has just stepped off of a plane with the latest news of Europe's reaction to VE-Day.

At Air Commodore and Mrs. Douglas Blackford's buffet supper the other evening the formula was working like a charm with the added ingredient of first-rate entertainment thrown in.

RAF Wing Commander Crawford Compton, one of the most-decorated pilots of the Battle of Britain, dropped in en route to his native New Zealand, where he will give a series of talks. Wing Comdr. Compton was in command of four French squadrons and two English squadrons which he took right in to France on D-Day.

**His description of the French pilots when they saw France beneath their planes and realized that they had come to STAY is a bit of unforgettable drama. Their deeds of daring were both incredible and joyous.**

Lieut. Col. Morris Carr, aide to Gen. H. H. Arnold, came to the Blackford's fresh off a plane from Europe where he had witnessed the VE-Day celebration in Paris.

Also back from a trip were the First Secretary of the Spanish Embassy, Don Luis de Silva, Marques de Zahara, and his blonde, American marquesa. The former Betty Byrne and her Spanish diplomat flew to Santo Domingo to be married.

They said it was so much simpler than being married in Washington, because they only knew one person in Santo Domingo. He is the Spanish envoy there who served as best man and guest list rolled into one.

THE evening's entertainment was started off by the hostess herself with one of her riotously funny impersonations. Then she persuaded Capt. Paul Janes of the British Supply Mission, who in peacetime under the name of Paul England is one of England's favorite stage and radio stars, to tell some stories.

**At one point he seemed to be speaking for all of us when he described himself as reading Gibbons' "Decline and Fall." He said he knew he was getting toward the end because the book was so much heavier on the left side.**

Also among the guests that evening were Lieut. Paul Bancroft, USNR, and his vivacious wife; Mrs. Albert Dewey, Mrs. Durham Wood, Lieut. Wheeler Williams, USNR; Count George Lasocki and Col. Onacewicz of the Polish Embassy, Lieut. Col. Jean Notz of the Swiss Legation and Mme. Notz, and Lady Strathallan.

## Ambidextrous Eaters Acquire Pounds Easily

*By Ida Jean Kain*

Most overweights are somewhat ambidextrous . . . particularly at meal times. They cannot eat without a piece of bread and butter in the left hand and a fork in the right hand. They have crackers with the soup, like bread and butter, hot rolls or innumerable course. It's easy to see that this two-fisted eating doubles the calories. In fact, the habit becomes so fixed that it's difficult to eat with only one hand!

If this strikes home, perhaps you'd be interested in some habit breakers. For the next three meals, try eating with your left hand held firmly in your lap. Or, if that seems to cramp your meal, substitute celery or raw carrots, or some crisp low calorie wafer, for the bread.

**Eat Less Gravy**

Just recognizing the source of many of the excess calories is a start in reducing. With some overweights who dine out, it's bun munching. While they are waiting for their dinner, they munch rolls, bread, bread sticks and melba toast . . . sometimes they clean up the whole bread plate! The only thing to do is to ask the girl who serves the bread plate not to leave it until your dinner arrives. Then just take a roll and a piece or two of melba toast.

Many overweights who dine at home could get slim if they would get off the gravy train! They get into the habit of pouring gravy lavishly over the whole plate of food, and use the last piece of bread to get the last spoon of gravy.

**Wait Fifteen Minutes**

Many other home diners tell me they get along just fine at meals and are quite proud not taking seconds. They get up from the table firmly determined not to eat more that evening. Then they start to clear off the table and almost without knowing it, they eat a little dab of this and a spoonful or two of that and the scales prove these extra calories were enough to keep their weight up.

Well, you might get the children or your husband to clear off the table. If that can't be maneuvered, wait 15 minutes before starting to "rid" the table. It's surprising, but after 10 or 15 minutes away from food, you lose the craving for more.

## French Relief Unit Sets Bridge Party; Wednesday, May 23

The Washington Unit, American Relief for France, under the patronage of the French Ambassador and Mme. Bonnet, will give a bridge party Wednesday, May 23, from 2:30 to 6:30 p. m. at 1720 I st.

A fashion show of children's clothing, made by members of the organization, will be a feature of the afternoon. The clothes will be sent to the destitute children of France. There will also be a sale of gifts and an exhibition of rare French books. Tea will be served in the garden. Mrs. Charles S. Dewey and Mrs. George Y. Worthington are cochairmen of the event. Tickets may be purchased at 1720 I st., 1302 Connecticut ave., and 1710 Connecticut ave.

### Hightowers Are Hosts

Dr. and Mrs. Nolley Hightower asked a number of friends to their home last week to hear William Cameron, harpist, Navy Symphony. Among the numbers was Brahm's "Lullaby."

## Name Junior Committee for Benefit Recital

The Misses Bhagwati and Krishna Bajpai, the Senoritas Gabriela and Elena Mora, daughters of the Chilean Ambassador and Senora de Mora, and Miss Margaret Truman have consented to serve on the junior committee for the Music Canteen benefit recital next Wednesday.

Others named by the chairman, Miss Patricia Parker, are Miss Louise McNutt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul McNutt; Miss Lydia Langer, who heads the Senate Daughters; Miss Annie Laurie Rankin, and Miss Irina Cantacuzene.

Miss Anne Devereux, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Devereux, and Miss Nancy Brand, daughter of Admiral and Mrs. Charles Brand, both Jangos, will help with ushering, as will Miss Wilamena Davison, daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Donald Davison; Miss Jocelin Fleming, daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Philip Fleming, and Miss Nancy Stinson, daughter of Col. and Mrs. David Stinson.

The recital, at the home of Mrs. Anne Archbold, will include Frances Coates Grace, soprano-diseuse, wife of Lieut. Comdr. John B. Grace, jr., in Deems Taylor's "Peter Ibbetson." She will be accompanied by Theodore Schaeffer.

Capt. Arthur Loesser, USA, pianist, and Pfc. Erno Valasek, USAAF, violinist, will play Grieg's "Sonata in G Major."

### Capitalites in New York

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Sanders and Mrs. H. K. Larson are staying at the Barclay Hotel in New York. Lieut. Col. J. M. Chambers, USMC, and Mrs. Chambers are among recent guests at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York from Washington.

## *Ration Points*

May 16, 1945

SUGAR—Sugar stamps Nos. 35 and 36 good for 5 pounds of sugar each. Sugar stamp No. 35 expires June 2.

MEATS AND FATS—Red stamps Y-5, Z-5, A-2 through U-2 good for 10 points each; Y-5, Z-5, A-2 through D-2 expire June 2.

PROCESSED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES—Blue stamps H-2 through Z-2 and A-1 through C-1 good for 10 points each. Blue stamps H-2 through M-2 expire June 2.

GASOLINE—A-15 coupons, good for 4 gallons each, are valid until June 21.

FUEL OIL—Period 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 coupons, good for 10 gallons per unit, are usable throughout the country for the rest of the heating season.

SHOES—Airplane stamps Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Book 3 continue valid indefinitely.

### Student Recital

Miss Ella F. Harllee will present a group of her students in a speech recital at the Washington Arts Club on Friday evening, at 8:15.

Here's a SENSIBLE way to relieve MONTHLY FEMALE PAIN

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is famous not only to relieve periodic pain but also accompanying nervous, tired, highstrung feelings—when due to functional monthly disturbances. Taken regularly—it helps build up resistance against such symptoms. Pinkham's Compound helps nature! Follow label directions. Try it!

Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

No Dyed Look with this Sensationally New SHAMPOO-TINT Without Extra Rinse

This remarkable discovery, TINTZ Color Shampoo Cake, washes out dirt; loosens dandruff, etc., as it safely gives hair a real smooth, colorful tint that fairly glows with life and lustre. Don't put up with dull, faded, off color hair a minute longer. Each shampoo with TINTZ leaves your hair more colorful, lovelier, softer and easier to manage. No dyed look. Won't hurt permanents. 2 million already sold. Get this richer lathering, quicker rinsing shampoo that gives fresh glowing color to your hair. In seven lovely shades: Black, Dark, Medium or Light Brown, Auburn, Henna, or Blonde. Only 60c including tax, at most drug or toiletries counters.

MORE FLAVOR...AROMA...COLOR IN THE CUP!

TETLEY TEA

ESTEEMED SINCE 1837

Advertisement Advertisement

Something you may forget when buying dresses

(Will bulges and edge-lines show when "those days of the month" arrive?)

PERISH the thought that "those days of the month" should ever cross your mind when you're selecting a smoothly fitted dress! True, you may hesitate to wear such a costume and risk its slim lines over the external pad with belt. Then why don't you adopt Tampax? Millions of other women now wear this form of monthly sanitary protection without *any* outside bulk at all.

Tampax is made of pure surgical cotton compressed in applicators and perfected by a doctor for this special monthly use by women. You wear Tampax *internally*—and you're *free* from such hampering contraptions as pins, belts and external pads . . . Then, too, there is no chafing—and odor cannot form. Tampax is easy to change and dispose of—and so compact that it is very convenient to carry.

Why don't you make your discovery of Tampax this month? Buy it now and have it ready when you need it. Tampax comes in *three absorbencies* (Regular, Super, Junior) to suit both early and waning days. A whole month's supply will go into your purse. Economy box contains 4 months' supply (average). Tampax Incorporated, Palmer, Mass.

## *Mrs. Truman Guest of Newswomen*

*By Marie McNair*

First engagement on Mrs. Truman's social calendar since she became First Lady a month ago and since the mourning period for President Roosevelt ended Monday, was a luncheon date with the American Newspaper Women's Club of which she is an honorary member.

Miss Mary Truman, the President's sister, a visitor from her home in Grandview, Mo., shared honors with Mrs. Truman and a special guest was Miss Retha Odum, Mrs. Truman's secretary.

**Mrs. Truman received a key to the clubhouse from Miss Alice Eversman, president of the club, which the President's wife graciously accepted, but without the formality of even a brief speech.**

Active club members and associate club members all turned out for the fete, gave the guest of honor a round of applause as she entered, smartly dressed in navy blue with a froth of white at the neckline, and wearing a small round blue hat draped with veiling on her well coiffed head. A white orchid, crimson tipped, was pinned to her shoulder as she arrived by the club's president.

**Mrs. Hull Attends**

Mrs. Cordell Hull, wife of the former Secretary of State, long an associate member of the club, was there, and others from that contingent were Mrs. James Forrestal, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, in a black suit and a turban accented with gold, worn far back on her head; Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, in a bright print frock and a black brimmed hat covered with flowers; Mrs. Patrick J. Hurley, wife of the United States Ambassador to China; Mme. Wei, wife of the Chinese Ambassador, and Mrs. Dwight F. Davis whose summertime black and white print frock was topped with two clusters of white roses—one over each ear—which served for a hat.

**Mrs. Claude Swanson, widow of the Secretary of the Navy in the early days of the New Deal, who never misses a club party if she can help it, was greeted by old friends on every side. Also there were Representative Frances Bolton, Mrs. Nellie Taylor Ross, Mrs. Benton McMillen and Mrs. Robert Low Bacon.**

I found myself seated next to Miss Truman, the President's sister. She's a warm, friendly person, not the least bit impressed with her new role as a member of the White House family. "I take everything that as it comes along," she said, and then smiled, and her eyes sparkled through her glasses.

**Will Fly Back Soon**

She told me about her mother, 92 years old, who apparently has much the same disposition; how much she enjoyed her first plane ride when she came from her home in Grandview to be with her son on Mother's Day; and that they expect to fly back in another week or so.

In Grandview Miss Truman is the housekeeper and the daughter says of her mother—"she's the easiest person in the world to take care of."

There's no victory garden at the Truman family home in Missouri because labor is scarce and with such a small family it wouldn't be worth while. The neighbors all have flourishing gardens, though, Miss Truman says, and they're very kind and generous.

A slight cold has kept Miss Truman's activities to a minimum during her visit here, but she's enjoying life at the White House and particularly the gardens just now in all their spring beauty.

## Adrian Recinos To Take Bride, Marjorie Grim

Of particular interest to Washington is the announcement of the engagement of Miss Marjorie Grim, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William B. Grim, Bluffton, Ind., to Adrian Recinos, jr., son of the former Ambassador of Guatemala and Senora de Recinos.

The wedding will take place June 14 in New York.

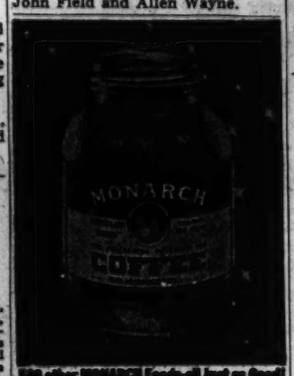
The prospective bride, who attended Frances Shimer Junior College, Mount Carroll, Ill., was graduated from the University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa. She is a member of Pi Beta Phi and Theta Sigma Phi honorary fraternity for women in journalism. She is now with the advertising department of International Business Machines Corp., New York.

Mr. Recinos, a graduate of Harvard University, is a student in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, from which he will graduate in June. He is a member of Phi Chi medical fraternity.

## Roseys Entertain For Cast of Show

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Rosey entertained the cast of "Sing Out, Sweet Land" with a buffet supper at their home Monday night after the show. Their son, Jerry Ross, is a member of the cast.

Among the other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Rosey's daughter, Miss Marsha Rosey, Col. and Mrs. Charles Heidt, Capt. and Mrs. Larry Regan, Miss Evelyn Davis, John Field and Allen Wayne.




SOILAX cleans in record time
Sparkles silver, pans and pots
Chases bathroom dirt and grime
Whisks your woodwork free of spots!
Soilax 25¢
Get SOILAX at Hardware, Paint, Variety and Department Stores
Economics Laboratory, Inc., St. Paul, Minn.

For Fairer Skin
MERCOLIZED WAX CREAM

Yes, Mercolized Wax Cream actually lightens the color of your skin, helps make it clearer and brighter. So if your skin looks dull, darkened, or weathered, prove to yourself what just one jar of Mercolized Wax Cream will do for you. (Even lightens and fades stubborn freckles.) Your skin will feel smoother and firmer, your natural coloring lovelier, more translucent. It helps make and keep your skin lookin as young and lovely as your skin can. Buy a jar today. Mercolized Wax Cream does more for your skin. Use only as directed.

Startle your skin to fresher loveliness with SAXOLITE ASTRINGENT. Temporarily contracts loose surface skin, reduces prominence of premature fine lines and wrinkles.

TEMPTER FOR SPRING APPETITES
Breyers ICE CREAM
Buy 7th War Loan Bonds to Hasten Complete Victory

### Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter

## Calls Apple Pie Glorious Union Of Traditional Fruit and Spices

The apple has been a traditional favorite since the beginning of time. It has figured in American legends all the way from Johnny Appleseed, who traveled over many States planting the seeds, to Henry Ward Beecher, that eminent pastor, who not only paid eloquent tribute to this dessert but gave directions for making it.

The Rev. Beecher's counsel about the right and wrong way to fashion an apple pie might well be heeded. This is what he advocated:

"Nothing is so fatal to the rarer and higher graces of apple pie as inconsiderate, vulgar spicing. It is not meant to be a mere vehicle for the exhibition of these spices in their own natures. It is a glorious unity in which sugar gives up its nature as sugar, and butter ceases to be butter, and each flavorsome spice gladly vanishes from its full nature, that all of them, by a common death, may rise into the new life of an apple pie. Not that apple pie is no longer apple. It, too, is transformed. And the final pie, though born of apple, sugar, butter, nutmeg, cinnamon, lemon, is like none of these, but the compound ideal of them all, refined, purified and, by fire, fixed in a blissful perfection."

A delicious apple pie might serve to divert the family's mind from the absence of other foods. Here is a recipe for making an apple pie.

APPLE PIE

Line a 9-inch pie pan with pie crust. Peel, core and cut into thin slices, 6 medium-sized apples. Combine and sift over the apples ½ to ¾ cup white or brown sugar (only the very best tart apples require the larger amount of sugar), ¾ teaspoon cinnamon, ⅛ teaspoon nutmeg, ¼ teaspoon salt and 1 tablespoon cornstarch. Stir the apples gently until they are well coated. Place them in layers in pie shell. Dot with butter or margarine (about 1½ tablespoons). If the apples lack flavor sprinkle with 1 tablespoon lemon juice. If the apples are very dry add 2 tablespoons water or cream. Cover the pie with a pricked upper crust. Bake the pie in a hot oven, 450 degrees for 10 minutes. Reduce the heat to 350 degrees. Bake the pie until done, from 45 to 60 minutes.

A delectable dish that can be made, if you have a bit of cooked pork, is Southern Pork and Apple Casserole. Eat the sweet flesh of the porker prepared in this way.

SOUTHERN PORK-APPLE CASSEROLE

Line the bottom of a casserole with a layer of thinly sliced apples. Cover with thinly sliced cold cooked pork. Repeat twice more with these pork and apple layers, seasoning each layer lightly with salt and pepper. Pour over all ½ cup left-over gravy or its equivalent of stock. Spread over top mashed sweet potatoes. Dot with butter or margarine and bake in a moderate oven, 350 degrees, for 25 to 30 minutes or until the contents are thoroughly heated and the crust is delicately browned.

Johnny Appleseed himself would have certainly liked a breakfast of apple pancakes and sausages to fortify him for his treks over the country to plant apple seeds.

APPLE PANCAKES

Sift 1 cup flour. Add ½ teaspoon salt and 2 teaspoons granulated sugar and sift together. Add 1½ cups milk to dry ingredients and stir until it makes a smooth paste. Add 4 whole eggs, one at a time and beat briskly. Wash, peel and core three large tart apples. Cut into julienne strips and marinate in ½ cup lemon juice. Fold the apples into the batter and then drop 2 tablespoons of the batter into a buttered frying pan and cook over low heat until brown, then turn and cook on other side. It will require about 5 minutes for each side. Sprinkle with cinnamon and sugar and serve with sausages.

C&B SAUCE

Adds tasty flavor to everyday dishes.

Keep it on the table at home. Ask for it at restaurants.

Made by CROSSE & BLACKWELL
Fine Foods Since 1706

We need all our empty milk bottles badly. Take them back to the store where you buy Chestnut Farms Milk or put them out for our milkman.

CHESTNUT FARMS DAIRY

Another color triumph by Revlon

"DYNAMITE" —the one right red—

in Nail Enamel and Lipstick with Face Powder to harmonize

# Today's Radio Programs

Wednesday — Washington — Eastern War Time

| | WMAL 630 | WRC 980 | WOL 1260 | WINX 1340 | WWDC 1450 | WTOP 1500 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Prelude, 6:05-7, Hittenmark, 7:10-9, William Neal, 7:45, News, 6, 7, 8:30. | Bill Herson, 6-9, News, 6, 7, 7:55 and 8:30, World Roundup, 8, Weather, 6:30. | Sign On and Music, 5:30, News, 5:45, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30, Art Brown, 6:35-9. | News, 6, 7, 7:30, 8, Jerry Strong, 6-9. | News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15, 8:45, Crowley, 6:45, Bob Ellis, 6:05-9. | Corn Squeezing Time, 5:45-6:45, News, 6:45, 7:30, 8, 8:15, Godfrey, 7-8, Mahoney, 7:40. |
| 9 | :00 Breakfast Club<br>:15 " "<br>:30 " "<br>:45 " " | Fun and Folly<br>With Ed East and Polly<br>News; Holly Wright<br>Broadway Melodies | News; Art Brown<br>Brown at the Organ<br>Listen, Ladies!<br>(Eleanor Howard) | News; Music<br>in the Air<br>Alice Lane<br>" " | Capt. Cash Club<br>Today's Prize Show<br>What's New<br>Salute to the Service | News; Godfrey<br>Arthur Godfrey<br>" "<br>Home Service Daily |
| 10 | :00 My True Story<br>:15 " "<br>:30 Don Milton<br>:45 Listening Post | World News<br>Lora Lawton<br>Road of Life<br>Joyce Jordan | News<br>Music for Millions<br>Shady Valley Folks<br>" " | News; Music Hall<br>Music Hall<br>" "<br>" " | Bing Crosby<br>Good Neighbor Time<br>Capt. Cash Club<br>" " | Valiant Lady<br>Light of World<br>Evelyn Winters<br>Bachelor's Children |
| 11 | :00 Breakfast With<br>:15 Tom Breneman<br>:30 Ruth Crane<br>:45 " " | Nation's Rations<br>Finders Keepers<br>Soldier Came Home<br>David Harum | News; Billy Repaid<br>Elsa Maxwell<br>Take It Easy Time<br>What's Your Idea? | News; Symphony<br>Mendelssohn's<br>Piano Concerto No. 1<br>(San Roma) | Blessed Eventer<br>Capt. Cash Open House<br>" " " "<br>" " " " | Amanda<br>Second Husband<br>Bright Horizon<br>Aunt Jenny |
| 12 | :00 News, Evans<br>:15 Little Show<br>:30 Glamour Manor<br>:45 " " | News; Improvisations<br>Look to This Day<br>N.Y. Kiwanis Club<br>" " " | News; Wm. Lang<br>Morton Downey<br>Texas Rangers<br>Love Notes | WINX News<br>Hollywood News<br>Casa Gugat<br>Luncheon Lyrics | Password Please<br>" "<br>News; Polly and Mike<br>Polly and Mike | Kate Smith Speaks<br>Big Sister<br>Helen Trent<br>Our Gal Sunday |
| 1 | :00 Beukhage Talking<br>:15 Music for Millions<br>:30 Music Box<br>:45 (Hittenmark) | Nancy Osgood<br>" "<br>Parents Magazine<br>Morgan Beatty | News, Walter Compton<br>Marshall Adams<br>Russ Hodges<br>John J. Anthony | WINX News<br>Musical Bouquets<br>Navy Band<br>" " | All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman<br>All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman | Life Can Be Beautiful<br>Ma Perkins<br>News; Bernadine Flynn<br>Young Dr. Malone |
| 2 | :00 (Tommy Johnson)<br>:15 " "<br>:30 Show Case<br>:45 Blue Correspondents | Guiding Light<br>Today's Children<br>Woman in White<br>Church Hymns | News; Cedric Foster<br>Top Tunes<br>" "<br>" " ; News | News; Judge Rhythm<br>Judge Rhythm<br>" "<br>" " | All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman<br>All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman | Two on a Clue<br>Rosemary<br>Perry Mason<br>Tena and Tim |
| 3 | :00 Appointment<br>:15 With Life<br>:30 Accent on Music<br>:45 " " | Woman of America<br>Ma Perkins<br>Pepper Young's Family<br>Right to Happiness | Victory MaNnee<br>Memory Lane<br>The Smoothies<br>Easy Listening | WINX News<br>So You Want a Farm<br>T for Two<br>" " | All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman<br>All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman | Time to Remember<br>Janice Grey<br>News; Evans<br>News for Women |
| 4 | :00 "Time" Views News<br>:15 Accent on Music<br>:30 News; Evans<br>:45 Hop Harrigan | Backstage Wife<br>Stella Dallas<br>Lorenzo Jones<br>Young Widow Brown | News; Compton<br>Hawaiian Echoes<br>Song Shop<br>" " | News; Rhythm Range<br>Rhythm Range<br>Jam for Supper<br>" " | All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman<br>All Sports Parade<br>Tony Wakeman | G.E. House Party<br>" "; News<br>Sing Along Club<br>" " |
| 5 | :00 Terry & Pirates<br>:15 Dick Tracy<br>:30 Jack Armstrong<br>:45 Captain Midnight | When a Girl Marries<br>Portia Faces Life<br>Just Plain Bill<br>Front Page Farrell | News; Harmony Hall<br>Small Fry, Art Brown<br>S...perman<br>Tom Mix | News; Music Hall<br>Music Hall<br>" "<br>" " | Band of the Day<br>Sinatra vs. Crosby<br>News; Theater<br>of the Air | Stump Us<br>" "<br>News; City Desk<br>Factfinder |
| 6 | :00 News; Agronsky<br>:15 Jane Clemens<br>:30 Earl Godwin<br>:45 Bits o' Hits | News, Leif Eid<br>Musicade<br>" : Bergman<br>Lowell Thomas | Compton; Music<br>Frank Young, Piano<br>Johnson Family<br>Russ Hodges | WINX News<br>Cleanup Time<br>Music by<br>Guy Lombardo | News; Melody Lane<br>Melody Lane<br>News and Sports<br>Supper Club | Mahoney, Costello<br>Jimmy Carroll Sings<br>"6:30 Show"<br>News; Robert Trout |
| 7 | :00 Headline Edition<br>:15 Raymond Swing<br>:30 Lone Ranger<br>:45 " | Perry Como<br>News of the World<br>Man at a Grand<br>Herson in Person | Fulton Lewis, Jr.<br>Evelyn Bigsby<br>Quiz of Two Cities<br>" " " " | WINX News<br>Close Harmony<br>Charles Pergler<br>Help Wanted | Romantic Rendezvous<br>Roosevelt Hotel Orch.<br>News with Ansted<br>Bible Question Box | Jack Kirkwood<br>Music That Satisfies<br>Ellery Queen<br>" " |
| 8 | :00 Ted Malone<br>:15 Lum 'n' Abner<br>:30 Counterspy<br>:45 " | Mr. and Mrs. North<br>" " " "<br>Gay Mrs. Featherstone<br>(Billie Burke) | Sizing Up the News<br>Treasury Salute<br>Fresh-up Show<br>" | News; Music<br>Book Reviews<br>Town Opera House<br>" " | News<br>1450 Club<br>News; 1450 Club<br>1450 Club | Jack Carson Show<br>" "<br>Dr. Christian<br>Dr. Christian; News |
| 9 | :00 The Road Ahead<br>:15 (Clifton Fadiman)<br>:30 Spotlight Bands<br>:45 (Charlie Barnett) | Time to Smile<br>(Eddie Cantor)<br>Mr. District Attorney<br>" " | News, G. Heatter<br>From San Francisco<br>Brownstone Theater<br>" " | News; Symphony<br>Bach's<br>Double Concerto<br>(Menuhin) | Eaton, 1450 Club<br>1450 Club<br>News; 1450 Club<br>1450 Club | Frank Sinatra<br>" "<br>Which Is Which<br>" " |
| 10 | :00 Niles and Prindle<br>:15 " "<br>:30 Transatlantic Quiz<br>:45 " " | Kay Kyser's Kollege<br>of Musical<br>Knowledge<br>" " | Human Adventure<br>" "<br>World's Most<br>Honored Music | News; Stardust<br>Starlight Quartet<br>Moonlight Cocktail<br>The Drifter | News; 1450 Club<br>1450 Club<br>News; Rhapsody<br>Rhapsody in Rhythm | Great Moments<br>In Music<br>Milton Berle<br>" " |
| 11 | :00 News, Evans<br>:15 Hour of Dreams<br>:30 " "<br>:45 " " | News, Music<br>Richard Harkness<br>Music for Tonight<br>" " | News, Billy Repaid<br>Fulton Lewis, Jr.<br>Army Service Forces<br>" " " | News<br>Musical Roundup<br>Traffic Court<br>" " | News; Hits of Dday<br>News; Hits of Dday<br>Hits of the Day<br>Hits of the Day | News; Daly & Shirar<br>Arch McDonald's<br>Moondial<br>Featu...Sstory |

**BOYS!** *Inquire about the good Post delivery routes now open. Phone NAtional 4200, Extension 236.*

TERRY

I DO DECLARE, MR. JINGO, I'M RIGHT FLATTERED TO HAVE TH' SKIPPER HIMSELF COME TO CALL...
JOHNNY JINGO'S WATCH!... OTHERS FEED IN MAIN CABIN! JOHNNY JINGO MAKE SMALL INSPECTION, MISS KANE!
GREAT DAY IN THE MORNIN', MR. JINGO, HI SHEE WAS TELLIN' ME HOW YOU JIST TWIST THAT JAP BLACK MARKET AROUND TILL IT'S BLUE...I'LL BET HI SHEE WISHES SHE HAD MET YOU FIRST...
FIRST ?
MERCY, YES...WE WERE LAUGHIN' AT HOW YOU THOUGHT SHE WAS IN LOVE WITH TERRY LEE! DON'T GUESS SHE THE DIMSONDEST TRICKS?
TRICKS ?
WHY, I TICKERT SHE FINALLY TOLD YOU... I RECKON SHE DIDN'T WANT TO HURT YOUR FEELINGS... YOU BEING A RIGHT SMART SAILOR YOURSELF!... HER YOUNG ADMIRAL IN THE CHINESE NAVY MIGHT BE STIFFY ABOUT IT IF HE KNEW YOU HAD COURTED HER!

DONALD DUCK

MARY WORTH

I'LL RETURN THESE FOR SIGNATURES AT ONCE, MR. BRAND!
THANK YOU, MISS LAYNE!
BRR! CLOSE THE DOOR, MRS. WORTH! METHINKS AN ICY WIND BLOWS THROUGH THIS OFFICE!
LYRIC ISN'T WEARING HER DIAMOND TODAY, MR. MARKS!...TOO BAD!
TOO BAD? IT'S TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE!--IF MATT HAS GOT OUT OF THAT LITTLE LADY'S COILS! HE PROBABLY REALIZES NOW HOW LUCKY HE IS!
R. BRAND

MICKEY FINN

SAY--SHE'S A HONEY!
YOU SAID IT! THE COMMITTEE SURE KNEW WHAT THEY WERE DOIN' WHEN THEY PICKED HER TO LEAD THE GRAND MARCH!
I'D LIKE TO KNOW WHAT THEY WERE DOIN' WHEN THEY PICKED FINN TO LEAD IT WITH HER!
I HOPE UNCLE PHIL DOESN'T SEE US, SERGEANT--HE'D PROBABLY RESENT OUR COMING!
HE'S ALREADY SEEN US, MICKEY!--AND YOU'RE RIGHT--HE'S NOT PLEASED!
EXCUSE ME FOR JUST A MOMENT!

MYRTLE

I'M A JILTED WOMAN! SAMPSON BUSTED OUR ENGAGEMENT!
NOW YOU STOP WORRYING ABOUT SAMPSON AND GO GET YOURSELF A NICE BIG ICE CREAM CONE!
GO GET A NICE BIG ICE CREAM CONE AND DON'T WORRY ANY MORE ABOUT MYRTLE!
GEE WHITH, MYRTLE! WE SHOULD HAVE BUSTED OUR ENGAGEMENT LONG AGO!

DIXIE DUGAN

JUD! GEE, I'M GLAD TO SEE YOU--HOW'VE YOU BEEN?
FINE
BEAUTY PARLOR
HOW'S JIM?
?? HE--HE'S FINE, I GUESS--BUT TELL ME--
NICE TO HAVE SEEN YOU
BOY! YOU'RE REALLY OFF DIXIE--AREN'T YOU?
FOR GOOD! NOW LET'S TALK ABOUT THE DIALOGUE IN THE THIRD ACT--

DON WINSLOW

WERE THERE MANY CASUALTIES?
UNFORTUNATELY, YES...FOUR DEAD AND SCORES INJURED!
I COULD KICK MYSELF FOR BEING A SAP...THIS WOULD NEVER HAVE HAPPENED IF I USED MY HEAD!
HOW ABOUT THE FIRE--IS IT UNDER CONTROL?
YES!
BIFF, SHOOT THE WORKS...BUT EMPHASIZE THAT WINSLOW FOR THE FIRST TIME IN HIS CAREER FACES A STONE WALL!
WILL I! AND HOW!

CHIEF WAHOO and STEVE ROPER

THIS IS SPLENDID, MRS. ROYAL!--THE SUNKEN LIVING-ROOM MAKES A PERFECT THEATER!
PLEASE HURRY, MR. E--THE GUESTS ARE GROWING IMPATIENT!
WHERE CAN MRS. MACBETH BE ALL THIS TIME?
MY ASSISTANTS WILL CARRY IN MY EQUIPMENT THROUGH YOUR FRENCH DOORS. SO THE KIDDIES WILL NOT SEE!
MAP OF STAGE SETTING
SLIDING CURTAINS
FRENCH DOORS
CHAIRS FOR AUDIENCE
Dining Room
Living Room
SCREEN
HALL
SWORD CABINET
PRIVATE STAIRWAY TO PENNY'S ROOM
FINE! WE'LL USE THE HALL AS OUR STAGE ENTRANCE--BEHIND THIS SCREEN!

WINNIE WINKLE

SAY, COME TO THINK OF IT, DAN HASN'T SHOWN UP TODAY!!
YOU MISS GOOD OL' DAN WHEN HE AIN'T HERE! IS THAT WHY YOU ASK FOR HIM?
I JUST HAPPENED TO MISS HIM... THAT'S ALL!!
WELL, HE WON'T BE HERE--HE HAS ORDERS TO ASSIST IN TH' 7th WAR LOAN DRIVE!
OH, THAT'S FINE! FINE!!
H'M! DOES SHE MEAN IT'S FINE THAT DAN'S WORKIN' IN TH' BOND DRIVE...
...OR IT'S FINE THAT HE WON'T BE HERE?

KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

Y!! LOOK BACK, MUSKETEER! IT'S KING OR--OR HIS GHOST!
SPUR UP! YON RIDER IS NO GHOST! SOMEHOW KING ESCAPED OUR RAVINE TRAP!
THEY SEE US, ROGUE! THE RACE IS ON!
HOW'RE WE GONNA PULL A HOLD-UP WITH THAT GUY HOT ON OUR TRAIL?
AH, HA! BUT WE WILL SHAKE HIM OFF...THE MUSKETEER HAS MANY TRICKS!

CRANBERRY BOGGS

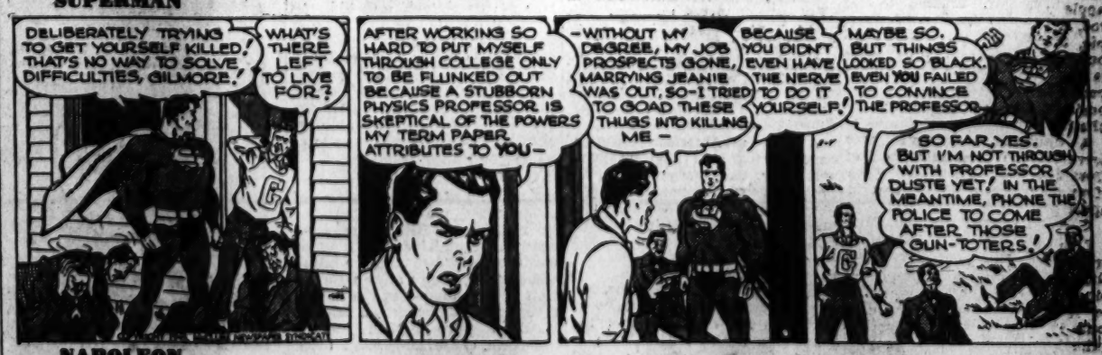
THIS DIAMOND--(SHUDDER)--WOULD MAKE ME A MILLIONAIRE TWICE OVER IF I SELL IT, BUT MY CONSCIENCE FORBIDS IT! OOH DEAR ME!!
THREE PEOPLE HAVE PURCHASED IT--IN TURN, ALL HAVE DIED...EACH ONE IN A MORE (6432)- HORRIBLE MANNER--24 HOURS AFTER POSSESSION!
I SHALL DISPOSE OF THIS DEATH DIAMOND FOREVER--YES- I WILL CAST IT INTO THE SEA! I MUST HURRY--I'LL DRIVE DOWN THE BACK ROADS. IT'S A SHORT CUT AND THERE IS VERY LITTLE TIME LEFT FOR ME!
MEANWHILE
JIST WAIT TILL I SHOW YA TH' PURTY BACK ROADS EMILY---GORSH, IT'S LIKE A NEW HAPPY ADVEN-CHURE EACH TIME I SEE THEM!
BOOO
JIM DEAN

JOE PALOOKA

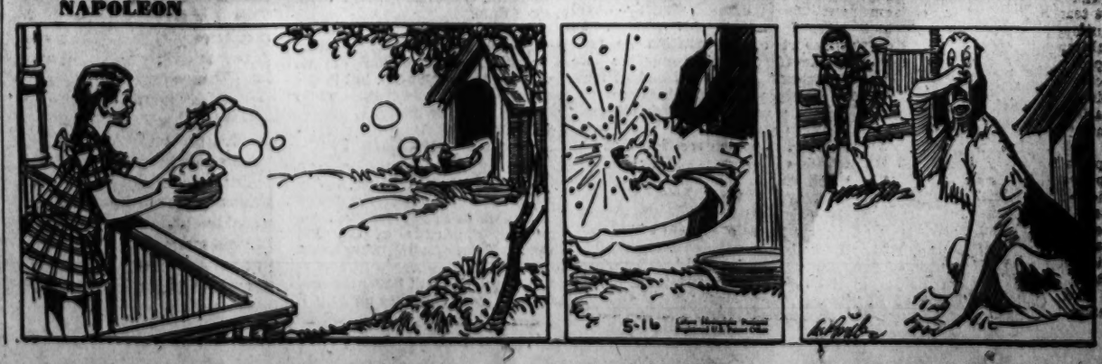
DOSE ARE MINE RUBBER DREES. I DRY TO KEEP DEM TILL DIS VAR ISS OFFER AN' DOSE TERRIPLE CHAPANESE ISS DESDROYED.
YOU MUST HAVE A BIG SUPPLY OF RUBBER IN YOUR WAREHOUSES BY THIS TIME, EH?
UH-DE CROP VAS ALL DESDROYED OND DE DREES YUST ARE COMINK BACK--YA. A DISEASE DE DREES GOT OND I COULD NOT GED DREE MEDITZEN. I CURED DEM MINESELF.
HM-HM.
SAY, MR. DROOTEN, WHERE'S MELADY, TH' GOIL WHICH CAME WITH US?
SHE ISS VORKING FOR MINE VIFE. VE CAN'T HAFF HER AS GUEST. SHE ISS NATIVE, ID VOULD NOD BE RIGHD. YOU UNTERSDANDT, OF COURSE.

THE SEA HOUND

SUPERMAN


DELIBERATELY TRYING TO GET YOURSELF KILLED! THAT'S NO WAY TO SOLVE DIFFICULTIES, GILMORE.
WHAT'S THERE LEFT TO LIVE FOR?
AFTER WORKING SO HARD TO PUT MYSELF THROUGH COLLEGE ONLY TO BE FLUNKED OUT BECAUSE A STUBBORN PHYSICS PROFESSOR IS SKEPTICAL OF THE POWERS MY TERM PAPER ATTRIBUTES TO YOU--
--WITHOUT MY DEGREE, MY JOB PROSPECTS GONE, MARRYING JEANIE WAS OUT, SO--I TRIED TO GOAD THESE THUGS INTO KILLING ME--
BECAUSE YOU DIDN'T EVEN HAVE THE NERVE TO DO IT YOURSELF!
MAYBE SO, BUT THINGS LOOKED SO BLACK, EVEN YOU FAILED TO CONVINCE THE PROFESSOR.
SO FAR, YES. BUT I'M NOT THROUGH WITH PROFESSOR DUSTE YET! IN THE MEANTIME, PHONE THE POLICE TO COME AFTER THOSE GUN-TOTERS!

NAPOLEON



# Army Jumped 'Last Gun' On Pacific Needs

The tremendous job of salvaging, packing and shipping millions of tons of equipment from Europe to the Pacific is well under way, the War Department announced yesterday.

Without waiting for the complete collapse of Germany, the Army disclosed, it prepared the way for the world's biggest moving day by:

1. Training men and officers from ordnance depots and field units in their new job of packing "months before VE-Day."

2. Starting the repacking as soon as slackening battle demands indicated definite surpluses of certain supplies and spare parts.

**Moved Into High Speed**

On VE-Day, the jrogram moved into high speed, with veteran service troops knocking down, repairing and crating the material they had been uncrating for two or three years.

Seventy per cent of the Army's equipment in Europe can be reconditioned for the Pacific, with the remainder either diverted to the Army of Occupation or not worth salvage due to battle wear or normal attrition.

"Ordnance units will continue to be busy for months to come as they ever were at the height of the campaigns in France and Germany," according to Maj. Jerry M. Miller, chief ordinance packing officer.

**Some Problems Listed**

The War Department listed these as some of the problems:

Extreme heat and humidity up to 98 per cent in Pacific areas, torrential rains followed by dry, hot weather rot most packing materials and much equipment, causing exposed surfaces to rust quickly.

Twelve different kinds of rust-preventative lubricants, 26 kinds of wrapping paper, 15 kinds of cardboard are required.

Because there are few good railroads or highways in most Pacific areas, native bearers will have to do much of the inland transportation. For this reason packages must be waterproof, atmosphere-proof and light as possible.

**Time-consuming Task**

In France and Germany, preparation is detailed, and time-consuming. Approximately 40 man-hours are required to process a 2½-ton truck for shipment, and 150 for a 155-mm. howitzer. The ordinary rifle—and there are hundreds of thousands to go—must first be tested for combat serviceability, reconditioned and overhauled, cleaned and treated with rust preventive. Then it is wrapped in a special greaseproof paper, dipped in wax and packed in a wooden crate lined with corrugated paper. Insertion of a dehydrating compound is the last step.

## TRUMAN

From Page 1

vidonal French government.

The whole problem of peace would be expected to come up at such a meeting—territorial disputes of which there are more than 30 already, the Polish government reorganization, treatment of war criminals and reparations.

As for reparations, Mr. Truman issued a special statement reiterating his position against German or Japanese rearmament.

"Absolute insurance against German or Japanese rearmament—ever again——comes first with us," he declared.

The President said he concurred in the general view of our own objectives as shared by Ambassador Edwin W. Pauley, American member of the Reparations Commission, and Dr. Isador Lubin, his associate, that the terms of peace with the Nazis and Japs will not be soft.

**Holds Reparations Difficult**

"A fair and workable settlement of reparations poses some of the most difficult problems of the entire postwar adjustment," said Mr. Truman. "These questions are closely related to the task of insuring a lasting peace. For that reason the right answers will be vital to the security of America and the world."

The President also declared he believed our allies are of one mind with us" on the point of absolute insurance against German and Japanese rearmament, "and that with such a basic agreement, the way will be clear for a just and equitable schedule of German reparation—reparations 'in kind' which will provide the maximum of rehabilitation and restoration of overrun territory."

Twenty-one "eminently qualified" American experts were appointed by Mr. Truman to aid Pauley and Dr. Lubin with their work on the commission, which will meet in Moscow to levy a war damage bill on Germany.

**Advisers Named**

Among the top experts is Dr. Robert Gordon Sproul, president of the University of California, who will advise on "human aspects of reparations."

Other advisers and the fields in which they will specialize are:

Jubal R. Parten of Houston, Tex., industry; Dr. Luther H. Gulick of New York, political science and public administration; Ernst Mahler of Neenah, Wis., plant and equipment appraisal; J. Howard Marshall of Ashland, Ky., counsel; Richard B. Scandrett, jr., of New York, international law; George Johnson of Wisconsin, machine tools and metals, and Lawrence Richardson of Boston, rolling stock.

Four others are State Department officials—George Luthringer, of the financial section Abraham Berglson, German economy and industry; Seymour Rubin, legal phases of reparations, and Moses Abramovitz, German industry. Josiah Dubois of the Treasury Department will advise on German investments abroad.

Others on the advisory staff include Col. E. E. Fogelson, Dallas, Tex.; Capt. N. L. McLauren of San Francisco; Capt. John Faigle of Oakland, Calif.; S. Trone of New York City; Maj. G. S. Carter of Santa Fe, N. Mex.; J. Berger of Arlington, Va., and Thomas W. Wilson, jr., Richard Durham of New York, will head the American mission's secretariat.

**Against Johnson Act**

As for the American policy of handling the Nazi high command and other Axis war criminals, the President said that rested with Associate Justice Robert Jackson of the Supreme Court whom he recently appointed as chief counsel of a proposed international tribunal to prosecute them.

Replying to other questions, Mr. Truman put himself squarely on record as favoring repeal of the Johnson act which bars loans to nations in default of their World War I debts to this country. In support of his position he read a brief excerpt from the late President Roosevelt's budget message of January which said:

"At present our foreign investment programs are impeded by legislation which restricts loans to those countries which are in default on loans arising out of the first World War. Foth both the international bank and the export-import bank to operate effectively, as well as to achieve adequate flow of private investment, it is essential that these restrictions be removed."

## *Her Kisses Remembered*

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

MRS. CLARA M. CARCY of suburban Highland Park, Chicago, working in the kitchen of the cafe where she is employed, who was left $500 in the will of a bachelor, Arthur J. Machek of Milwaukee, Wis. The will directed that the money be paid to Mrs. Carcy "with whom, together, I kept company when we were 21 years old, in 1899, and who gave me the only kisses I ever got."

# Half U-Boats Caught at Sea Have Given Up

By George Connery

Well over half the 50 or 60 German submarines on the prowl in the Atlantic on VE-Day have paraded into Allied custody and the others had better get in line in a hurry, a Navy spokesman said yesterday.

While not anticipating trouble from the 10 to 20 still unreported, the Navy isn't inclined to wait long for recalcitrants. A deadline is expected to be set, with all U-boats continuing to hide out being hunted down as pirates.

The latest three gave up to U. S. Navy units at a rendezvous point off Portsmouth, N. H., yesterday. They were identified as the U-805, U-1228 and U-873. They will be taken to Portsmouth Navy Yard.

**Packs Had Dwindled**

The half hundred U-boats operating in the Atlantic on the last day of war contrasts with an estimated 150 or 160 attacking British and American shipping at the peak of the submarine war in the spring of 1943. At that time Germany's raiders totaled 500 or 600, with a fourth to a third constantly at sea.

American and Canadian warships are doing "normal patroling" of their assigned waters west of a north-south line through the Azores, waiting for the U-boats to follow out instructions received from the high command in Germany.

The subs are being ordered over the Flensburg radio to surface, fly a black flag (easier to spot at sea than white) make radio contact with the closest Allied vessels and give their own positions, then stand by for instructions.

**German Cooperation Useful**

Naval officers are hopeful the direct Flensburg contact with German officers will be continued. While this exists they feel there is less danger of misunderstandings than if surrender instructions came fro mthe Allied side.

In cases where the subs are close to Allied ports, they are permitted to proceed slowly on the surface, under the black flag, and wait for orders well outside the harbors.

## Mrs. Martin Heads Blue Ridge Council

Fredericksburg, Va., May 15 (Spl.).—Mrs. T. R. Martin of Culpeper was elected chairman of the Blue Ridge Camp and Hospital Council of the American Red Cross.

Other officers of the organization which embraces all northern Virginia east of the Blue Ridge Mountains are Mrs. Eliza Johnson of Fredericksburg, vice chairman; the Rev. Mr. Faulkner of Manassas, treasurer; Foster P. Mitchell, Red Cross field director at A. P. Hill, secretary.

# Quisling Doing Dirty Work In Jail Now

Oslo, Norway, May 15 (U.P.).—The two men who ruled over Norway during its five years of serfdom—the original Quisling and his Nazi overseer, Josef Terboven—were held in common degradation today, the one still alive but almost certainly doomed, and the other in death.

Vidkun Quisling, partially insane from the quantities of liquor he drank to calm fears for his life, is now cleaning the toilets and emptying the slops in Oslo's biggest prison, where he is awaiting judgment for high treason.

Terboven, German commissioner for Norway, blasted himself to death with dynamite and the Germans themselves hid his mangled remains under the latrines of their barracks. Norwegian patriots discovered the body and took it to the Oslo Pathological Institute, where it was identified by old arm fractures suffered by Terboven in a plane crash years ago.

**Quisling Carefully Guarded**

Quisling's prison assignment was disclosed by one of the six men who has seen the deposed puppet premier since he surrendered six days ago.

Two guards with tommyguns watch his every movement. His case is treated with the utmost secrecy here because many of his estimated 40,000 followers are still at large. Norwegians never mention his name, but their intense hatred of Quisling and the 12 cabinet members locked up with him in Moellergarten prison is common knowledge.

More than 1600 Quislings have been arrested here since the liberation, filling the 400 cells of the big limestone prison to overflowing.

A last-minute postponement intervened in Quisling's scheduled preliminary hearing Monday but he reportedly will receive it within the next two weeks, after that facing trial by a high court as a traitor.

**Drank for Hours**

Despondent because of his unpopularity, Quisling sat in his huge stone villa on Vygdo Peninsula west of Oslo and drank for hours on end from the stocks of his huge wine cellar, reliable underground informants said.

There he lived with his Russian wife, Maria, who has not been arrested.

She had among her effects 69,000 Norwegian kroner ($31,050) in cash, a bankbook showing assets of the same amount, 550 British pounds, $1600 in American money, bonds amounting to thousands of dollars and three trunks crammed with an estimated 175,000 kroner ($68,750) worth of looted silver.

Terboven blew himself up with 60 pounds of dynamite at Haugun, 10 miles west of Oslo and former home of Crown Prince Olav.

It was learned that Wilhelm Riedless, police general under Terboven, killed himself with a pistol shot through the head just before his superior lighted the fuse.

## CHURCHILL

From Page 1

there has been no indication that he escaped from the city. Captured Nazi leaders have expressed the unanimous opinion that Hitler is dead.

**Flareups Over De Valera**

Declaring that Europe was in a state of "frightful confusion at the moment," Churchill said the question of repatriation of refugees who fled to Britain during the war still was up in the air. He agreed that it would be cruel to compel Jewish refugees who had been persecuted by the Nazis to return to "the scene of these crimes."

A new flareup developed in the always touchy subject of British-Irish relations when it was suggested that the government move for arrest of members of the German legation staff in Dublin with a view to trying them as war criminals.

There were shouts of "where is Lord Haw Haw?" and "is Mr. De Valera harboring Herr Hitler?"

Paul Emrys-Evans, Undersecretary for Dominions, said that the "general question of the position of German missions in neutral countries is under consideration," but added that the British government so far had "no evidence of complicity in war crimes, either in the German legation in Dublin or elsewhere in Eire."

**Roused by Dublin Incident**

Members protested against Premier De Valera's expression of condolence to the German minister in Dublin on Hitler's reported death and complained that the Eire government had sent only a minor official to apologize after a Dublin mob broke windows in the British government office there on VE-Day. Windows were broken in the American consulate-general office at the time.

De Valera so far had remained silent on the dispute touched off by Churchill's denunciation of his wartime regime Sunday, but it was announced he would make a radio address tomorrow night.

## *King Practiced Shooting During Invasion Threat*

**London, May 15 (AP).—Prime Minister Churchill disclosed in Commons today that early in the war, when the Germans stood across the Channel, King George VI practiced daily in the Buckingham Palace gardens with a rifle and a tommy gun. He said he believed the King would have been on the firing line if the fighting had reached London.**

## Pastor Accepts Call

Shepherdstown, W. Va., May 15. The Rev. Dr. John C. Siler, pastor of the Tinkling Spring Presbyterian Church at Fisherville, Va., has accepted the calls of the Elk Branch, Kearneysville, Shepherdstown and Zion churches in Jefferson County, and will begin the pastorate of these churches on July 1.

NEW BURMA BRIDGE—Part of British 14th Army crosses Irrawaddy river near Mandalay on a bridge replacing the one (background) knocked out during the 1942 retreat.

# Gen. Motors, Ford Plan New Light Models

By David J. Wilkie

Detroit, May 15 (AP).—General Motors Corp. plans to produce a lighter weight and more economical automobile in the postwar period.

This was disclosed today by C. E. Wilson, General Motors president, who said that the car would be manufactured by the Chevrolet division and distributed through Chevrolet dealers.

Details of the new vehicle were not disclosed.

A statement from General Motors offices here said that because of the necessity of putting war production first, the contemplated new car still was in the idea stage. Therefore, the statement went on, it cannot be placed in production until a considerable period of time after the close of the war with Japan.

The disclosure from General Motors pointed up the likelihood of a keen competitive battle between Chevrolet and Ford in the lower price car field. The Ford Motor Co. already has announced its plans for a new lighter and more economical vehicle to be priced at about 20 per cent below the standard Ford car.

It was emphasized that the retail price would be below the postwar cost of the standard Ford, yet to be determined but not below the pre-war price.

In 1941, last full year of production before car output ceased, Chevrolet delivered more than 1,300,000 cars and trucks to its dealers; in the decade preceding the war its production totaled close to 10 million units. This made Chevrolet the leading producer and distributor of passenger automobiles during 10 of the 11 years immediately preceding the war.

Ford produced 1,027,292 Ford and Mercury models in 1941. Ford already has designed the new lighter vehicle, but has emphasized it is not intended to replace any of the models produced before the war.

## Md. Reserve Militia Gets Discharge

Annapolis, Md., May 14 (AP).—Governor O'Conor has issued an order for honorable discharge of Maryland Minute Men now on the reserve list because the end of the European war has ended need for their services.

"Happily," the Governor said, "the State has been freed from any disturbances necessitating the use of reserve militia."

He said "the willingness and readiness" of Minute Men to serve "merits the highest appreciation" of all the people.

## IKE

From Page 1

of people in the street waiting to see him.

"Good old Ike," the spectators shouted. "Fine work." "Good show."

"We gave the Hun hell, didn't we, General," yelled one American soldier.

From the theater the general's party of 10 went to Ciro for dinner and dancing. There, too, the entrance was the signal for cheers.

The general's first dance was with his personal secretary, Lieut. Kay Summersby, who wore her Wac uniform.

No one would say how long Eisenhower planned to stay in London—which he left nearly a year ago to follow his armies advancing into Germany.

It might be coincidental that Field Marshal Montgomery also is in town—avowedly for "a rest"—placing three of the top Allied military leaders in London simultaneously.

Eisenhower sat smiling, talking and nodding his head to well-wishers from a big table against the wall at Ciro's. Others at the table in addition to Bradley, his son and his secretary were Group Captain Sir Louis Greig, staff officer to Air Secretary Sinclair, and Lady Greig; Col. Games Gault, Eisenhower's British military assistant, and Mrs. Gault.

# Malaria Fails To Show Gain As Anticipated

Baltimore, May 15 (AP).—The anticipated increase in malaria due to the return of troops from war areas has not materialized, Dr. C. H. Halliday, chief of the Maryland Bureau of Communicable Diseases, reported today.

Declaring that there has been a general decrease in communicable diseases throughout the State in the last year, Dr. Halliday said that for the year 1944, 21 cases of malaria were reported from Army and Navy reservations in Maryland, 18 of which contracted the infection outside of the United States.

He added that the other three cases were reported from men who returned to Maryland after contracting the disease in other States.

The director disclosed that there was a total of 20,953 cases of communicable diseases reported in Maryland last year, a decrease of 4478 from the number in 1943.

Scarlet fever cases showed a slight increase during last year, he continued, although most of the cases were mild and the disease was prevalent throughout the country. Increases were also shown in incidence of measles and typhoid fever.

Dr. Halliday said there was a decrease in diphtheria, meningitis, tuberculosis, syphilis and gonorrhea.

He reported 63 cases of Rocky Mountain spotted fever in the counties, an increase of six over 1943. Rocky Mountain spotted fever vaccine furnished by the National Public Health Service was used extensively, he added, and only 15 deaths occurred from the disease in the counties.

Advertisement

**Gas on Stomach**

Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back

When excess stomach acid causes painful, suffocating gas, sour stomach and heartburn, doctors usually prescribe the fastest-acting medicines known for symptomatic relief—medicines like those in Bell-ans Tablets. No laxatives. Bell-ans brings comfort in a jiffy or double your money back on return of bottle to us. 25c at all druggists.

# Goebbels Found Lying Near 'Mike' in Death, Reds Reveal

Moscow, May 15 (U.P.).—Paul Joseph Goebbels died as he had lived, screaming threats and imprecations over the Berlin radio before he committed suicide with his family in his underground broadcasting station, Berlin dispatches said today.

The bodies of Goebbels, his wife and children were found sprawled grotesquely around the German propaganda chief's microphone and later identified virtually beyond doubt, these advices said.

Both Goebbels and Reichsmarshal Wilhelm Goering lived in veritable fortresses 60 feet underground, with walls built of reinforced concrete and armor plate and rooms luxuriously appointed. While Berliners in the neighborhood sewers or in hovels above ground had barely enough to subsist on, the Nazi chieftains lived like lords of the underworld.

**Labyrinth Uncovered**

The correspondent of the army publication Red Star reported that the Russians had now cleared a vast underground labyrinth in Berlin containing factories, arsenals and offices, all linked by electric railroad.

The homes of the German war lords, built many years before the war, were redoubts along this underground city, sunk beyond the reach of the heaviest bomb or shell.

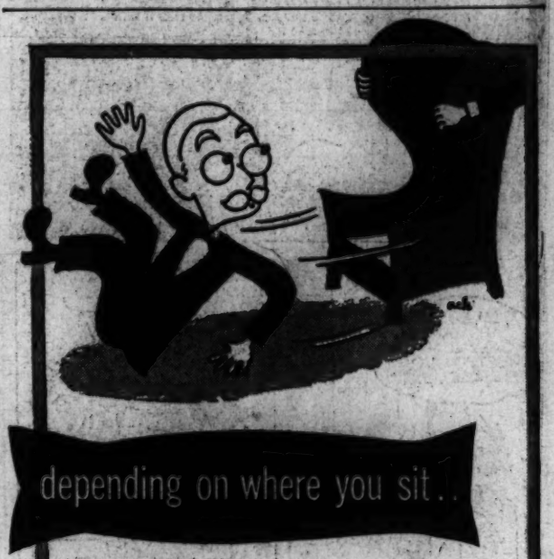
The entrances to subterranean Berlin might be in the form of innocent-appearing sewer covers, or trapdoors inside inconspicuous houses. At house No. 63, Charlottenstrasse, a Soviet correspondent rummaging through the debris found a narrow passageway under the ruins which led into an enormous underground structure with massive doors and all-electric appointments.

**Fruits of Nazism**

Here were found the entire family of an unidentified but obviously highly placed Nazi official who had poisoned his wife and children, then hanged himself after leaving a note saying "This is what national-socialism caused."

Another miniature city lies under the ruins of the main Gestapo building, a Russian correspondent wrote, and here were found more munitions factories, residential quarters and huge depots of shells, bombs of all types and ammunition for pistols and tommy-guns. The miniature electric railroad connecting the arsenals was intact. Conveyor belts carried bullets and shells to heavy gun emplacements near the surface.

Many secret premises remain undiscovered and it is possible that Adolf Hitler's body may be lying in one of these.


depending on where you sit..
It's funny... Darrell Huff probes the anatomy of the Practical Joke with a collection of yarns... in an article Americans Have More Fun
Esquire 50c at your newsstand
© ESQUIRE, INC.

Busy people naturally make a beeline for The COMMODORE

They find they get more done —*in less time*—thanks to The COMMODORE'S convenient central location, just a few steps from all Manhattan's business, shopping and entertainment districts. That means more time to relax—to enjoy the unequalled facilities of this most hospitable hotel.

It's wise to make reservations well in advance, and to plan a definite length to your visit. Please check out early on departure day, and cancel accommodations promptly if plans change.

2000 large, comfortable, sunlit rooms, each with private bath.

Four famous restaurants

THE COMMODORE

"New York's Best Located Hotel"
MARTIN SWEENY, President

Connected with the B. & O. 42nd St. Terminal by Underground Passage.

RIGHT AT GRAND CENTRAL AND AIRLINES TERMINAL

keeping company

Esquire and Sinclair Lewis... a famous author turns book critic... selects each month a few of the new for close attention... in June he says: Gentlemen, This is Revolution... Good old Sinclair... the readin' writer...

© ESQUIRE, INC.

From The Ground UP MADE DOWN ON THE FARM

THE LABEL TELLS THE STORY

"Personally made and naturally aged on my farm in the Blue Grass Hills of Fairfax County, Virginia."
A. Smith Bowman

Virginia Gentleman 4 yrs. old 90 Proof
★
Fairfax County Bonded 100 Proof

VIRGINIA GENTLEMAN
STRAIGHT BOURBON WHISKEY
Fairfax County
BONDED BOURBON WHISKEY

Distilled And Bottled by
A. SMITH BOWMAN DISTILLERY
Sunset Hills Farm, Fairfax County, Va.

The Only Personally Owned And Operated Distillery In America!